

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(34.8565, -4.6015,  
4.7525)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(34.8565, -4.6015, 4.7525)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(34.7256, -4.4000,  
4.4219)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	5E635B
RGB	94, 99, 91
RGB Percent	37%, 39%, 36%
CMY	0.6314, 0.6118, 0.6431
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.08, 0.61
HSL	98°, 4%, 37%
HSV	98°, 8%, 39%
XYZ	10.9662, 12.0587, 11.6471
YIQ	96.5930, -0.4120, -3.5480

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

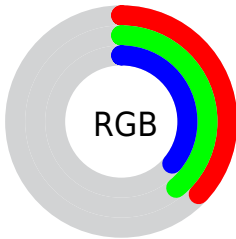
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	91, 99, 96
Decimal	6185819
CIELab	41.31, -3.61, 3.87
CIElCh	41, 5.293, 133.018
Yxy	12.0592, 0.3163, 0.3478
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284375899 (0xFF5E635B)
YUV	96.5930, -2.7573, -2.2741
Hunter-Lab	34.7256, -4.4000, 4.4219

# Details

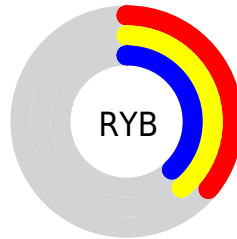
The HunterLab color  $[34.7256, -4.4000, 4.4219]$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $666666$ . A complement of this color would be  $[32.9698, 0.8692, -0.8980]$ , and the grayscale version is  $[34.4330, -1.8373, 1.8708]$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $[54.4657, -6.1211, 6.0230]$ , and  $[18.3413, -3.2350, 3.2199]$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $[34.0372, -7.3437, 7.2505]$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $[35.4710, -1.2709, 1.2979]$ .

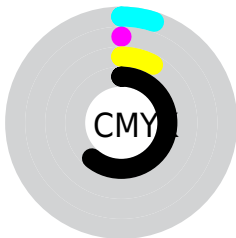
# Distribution



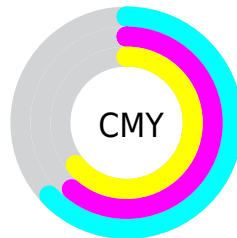
- Red (37%)
- Green (39%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (61%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (64%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 34.7256, -4.4000, 4.4219 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 34.7256, -4.4000, 4.4219 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 34.7256, -4.4000,  
4.4219

■ 34.7256, -4.4000,  
4.4219

143.1072,  
-11.7622, 11.9486

■ 26.0461, -3.6972,  
3.6992

■ 54.4085, -5.8744,  
5.9329

■ 18.2411, -3.0124,  
2.9929

■ 65.2994, -6.6461,  
6.7226

■ 11.4234, -2.3395,  
2.2947

■ 76.8333, -7.4415,  
7.5359

■ 3.8083, -4.3350,  
2.6658

■ 88.9761, -8.2601,  
8.3726

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

101.6988, -9.1019,  
9.2325

0.0000, NaN, NaN

114.9760, -9.9665,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

128.7854,  
-10.8533, 11.0209

■ 34.7256, -4.4000,  
4.4219

■ 34.7256, -4.4000,  
4.4219

■ 34.0372, -7.3437,  
7.2505

■ 35.4710, -1.2709,  
1.2979

■ 33.4046, -10.0832,  
9.7667

■ 36.2695, 2.0292,  
-2.1058

■ 32.8295, -12.6041,  
11.9588

■ 37.1204, 5.4828,  
-5.7700

■ 32.3125, -14.8930,  
13.8181

■ 38.0219, 9.0736,  
-9.6757

■ 31.8535, -16.9389,  
15.3411

■ 38.9719, 12.7861,  
-13.8039

■ 31.4520, -18.7343,  
16.5302

■ 39.9686, 16.6058,  
-18.1357

■ 31.1070, -20.2760,  
17.3951

■ 41.0100, 20.5193,  
-22.6535

■ 30.8166, -21.5660,  
17.9547

■ 42.0941, 24.5145,  
-27.3401

■ 30.5715, -22.6535,  
18.3357

■ 43.2190, 28.5805,  
-32.1800

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



34.7263, -2.7037, 5.2202



34.7256, -4.4000, 4.4219



34.7263, -5.4030, 2.9261

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



34.7263, -4.4008, 4.4224



34.7263, -2.9540, -1.7347



34.7263, 1.9125, 2.6920

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



34.7256, -4.4000, 4.4219



32.9698, 0.8692, -0.8980

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



34.7263, 1.8419, 0.8215



34.7256, -4.4000, 4.4219



34.7263, -0.9976, -1.8061

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



34.7263, -4.4008, 4.4224



34.7263, -4.5805, -0.6584



34.7263, 0.7668, -0.8482



34.7263, 0.9577, 4.2593



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



34.7256, -4.4000, 4.4219



34.7263, -5.5562, 1.7001



34.7263, 0.7668, -0.8482



34.7263, 2.0085, 2.0794

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



34.7263, -4.4008, 4.4224



46.0609, -3.3218, 3.3715



34.2958, -1.6668, 3.9928



22.4653, -1.5822, 1.6063



72.2857, -3.8570, 3.9274



22.5557, -1.2035, 1.2255



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



34.7263, -4.4008, 4.4224



45.2768, -6.6347, 6.6421



34.5252, -5.0706, 3.8234



17.0214, -2.2753, 2.2835



34.8227, -26.2172, 20.9986



80.1940, -61.8213, 48.3329



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.9698, 0.8692, -0.8980



42.3559, 2.1307, -2.2092



33.1937, 1.5739, -0.1890



16.0775, 0.5568, -0.5759



15.7524, 34.4310, -47.6080



35.6951, 78.7036, -113.1697



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 34.7256, -4.4000, 4.4219 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

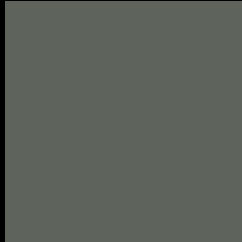
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 34.7256, -4.4000, 4.4219 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

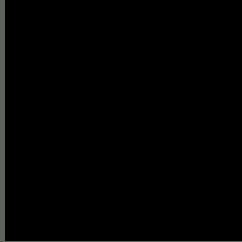
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 34.7256, -4.4000, 4.4219 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 34.7256, -4.4000, 4.4219.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 34.7256, -4.4000,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

34.7256, -4.4000, 4.4219

### Protanopia

34.7193, -1.7014, 4.8457

### Deuteranopia

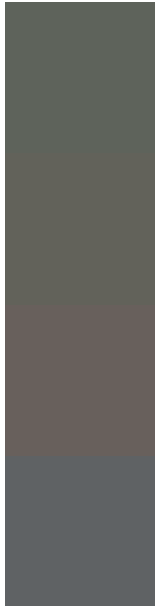
34.6833, 2.3041, 4.1033



## Tritanopia

34.7219, -0.8809, -1.4409

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

34.7256, -4.4000, 4.4219

## Protanomaly

34.7422, -2.9974, 4.8481

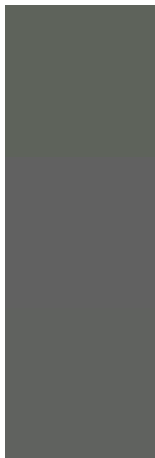
## Deuteranomaly

34.7585, -0.1081, 4.1448

## Tritanomaly

34.7683, -2.3826, 0.8224

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

34.7256, -4.4000, 4.4219

## Achromatopsia

34.5743, -1.8448, 1.8785

## Achromatomaly

34.7108, -2.8542, 2.8458

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 34.7256, -4.4000, 4.4219 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(94, 99, 91)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(94, 99, 91)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 99, 91) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(94, 99, 91) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 34.7256, -4.4000, 4.4219 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(94, 99, 91) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(94, 99, 91) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 99, 91) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(94, 99, 91); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 99, 91);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 99, 91)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 34.7256, -4.4000, 4.4219 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(94, 99, 91) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(94, 99,  
91) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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