

Converting Colors

HunterLab(34.9650, -29.7683,
20.5581)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(34.9650, -29.7683,
20.5581) contains.

| | |
|--|----|
| HunterLab(35.0477, -29.8301, 20.5882) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 12 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 24 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 28 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 31 |

Color

**HunterLab(35.0477,
-29.8301, 20.5882)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | 00730A |
| RGB | 0, 115, 10 |
| RGB Percent | 0%, 45%, 4% |
| CMY | 1.0000, 0.5490, 0.9608 |
| CMYK | 1.00, 0.00, 0.91, 0.55 |
| HSL | 125°, 100%, 23% |
| HSV | 125°, 100%, 45% |
| XYZ | 6.1856, 12.2834, 2.3321 |
| YIQ | 68.6450, -34.8350, -57.0350 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

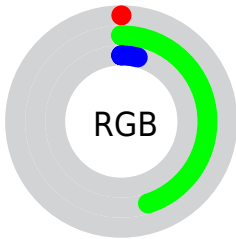
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| RYB | 0, 106, 115 |
| Decimal | 29450 |
| CIELab | 41.66, -47.43, 43.88 |
| CIELCh | 42, 64.612, 137.229 |
| Yxy | 12.2839, 0.2974, 0.5905 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4278219530 (0xFF00730A) |
| YUV | 68.6450, -28.9120, -60.2017 |
| Hunter-Lab | 35.0477, -29.8301, 20.5882 |

Details

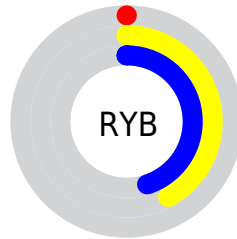
The HunterLab color $[35.0477, -29.8301, 20.5882]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 006600 . A complement of this color would be $[21.5983, 41.7092, -22.6461]$, and the grayscale version is $[24.3782, -1.3008, 1.3245]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[54.7507, -36.9777, 27.5082]$, and $[19.4437, -16.6730, 11.6893]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[35.0484, -29.8307, 20.5884]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[35.1979, -29.1066, 20.0241]$.

Distribution



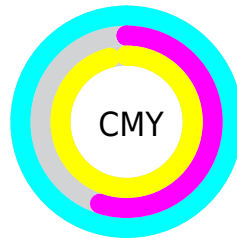
- Red (0%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (4%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Black (55%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (96%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 35.0477, -29.8301, 20.5882 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 35.0477, -29.8301, 20.5882 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 35.0477, -29.8301,
20.5882

■ 35.0477, -29.8301,
20.5882

143.6231,
-58.1870, 47.9676

■ 26.3388, -25.7608,
16.7506

■ 54.7824, -37.0991,
27.5995

■ 18.5012, -21.2449,
12.9508

■ 65.6967, -40.4335,
30.8267

■ 11.6461, -19.3163,
8.1523

■ 77.2527, -43.6240,
33.9140

■ 4.2918, -7.5107,
3.0043

■ 89.4165, -46.6985,
36.8866

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 102.1592,
-49.6776, 39.7641


0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 115.4556,


0.0000, NaN, NaN


-52.5774, 42.5621


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 129.2834,
-55.4105, 45.2932


 35.0477, -29.8301,
20.5882


 35.0477, -29.8301,
20.5882


 35.0484, -29.8307,
20.5884

 35.1979, -29.1066,
20.0241

 35.4163, -28.0499,
19.1614

 35.7412, -26.5062,
18.0022

 36.1813, -24.4523,
16.5418

 36.7424, -21.8848,
14.7853

■ 37.4278, -18.8169,
12.7468

■ 38.2385, -15.2753,
10.4470

■ 39.1736, -11.2971,
7.9115

■ 40.2308, -6.9259,
5.1691

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



35.0484, -14.5771, 23.3368



35.0477, -29.8301, 20.5882



35.0484, -36.6009, 10.3252

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.0484, -29.8306, 20.5883



35.0484, -11.5448, -74.1431



35.0484, 54.3275, 12.6203

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.0477, -29.8301, 20.5882



21.5983, 41.7092, -22.6461

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



35.0484, 55.7887, -9.3112



35.0477, -29.8301, 20.5882



35.0484, 12.9484, -71.7908

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.0484, -29.8306, 20.5883



35.0484, -28.1304, -48.3804



35.0484, 39.0787, -43.2126



35.0484, 35.5042, 21.2984

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.0477, -29.8301, 20.5882



35.0484, -37.0322, -4.1100



35.0484, 39.0787, -43.2126



35.0484, 57.0162, 7.0175

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.0484, -29.8306, 20.5883



51.0767, -20.8369, 14.2346



39.1033, -13.6253, 23.8567



24.7633, -10.9768, 7.4691



77.7063, -4.1462, 4.2219



27.0627, -1.4440, 1.4704

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.0484, -29.8306, 20.5883



46.8891, -39.9844, 27.7075



35.5925, -26.4455, 12.6009



20.2556, -3.2613, 2.4609



37.4711, -31.9090, 22.0466



82.6837, -70.6555, 49.1774

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



21.5983, 41.7092, -22.6461



28.8848, 55.7547, -30.0836



19.6412, 34.7187, 4.2961



19.3719, 1.2387, -0.3502



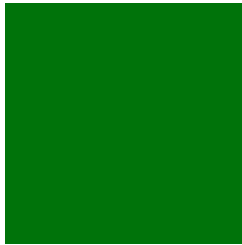
23.0893, 44.5836, -24.1688



50.9075, 98.2007, -52.5306

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 35.0477, -29.8301, 20.5882 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 35.0477, -29.8301, 20.5882 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 35.0477, -29.8301, 20.5882 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 35.0477, -29.8301, 20.5882.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 35.0477, -29.8301, 20.5882.

-29.8301, 20.5882.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

35.0477, -29.8301, 20.5882

Protanopia

34.8064, -4.8930, 21.3619

Deuteranopia

34.8055, 2.0128, 19.8175



Tritanopia

35.2203, -12.8349, -6.3369

Trichromacy



Original Color

35.0477, -29.8301, 20.5882

Protanomaly

33.5395, -18.4019, 20.1417

Deuteranomaly

33.1324, -15.3031, 18.9638

Tritanomaly

34.6107, -21.9887, 8.9143

Monochromacy



Original Color

35.0477, -29.8301, 20.5882

Achromatopsia

24.3949, -1.3017, 1.3254

Achromatomaly

27.2111, -15.4764, 10.4036

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 35.0477, -29.8301, 20.5882 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 115, 10)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 115, 10)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 115, 10) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 115, 10) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 35.0477, -29.8301, 20.5882 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 115, 10) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 115, 10) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 115, 10) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 115, 10); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 115, 10);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 115, 10)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 35.0477, -29.8301, 20.5882 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 115, 10) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 115,  
10) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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