

Converting Colors

HunterLab(34.9843, 35.5741,
-120.5214)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(34.9843, 35.5741,
-120.5214) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(35.0652, 35.2003,
-119.8157)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0051F2
RGB	0, 81, 242
RGB Percent	0%, 32%, 95%
CMY	0.9997, 0.6824, 0.0510
CMYK	1.00, 0.67, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	220°, 100%, 47%
HSV	220°, 100%, 95%
XYZ	18.9695, 12.2957, 85.3780
YIQ	75.1350, -99.9570, 32.8990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

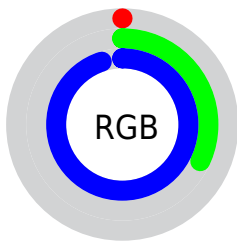
Format	Color
RYB	0, 61, 242
Decimal	20978
CIELab	41.68, 43.57, -84.97
CIELCh	42, 95.493, 297.146
Yxy	12.2959, 0.1626, 0.1054
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278211058 (0xFF0051F2)
YUV	75.1350, 82.2644, -65.8934
Hunter-Lab	35.0652, 35.2003, -119.8157

Details

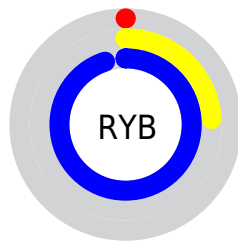
The HunterLab color **35.0652, 35.2003, -119.8157** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3366FF**. The color can be described as dark saturated blue. A complement of this color would be **66.6273, 15.6838, 41.3283**, and the grayscale version is **26.3217, -1.4045, 1.4301**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **51.6043, 22.8533, -76.4998**, and **22.0157, 37.2390, -107.9061** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35.0552, 35.2278, -119.8627**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38.9574, 26.6450, -103.3767**.

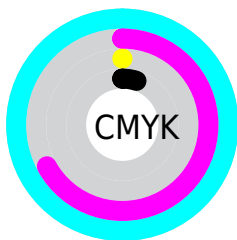
Distribution



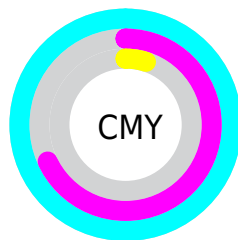
- Red (0%)
- Green (32%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (5%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 35.0652, 35.2003, -119.8157 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 35.0652, 35.2003, -119.8157 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 35.0652, 35.2003,
-119.8157

■ 35.0652, 35.2003,
-119.8157

■ 143.6504, 45.8738,
-119.4574

■ 26.3544, 33.4816,
-124.6390

■ 54.8022, 38.2949,
-116.1112

■ 18.5150, 31.6765,
-133.9735

■ 65.7178, 39.6658,
-115.7095

■ 11.6580, 29.9176,
-153.6011

■ 77.2749, 40.9287,
-115.8091

■ 4.3159, 46.5009,
-284.7835

■ 89.4399, 42.0914,
-116.2342

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 102.1836, 43.1610,
-116.8737

0.0000, NaN, -NF

115.4810, 44.1441,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-117.6546

0.0000, NaN, -NF

129.3098, 45.0466,
-118.5273

■ 35.0652, 35.2003,
-119.8157

■ 35.0652, 35.2003,
-119.8157

■ 35.0552, 35.2278,
-119.8627

■ 38.9574, 26.6450,
-103.3767

■ 43.4826, 19.1296,
-87.4148

■ 48.5772, 12.8849,
-72.3720

■ 54.1513, 7.8569,
-58.4712

■ 60.1277, 3.9000,
-45.7158

■ 66.4437, 0.8487,
-34.0033

■ 73.0494, -1.4504,
-23.1946

■ 79.9056, -3.1283,
-13.1490

■ 86.9810, -4.2924,
-3.7392

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



35.0655, -5.2216, -145.6402



35.0652, 35.2003, -119.8157



35.0655, 76.2882, -55.0941

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.0655, 35.2030, -119.8150



35.0655, 43.6016, 24.5458



35.0655, -47.4316, 5.0032

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.0652, 35.2003, -119.8157



66.6273, 15.6838, 41.3283

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



35.0655, -42.8758, 22.0566



35.0652, 35.2003, -119.8157



35.0655, 1.6064, 24.5458

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.0655, 35.2030, -119.8150



35.0655, 82.3467, 20.5296



35.0655, -27.9877, 24.5458



35.0655, -44.3982, -42.7796

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.0652, 35.2003, -119.8157



35.0655, 93.1053, -15.9180



35.0655, -27.9877, 24.5458



35.0655, -46.8019, 13.5375

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.0655, 35.2030, -119.8150



77.4422, -1.5157, -24.7390



81.2099, -58.8860, 25.6157



34.4416, -0.2631, -13.6414

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.0655, 35.2030, -119.8150



37.1006, 37.6607, -127.6711



26.0651, 69.2173, -173.8122



40.1157, -1.9928, -1.5079



26.1268, 24.6547, -85.8786



8.6277, 4.4567, -20.4047

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.1281, 76.9082, 18.0791



46.8195, 81.5909, 19.3153



87.5130, -36.6278, 53.2825



39.8071, 2.0427, 1.7876



32.3766, 56.5005, 12.7464



9.4332, 16.6447, 2.2973

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 35.0652, 35.2003, -119.8157 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

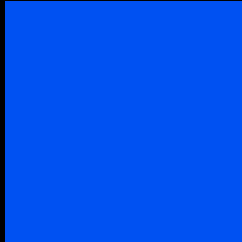
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 35.0652, 35.2003, -119.8157 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

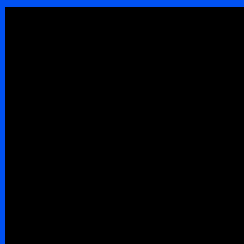
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 35.0652, 35.2003, -119.8157 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 35.0652, 35.2003, -119.8157.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 35.0652, 35.2003, -119.8157.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

35.0652, 35.2003, -119.8157

Protanopia

34.8266, 12.4055, -70.3101

Deuteranopia

34.9423, -0.3109, -43.0037



Tritanopia

34.8600, -17.4506, -5.9010

Trichromacy



Original Color

35.0652, 35.2003, -119.8157

Protanomaly

34.7146, 20.6878, -88.0493

Deuteranomaly

34.6279, 11.3957, -67.8819

Tritanomaly

33.9071, -1.9826, -38.1011

Monochromacy



Original Color

35.0652, 35.2003, -119.8157

Achromatopsia

26.5255, -1.4153, 1.4412

Achromatomaly

27.7736, 4.8477, -32.5253

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 35.0652, 35.2003, -119.8157 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 81, 242)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 81, 242)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 81, 242) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 81, 242) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 35.0652, 35.2003, -119.8157 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 81, 242) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 81, 242) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 81, 242)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 81, 242); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 81, 242);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 81, 242)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 35.0652, 35.2003, -119.8157 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 81, 242) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 81,  
242) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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