

Converting Colors

HunterLab(35.0942, 69.0260,
-46.5159)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(35.0942, 69.0260,
-46.5159) contains.

HunterLab(35.1635, 69.1326, -46.3785)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(35.1635, 69.1326,
-46.3785)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B000B0
RGB	176, 0, 176
RGB Percent	69%, 0%, 69%
CMY	0.3098, 0.9999, 0.3098
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.00, 0.31
HSL	300°, 100%, 35%
HSV	300°, 100%, 69%
XYZ	25.7410, 12.3647, 42.1042
YIQ	72.6880, 48.4000, 92.0480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

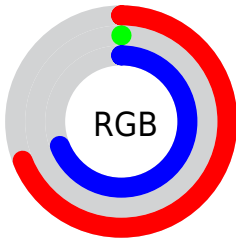
Format	Color
R_{YB}	176, 0, 176
Decimal	11534512
CIE _{Lab}	41.79, 74.40, -46.07
CIE _{LCh}	42, 87.506, 328.233
Yxy	12.3653, 0.3209, 0.1542
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289724592 (0xFFB000B0)
YUV	72.6880, 50.9328, 90.6046
Hunter-Lab	35.1635, 69.1326, -46.3785

Details

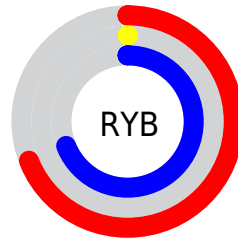
The HunterLab color **35.1635, 69.1326, -46.3785** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC33CC**. A complement of this color would be **55.7237, -47.7822, 33.4996**, and the grayscale version is **25.5176, -1.3616, 1.3864**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **54.9035, 73.4806, -47.3257**, and **22.9818, 45.5794, -33.3847** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35.1637, 69.1330, -46.3782**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **35.7565, 66.9787, -44.9026**.

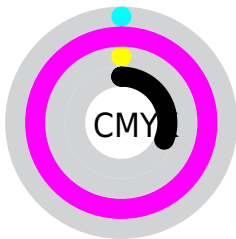
Distribution



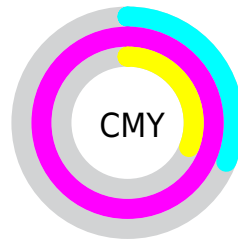
- Red (69%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (31%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 35.1635, 69.1326, -46.3785 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 35.1635, 69.1326, -46.3785 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

35.1635, 69.1326,
-46.3785

35.1635, 69.1326,
-46.3785

143.8085, 88.1737,
-52.1796

26.4442, 66.8673,
-46.1885

54.9169, 73.8632,
-47.5286

18.5949, 64.9814,
-46.6979

65.8396, 76.1693,
-48.2366

11.7265, 64.2306,
-48.9205

77.4035, 78.3959,
-48.9586

4.4527, 97.3272,
-78.7961

89.5749, 80.5333,
-49.6692

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

102.3247, 82.5786,
-50.3534

0.0000, NaN, NaN

115.6280, 84.5322,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-51.0028

0.0000, NaN, NaN

129.4625, 86.3963,
-51.6124

■ 35.1635, 69.1326,
-46.3785

■ 35.1635, 69.1326,
-46.3785

■ 35.1637, 69.1330,
-46.3782

■ 35.7565, 66.9787,
-44.9026

■ 36.8510, 63.1404,
-42.2727

■ 38.5937, 57.3680,
-38.3158

■ 40.9853, 50.0383,
-33.2883

■ 43.9860, 41.6542,
-27.5326

■ 47.5341, 32.6871,
-21.3706

■ 51.5613, 23.4973,
-15.0485

■ 56.0017, 14.3208,
-8.7281

■ 60.7968, 5.2920,
-2.5016

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



35.1643, 33.0806, -102.0682



35.1635, 69.1326, -46.3785



35.1643, 85.6137, 0.0191

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.1643, 69.1307, -46.3767



35.1643, 0.0820, 24.6150



35.1643, -41.8962, -39.7612

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.1635, 69.1326, -46.3785



55.7237, -47.7822, 33.4996

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



35.1643, -45.2384, 3.7092



35.1635, 69.1326, -46.3785



35.1643, -26.9518, 24.6150

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.1643, 69.1307, -46.3767



35.1643, 37.7221, 24.6150



35.1643, -40.9571, 21.0871



35.1643, -29.2347, -96.3530

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.1635, 69.1326, -46.3785



35.1643, 79.9793, 15.9562



35.1643, -40.9571, 21.0871



35.1643, -43.8862, -22.4118

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.1643, 69.1307, -46.3767



69.1325, 32.3098, -20.7243



17.7065, 48.0195, -125.7878



31.1176, 17.4146, -11.2811



94.3401, -5.0338, 5.1257



41.3092, -2.2042, 2.2444

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.1643, 69.1307, -46.3767



47.3555, 93.1024, -62.4582



31.5205, 56.2122, 3.0363



29.4053, 2.2634, -1.0085



30.1201, 59.2170, -39.7261



5.3427, 10.5040, -7.0467

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.1643, 69.1307, -46.3767



47.3555, 93.1024, -62.4582



56.3525, -43.8570, 24.2402



29.4053, 2.2634, -1.0085



30.1201, 59.2170, -39.7261



5.3427, 10.5040, -7.0467

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 35.1635, 69.1326, -46.3785 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

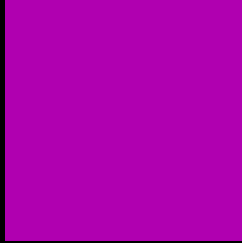
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 35.1635, 69.1326, -46.3785 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

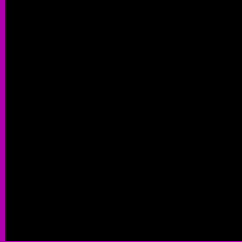
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 35.1635, 69.1326, -46.3785 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 35.1635, 69.1326, -46.3785.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 35.1635, 69.1326, -46.3785.

-46.3785.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

35.1635, 69.1326, -46.3785

Protanopia

36.0633, 13.1891, -73.5475

Deuteranopia

36.0342, 2.8665, -36.3169



Tritanopia

35.7071, 31.8997, 11.8037

Trichromacy



Original Color

35.1635, 69.1326, -46.3785



Protanomaly

29.1125, 32.9753, -86.6320



Deuteranomaly

30.5878, 30.9385, -53.3686



Tritanomaly

33.7403, 47.4616, -4.8056

Monochromacy



Original Color

35.1635, 69.1326, -46.3785



Achromatopsia

25.8120, -1.3773, 1.4024



Achromatomaly

25.2879, 27.8995, -18.5165

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 35.1635, 69.1326, -46.3785 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(176, 0, 176)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(176, 0, 176)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(176, 0, 176) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(176, 0, 176) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 35.1635, 69.1326, -46.3785 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(176, 0, 176) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(176, 0, 176) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(176, 0, 176) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(176, 0, 176); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 0, 176);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 0,  
176) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 35.1635, 69.1326, -46.3785 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(176, 0, 176) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(176, 0,  
176) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor