

Converting Colors

HunterLab(35.1803, -3.4975,
0.1151)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(35.1803, -3.4975, 0.1151)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(35.1695, -3.5904,
-0.0242)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5C6467
RGB	92, 100, 103
RGB Percent	36%, 39%, 40%
CMY	0.6392, 0.6078, 0.5961
CMYK	0.11, 0.03, 0.00, 0.60
HSL	196°, 6%, 38%
HSV	196°, 11%, 40%
XYZ	11.4190, 12.3689, 14.6176
YIQ	97.9500, -5.7310, -0.7630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

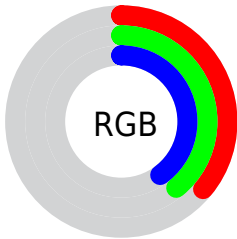
Format	Color
R_{YB}	92, 97, 103
Decimal	6055015
CIE _{Lab}	41.80, -2.41, -2.76
CIE _{LCh}	42, 3.661, 228.895
Yxy	12.3695, 0.2973, 0.3221
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284245095 (0xFF5C6467)
YUV	97.9500, 2.4896, -5.2182
Hunter-Lab	35.1695, -3.5904, -0.0242

Details

The HunterLab color $35.1695, -3.5904, -0.0242$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $34.4102, 0.0472, 3.7578$, and the grayscale version is $34.9228, -1.8634, 1.8974$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $54.9701, -5.0979, 0.8087$, and $18.4731, -2.2421, -0.6642$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $33.6826, -4.9182, -1.9190$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $36.7212, -2.0745, 1.8723$.

Distribution



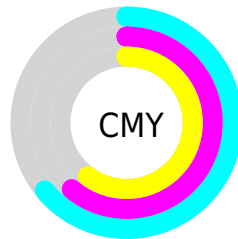
- Red (36%)
- Green (39%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 35.1695, -3.5904, -0.0242 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 35.1695, -3.5904, -0.0242 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 35.1695, -3.5904,
-0.0242

■ 35.1695, -3.5904,
-0.0242

143.8180,
-10.4363, 4.7807

■ 26.4496, -2.9670,
-0.3328

■ 54.9238, -4.9254,
0.7570

■ 18.5997, -2.3713,
-0.5777

■ 65.8469, -5.6347,
1.2179

■ 11.7306, -1.8019,
-0.7457

■ 77.4112, -6.3712,
1.7209

■ 4.4607, -2.5892,
-2.3203

■ 89.5829, -7.1341,
2.2630

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

102.3332, -7.9228,
2.8419

0.0000, NaN, NaN

115.6368, -8.7365,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

3.4557

0.0000, NaN, NaN

129.4716, -9.5745,
4.1024

■ 35.1695, -3.5904,
-0.0242

■ 35.1695, -3.5904,
-0.0242

■ 33.6826, -4.9182,
-1.9190

■ 36.7212, -2.0745,
1.8723

■ 32.2622, -6.0360,
-3.8082

■ 38.3315, -0.3873,
3.7645

■ 30.9131, -6.9240,
-5.6843

■ 39.9976, 1.4533,
5.6501

■ 29.6391, -7.5621,
-7.5384

■ 41.7158, 3.4316,
7.5270

■ 28.4435, -7.9317,
-9.3606

■ 43.4829, 5.5335,
9.3938

■ 27.3291, -8.0181,
-11.1395

■ 45.2959, 7.7463,
11.2500

■ 26.2973, -7.8123,
-12.8640

■ 47.1519, 10.0591,
13.0954

■ 25.3476, -7.3150,
-14.5244

■ 49.0484, 12.4621,
14.9299

■ 24.4972, -6.7351,
-16.0802

■ 50.9829, 14.9466,
16.7541

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



35.1702, -4.3326, 1.0945



35.1695, -3.5904, -0.0242



35.1702, -2.3837, -0.6304

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.1702, -3.5911, -0.0236



35.1702, 0.7400, 1.4291



35.1702, -2.7262, 4.2004

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.1695, -3.5904, -0.0242



34.4102, 0.0472, 3.7578

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



35.1702, -1.3704, 4.2822



35.1695, -3.5904, -0.0242



35.1702, 0.6448, 2.7151

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.1702, -3.5911, -0.0236



35.1702, 0.1255, 0.2294



35.1702, -0.1325, 3.7481



35.1702, -3.8386, 3.5200

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.1695, -3.5904, -0.0242



35.1702, -1.4708, -0.6484



35.1702, -0.1325, 3.7481



35.1702, -2.2843, 4.2978

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.1702, -3.5911, -0.0236



48.6302, -3.2866, 1.8945



35.7786, -6.1037, 4.0247



23.9492, -1.6941, 0.8496



74.4461, -3.9723, 4.0448



24.3420, -1.2988, 1.3225

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.1702, -3.5911, -0.0236



46.5158, -5.3113, -0.7173



33.7067, -1.1825, -1.8226



17.5086, -1.6482, 0.1540



27.3694, -7.3985, -18.2380



61.2871, -15.1229, -43.9575

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33.8500, 2.5716, -0.2156



44.3205, 4.9966, -1.0248



35.8528, -2.3788, 5.3061



16.9615, 0.8961, 0.0727



20.6391, 38.4064, -10.3935



46.9730, 87.1339, -21.5158

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 35.1695, -3.5904, -0.0242 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 35.1695, -3.5904, -0.0242 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

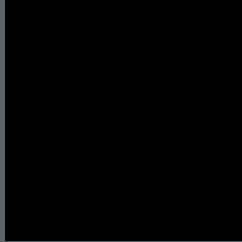
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

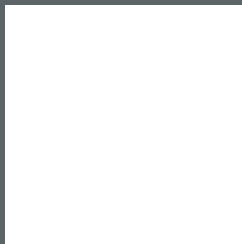
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 35.1695, -3.5904, -0.0242 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 35.1695, -3.5904, -0.0242.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 35.1695, -3.5904,

-0.0242.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

35.1695, -3.5904, -0.0242

Protanopia

35.1388, -0.9838, 0.4250

Deuteranopia

35.2553, 2.2264, -0.2620



Tritanopia

35.0890, -2.2438, -1.9212

Trichromacy



Original Color

35.1695, -3.5904, -0.0242

Protanomaly

35.1707, -2.2496, 0.4418

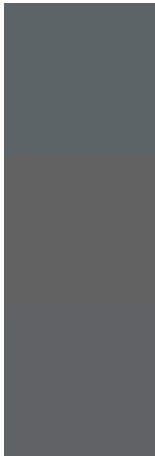
Deuteranomaly

35.0935, 0.3364, -0.4963

Tritanomaly

35.0592, -2.4076, -1.4987

Monochromacy



Original Color

35.1695, -3.5904, -0.0242

Achromatopsia

34.9484, -1.8648, 1.8988

Achromatomaly

35.1149, -2.5561, 1.2359

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 35.1695, -3.5904, -0.0242 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(92, 100, 103)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 100, 103)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 100, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 100, 103) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 35.1695, -3.5904, -0.0242 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 100, 103) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 100, 103) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(92, 100, 103)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(92, 100, 103); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 100, 103);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 100,  
103) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 35.1695, -3.5904, -0.0242 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 100, 103) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 100,  
103) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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