

Converting Colors

HunterLab(35.2159, -2.0237,
9.0166)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(35.2159, -2.0237, 9.0166)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(35.1834, -1.9101,
8.8570)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6A6250
RGB	106, 98, 80
RGB Percent	42%, 38%, 31%
CMY	0.5843, 0.6157, 0.6863
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.25, 0.58
HSL	42°, 14%, 36%
HSV	42°, 25%, 42%
XYZ	11.7595, 12.3787, 9.3589
YIQ	98.3400, 10.5460, -3.9020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

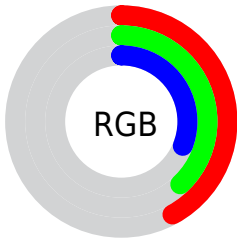
Format	Color
R_{YB}	92, 106, 80
Decimal	6971984
CIE Lab	41.81, -0.04, 11.41
CIE LCh	42, 11.412, 90.223
Yxy	12.3793, 0.3511, 0.3695
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285162064 (0xFF6A6250)
YUV	98.3400, -9.0416, 6.7178
Hunter-Lab	35.1834, -1.9101, 8.8570

Details

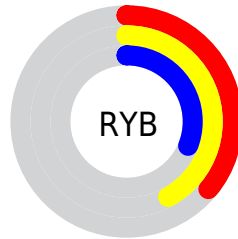
The HunterLab color **35.1834, -1.9101, 8.8570** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **31.1854, -0.7735, -6.7217**, and the grayscale version is **35.1063, -1.8732, 1.9074**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **55.0899, -3.0569, 11.5403**, and **18.6464, -1.2676, 6.4115** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34.1129, -1.6177, 11.0925**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **36.2922, -2.0591, 6.3047**.

Distribution



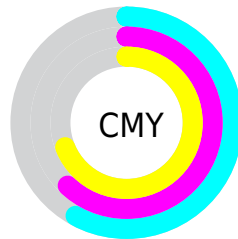
- Red (42%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (31%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (31%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (58%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (69%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 35.1834, -1.9101, 8.8570 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 35.1834, -1.9101, 8.8570 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 35.1834, -1.9101,
8.8570

■ 35.1834, -1.9101,
8.8570

■ 143.8403, -7.7338,
19.7537

■ 26.4623, -1.4424,
7.5983

■ 54.9400, -2.9715,
11.2932

■ 18.6110, -1.0199,
6.2824

■ 65.8641, -3.5573,
12.4934

■ 11.7402, -0.6492,
5.0565

■ 77.4294, -4.1772,
13.6910

■ 4.4797, -0.2825,
3.1358

■ 89.6020, -4.8294,
14.8902

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 102.3531, -5.5124,
16.0941

0.0000, NaN, NaN

115.6575, -6.2249,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

17.3049

0.0000, NaN, NaN

129.4931, -6.9657,
18.5244

■ 35.1834, -1.9101,
8.8570

■ 35.1834, -1.9101,
8.8570

■ 34.1129, -1.6177,
11.0925

■ 36.2922, -2.0591,
6.3047

■ 33.0797, -1.1740,
12.9954

■ 37.4355, -2.0667,
3.4501

■ 32.0859, -0.5771,
14.5537

■ 38.6126, -1.9402,
0.3100

■ 31.1325, 0.1744,
15.7586

■ 39.8221, -1.6857,
-3.0992

■ 30.2204, 1.0795,
16.6062

■ 41.0626, -1.3098,
-6.7612

■ 29.3500, 2.1337,
17.1004

■ 42.3327, -0.8190,
-10.6604

■ 28.5190, 3.3174,
17.2851

■ 43.6310, -0.2196,
-14.7819

■ 28.0736, 3.9783,
17.3685

■ 44.9564, 0.4822,
-19.1114

■ 46.3076, 1.2804,
-23.6357

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



35.1842, 2.2869, 8.0360



35.1834, -1.9101, 8.8570



35.1842, -5.9130, 8.0113

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.1842, -1.9112, 8.8575



35.1842, -8.6888, -2.2425



35.1842, 5.5257, -2.1837

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.1834, -1.9101, 8.8570



31.1854, -0.7735, -6.7217

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



35.1842, 2.3448, -5.5147



35.1834, -1.9101, 8.8570



35.1842, -5.8601, -5.5514

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.1842, -1.9112, 8.8575



35.1842, -9.7104, 1.8848



35.1842, -1.8473, -6.8135



35.1842, 6.7031, 1.9456

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.1834, -1.9101, 8.8570



35.1842, -7.9629, 6.5498



35.1842, -1.8473, -6.8135



35.1842, 4.6481, -3.4507

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.1842, -1.9112, 8.8575



49.1853, -2.7530, 5.6166



30.8384, 7.2941, 1.2819



23.7809, -1.3329, 2.7805



74.4461, -3.9723, 4.0448



24.3420, -1.2988, 1.3225

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.1842, -1.9112, 8.8575



45.8564, -2.3513, 13.3494



36.9696, -6.7811, 10.4901



18.5316, -1.0441, 2.3867



31.1771, 4.6128, 19.2919



69.2377, 12.5523, 42.8837

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.1854, -0.7735, -6.7217



39.4624, -0.4904, -11.6471



29.4932, 4.0403, -9.1676



17.7848, -0.8394, -0.5068



15.9941, 15.1105, -52.6105



34.1371, 39.5438, -128.0321

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 35.1834, -1.9101, 8.8570 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 35.1834, -1.9101, 8.8570 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

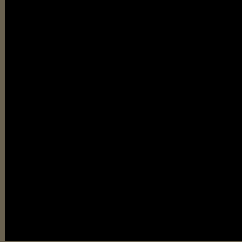
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 35.1834, -1.9101, 8.8570 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 35.1834, -1.9101, 8.8570.

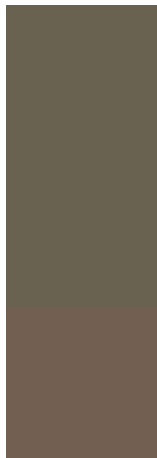


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 35.1834, -1.9101, 8.8570.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

35.1834, -1.9101, 8.8570

Protanopia

35.0967, -2.2121, 8.7667

Deuteranopia

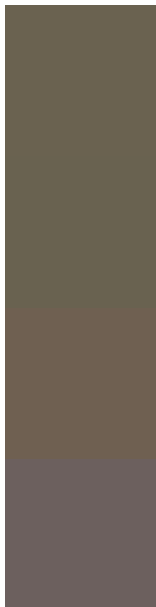
35.1510, 2.0475, 8.5653



Tritanopia

35.2064, 3.2715, 0.5820

Trichromacy



Original Color

35.1834, -1.9101, 8.8570

Protanomaly

35.0967, -2.2121, 8.7667

Deuteranomaly

35.1274, 0.6415, 8.5173

Tritanomaly

35.1597, 1.3603, 3.8316

Monochromacy



Original Color

35.1834, -1.9101, 8.8570

Achromatopsia

34.9484, -1.8648, 1.8988

Achromatomaly

35.0106, -2.0099, 4.7768

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 35.1834, -1.9101, 8.8570 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(106, 98, 80)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(106, 98, 80)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(106, 98, 80) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(106, 98, 80) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 35.1834, -1.9101, 8.8570 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(106, 98, 80) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(106, 98, 80) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(106, 98, 80) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(106, 98, 80); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 98, 80);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(106, 98,  
80) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 35.1834, -1.9101, 8.8570 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(106, 98, 80) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(106, 98,  
80) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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