

Converting Colors

HunterLab(35.2338, 64.0367,
-5.9369)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(35.2338, 64.0367,
-5.9369) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(35.1914, 63.9831,
-6.0715)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BF0076
RGB	191, 0, 118
RGB Percent	75%, 0%, 46%
CMY	0.2510, 0.9999, 0.5373
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.38, 0.25
HSL	323°, 100%, 37%
HSV	323°, 100%, 75%
XYZ	24.7558, 12.3843, 18.2251
YIQ	70.5610, 75.9580, 77.1900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

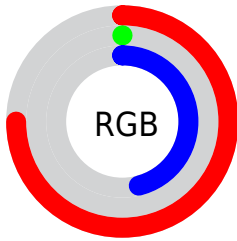
Format	Color
R_{YB}	191, 0, 118
Decimal	12517494
CIE _{Lab}	41.82, 70.08, -10.53
CIE _{LCh}	42, 70.870, 351.456
Yxy	12.3851, 0.4471, 0.2237
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290707574 (0xFFBF0076)
YUV	70.5610, 23.3874, 105.6250
Hunter-Lab	35.1914, 63.9831, -6.0715

Details

The HunterLab color **35.1914, 63.9831, -6.0715** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3399**. A complement of this color would be **61.4355, -49.8823, 30.8944**, and the grayscale version is **24.8536, -1.3261, 1.3503**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **55.0030, 68.3724, -5.9048**, and **23.1252, 41.5147, 0.1204** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35.1910, 63.9816, -6.0658**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **36.1040, 62.6042, -8.6850**.

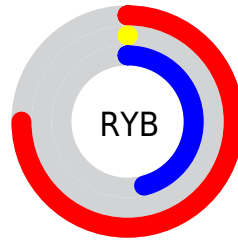
Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (0%)

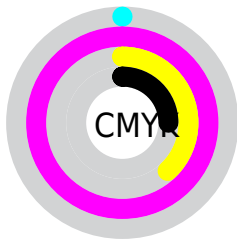
Blue (46%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (46%)

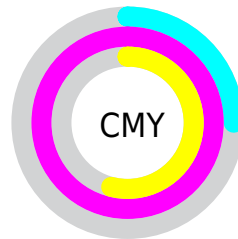


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (38%)

Black (25%)



Cyan (25%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 35.1914, 63.9831, -6.0715 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 35.1914, 63.9831, -6.0715 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 35.1914, 63.9831,
-6.0715

■ 35.1914, 63.9831,
-6.0715

■ 143.8534, 82.0339,
-4.1619

■ 26.4698, 61.7315,
-5.9776

■ 54.9495, 68.5574,
-6.0330

■ 18.6176, 59.7637,
-5.7994

■ 65.8742, 70.7577,
-5.9174

■ 11.7459, 58.7070,
-5.5305

■ 77.4401, 72.8696,
-5.7448

■ 4.4908, 87.9524,
-9.4747

■ 89.6132, 74.8874,
-5.5197

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 102.3648, 76.8103,
-5.2459

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 115.6697, 78.6402,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-4.9265

0.0000, NaN, NaN

129.5058, 80.3802,
-4.5644

■ 35.1914, 63.9831,
-6.0715

■ 35.1914, 63.9831,
-6.0715

■ 35.1910, 63.9816,
-6.0658

■ 36.1040, 62.6042,
-8.6850

■ 37.6297, 59.3437,
-10.5108

■ 39.9076, 54.0232,
-11.2693

■ 42.9162, 47.1072,
-10.9826

■ 46.5907, 39.1544,
-9.7922

■ 50.8487, 30.6469,
-7.8832

■ 55.6069, 21.9266,
-5.4308

■ 60.7904, 13.2033,
-2.5783

■ 66.3356, 4.5895,
0.5669

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



35.1924, 47.4732, -43.6241



35.1914, 63.9831, -6.0715



35.1924, 59.1764, 15.4294

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.1924, 63.9796, -6.0702



35.1924, -18.6396, 23.9106



35.1924, -28.3261, -60.9544

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.1914, 63.9831, -6.0715



61.4355, -49.8823, 30.8944

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



35.1924, -37.8450, -20.8148



35.1914, 63.9831, -6.0715



35.1924, -33.5133, 20.7079

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.1924, 63.9796, -6.0702



35.1924, 6.0121, 24.3964



35.1924, -39.4121, 8.3808



35.1924, -9.1320, -87.5745

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.1914, 63.9831, -6.0715



35.1924, 45.0066, 21.2644



35.1924, -39.4121, 8.3808



35.1924, -32.4955, -47.6260

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.1924, 63.9796, -6.0702



74.0907, 29.9198, -7.4432



22.5086, 55.2499, -114.9984



33.4161, 16.3608, -4.1742



98.8636, -5.2751, 5.3714



45.2661, -2.4153, 2.4594

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.1924, 63.9796, -6.0702



47.0437, 85.4382, -7.3879



33.3907, 57.3939, 19.8968



31.0367, 1.8822, 0.3609



28.5565, 51.9698, -5.3130



5.7604, 10.6753, -2.5602

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.1924, 63.9796, -6.0702



47.0437, 85.4382, -7.3879



63.2440, -38.7854, 4.6789



31.0367, 1.8822, 0.3609



28.5565, 51.9698, -5.3130



5.7604, 10.6753, -2.5602

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 35.1914, 63.9831, -6.0715 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

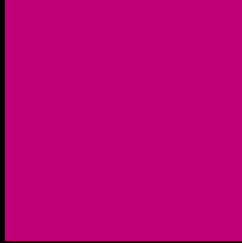
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 35.1914, 63.9831, -6.0715 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

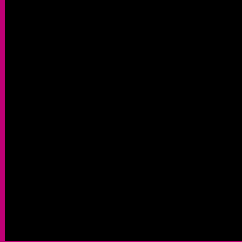
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 35.1914, 63.9831, -6.0715 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 35.1914, 63.9831, -6.0715.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 35.1914, 63.9831, -6.0715.

-6.0715.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

35.1914, 63.9831, -6.0715

Protanopia

36.2849, 6.8278, -38.8563

Deuteranopia

36.0374, 2.5422, -2.0197



Tritanopia

35.7928, 47.2946, 18.2513

Trichromacy



Original Color

35.1914, 63.9831, -6.0715



Protanomaly

30.6625, 29.8946, -36.3760



Deuteranomaly

31.6872, 30.0846, -9.1797



Tritanomaly

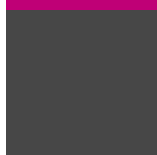
34.7864, 54.0955, 11.6389

Monochromacy



Original Color

35.1914, 63.9831, -6.0715



Achromatopsia

25.1018, -1.3394, 1.3638



Achromatomaly

24.9523, 26.2250, -6.1030

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 35.1914, 63.9831, -6.0715 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(191, 0, 118)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(191, 0, 118)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 0, 118) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(191, 0, 118) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 35.1914, 63.9831, -6.0715 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(191, 0, 118) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(191, 0, 118) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 0, 118) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(191, 0, 118); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 0, 118);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 0,  
118) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 35.1914, 63.9831, -6.0715 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(191, 0, 118) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(191, 0,  
118) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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