

Converting Colors

HunterLab(35.2882, 6.4329,
-57.9941)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(35.2882, 6.4329,
-57.9941) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(35.1656, 6.7056,
-58.4295)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0062BC
RGB	0, 98, 188
RGB Percent	0%, 38%, 74%
CMY	0.9999, 0.6157, 0.2627
CMYK	1.00, 0.48, 0.00, 0.26
HSL	209°, 100%, 37%
HSV	209°, 100%, 74%
XYZ	13.4448, 12.3662, 49.2552
YIQ	78.9580, -87.2980, 7.2140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

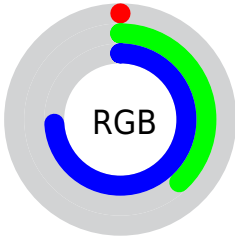
Format	Color
R _Y B	0, 64, 188
Decimal	25276
CIE Lab	41.79, 11.42, -53.89
CIE LCh	42, 55.084, 281.962
Yxy	12.3665, 0.1791, 0.1647
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278215356 (0xFF0062BC)
YUV	78.9580, 53.7577, -69.2462
Hunter-Lab	35.1656, 6.7056, -58.4295

Details

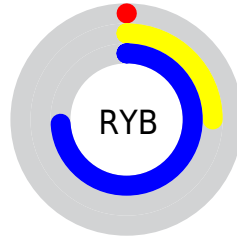
The HunterLab color **35.1656, 6.7056, -58.4295** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0066CC**. A complement of this color would be **42.4384, 28.3561, 26.6453**, and the grayscale version is **27.7859, -1.4826, 1.5097**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **54.9109, 6.9129, -59.3186**, and **20.6578, 12.0316, -51.7932** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35.1610, 6.7147, -58.4433**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37.7935, 2.8198, -51.3010**.

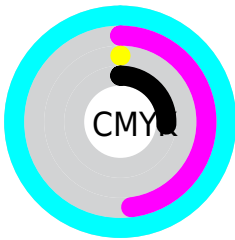
Distribution



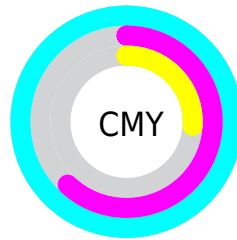
- Red (0%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (26%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (26%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 35.1656, 6.7056, -58.4295 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 35.1656, 6.7056, -58.4295 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 35.1656, 6.7056,
-58.4295

■ 35.1656, 6.7056,
-58.4295

■ 143.8113, 5.6737,
-64.4071

■ 26.4458, 6.4685,
-58.7345

■ 54.9190, 6.9119,
-59.2120

■ 18.5963, 6.1162,
-60.1958

■ 65.8418, 6.9021,
-59.8922

■ 11.7277, 5.6217,
-64.3955

■ 77.4058, 6.8283,
-60.6433

■ 4.4551, 10.9289,
-106.4207

■ 89.5773, 6.6964,
-61.4216

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 102.3272, 6.5113,
-62.2007

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 115.6306, 6.2771,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-62.9641

0.0000, NaN, NaN

129.4652, 5.9969,
-63.7018

■ 35.1656, 6.7056,
-58.4295

■ 35.1656, 6.7056,
-58.4295

■ 35.1610, 6.7147,
-58.4433

■ 37.7935, 2.8198,
-51.3010

■ 40.6544, -0.4156,
-44.3425

■ 43.7641, -2.8978,
-37.5394

■ 47.1048, -4.6609,
-30.9405

■ 50.6560, -5.7654,
-24.5735

■ 54.3975, -6.2816,
-18.4467

■ 58.3108, -6.2796,
-12.5552

■ 62.3791, -5.8246,
-6.8854

■ 66.5876, -4.9749,
-1.4192

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



35.1661, -13.3136, -56.0006



35.1656, 6.7056, -58.4295



35.1661, 28.6912, -39.1671

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.1661, 6.7067, -58.4286



35.1661, 32.6563, 18.9298



35.1661, -32.1536, 11.6906

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.1656, 6.7056, -58.4295



42.4384, 28.3561, 26.6453

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



35.1661, -24.6222, 19.9789



35.1656, 6.7056, -58.4295



35.1661, 11.2354, 22.1931

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.1661, 6.7067, -58.4286



35.1661, 45.8208, 8.8578



35.1661, -9.7113, 22.4182



35.1661, -32.8255, -6.8176

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.1656, 6.7056, -58.4295



35.1661, 40.3170, -20.7806



35.1661, -9.7113, 22.4182



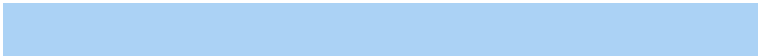
35.1661, -30.4373, 15.4114

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.1661, 6.7067, -58.4286



78.2255, -8.4694, -17.3002



60.5536, -47.7938, 27.4886



35.2349, -3.9585, -9.5594



97.7295, -5.2146, 5.3098



44.2712, -2.3622, 2.4053

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.1661, 6.7067, -58.4286



46.8089, 10.0482, -80.1982



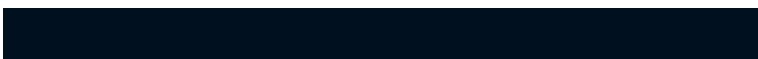
19.4112, 50.1351, -132.4826



31.6636, -2.3254, -0.5134



29.2694, 5.0534, -47.4930



6.8255, -0.7882, -6.8298

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34.0207, 60.8474, 1.8904



45.7429, 81.7193, 3.3321



66.3619, -15.4996, 40.6196



31.0116, 1.7475, 0.7180



28.0972, 50.3071, 1.1809



5.6779, 10.3798, -1.4173

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 35.1656, 6.7056, -58.4295 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 35.1656, 6.7056, -58.4295 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

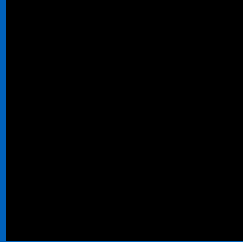
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 35.1656, 6.7056, -58.4295 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 35.1656, 6.7056, -58.4295.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 35.1656, 6.7056, -58.4295.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

35.1656, 6.7056, -58.4295

Protanopia

35.1643, 10.3640, -55.5399

Deuteranopia

35.2731, 1.4785, -47.2800

Trichromacy



Original Color

35.1656, 6.7056, -58.4295

Protanomaly

34.9542, 8.4926, -57.1094

Deuteranomaly

35.2273, 3.1876, -50.9123

Monochromacy



Original Color

35.1656, 6.7056, -58.4295

Achromatopsia

27.9620, -1.4920, 1.5192

Achromatomaly

29.4374, -3.1697, -17.0680

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 35.1656, 6.7056, -58.4295 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 98, 188)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 98, 188)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 98, 188) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 98, 188) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 35.1656, 6.7056, -58.4295 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 98, 188) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 98, 188) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 98, 188)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 98, 188); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 98, 188);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 98, 188)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 35.1656, 6.7056, -58.4295 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 98, 188) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 98,  
188) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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