

Converting Colors

HunterLab(35.3157, -1.4827,
-25.9315)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(35.3157, -1.4827,
-25.9315) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(35.2675, -1.2759,
-26.0922)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3C6595
RGB	60, 101, 149
RGB Percent	24%, 40%, 58%
CMY	0.7647, 0.6039, 0.4157
CMYK	0.60, 0.32, 0.00, 0.42
HSL	212°, 43%, 41%
HSV	212°, 60%, 58%
XYZ	11.9420, 12.4380, 30.2052
YIQ	94.2130, -39.8440, 6.2360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

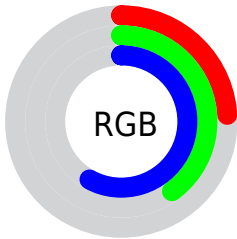
Format	Color
R_{YB}	60, 88, 149
Decimal	3958165
CIE Lab	41.90, 0.84, -30.60
CIE LCh	42, 30.614, 271.577
Yxy	12.4384, 0.2188, 0.2279
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282148245 (0xFF3C6595)
YUV	94.2130, 27.0100, -30.0048
Hunter-Lab	35.2675, -1.2759, -26.0922

Details

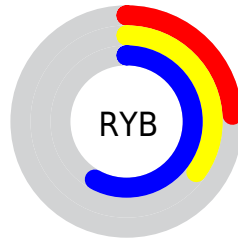
The HunterLab color $35.2675, -1.2759, -26.0922$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 336699 . A complement of this color would be $41.7634, 6.2974, 19.7748$, and the grayscale version is $33.4497, -1.7848, 1.8174$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $55.1481, -2.3913, -26.8032$, and $19.0111, 0.2577, -24.3184$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $32.4851, 0.4235, -31.8717$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $38.2195, -2.4713, -20.6024$.

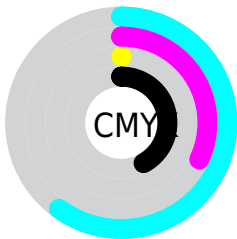
Distribution



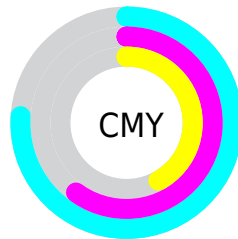
- Red (24%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (24%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (42%)



- Cyan (76%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 35.2675, -1.2759, -26.0922 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 35.2675, -1.2759, -26.0922 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 35.2675, -1.2759,
-26.0922

■ 35.2675, -1.2759,
-26.0922

■ 143.9744, -6.7201,
-29.8018

■ 26.5386, -0.8641,
-25.5269

■ 55.0373, -2.2350,
-27.2431

■ 18.6789, -0.5049,
-25.0939

■ 65.9675, -2.7751,
-27.7659

■ 11.7985, -0.2066,
-25.0979

■ 77.5385, -3.3519,
-28.2384

■ 4.5918, 0.5543,
-37.6098

■ 89.7166, -3.9632,
-28.6573

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 102.4729, -4.6071,
-29.0221

0.0000, NaN, NaN

115.7823, -5.2821,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-29.3335

0.0000, NaN, NaN

129.6227, -5.9868,
-29.5928

■ 35.2675, -1.2759,
-26.0922

■ 35.2675, -1.2759,
-26.0922

■ 32.4851, 0.4235,
-31.8717

■ 38.2195, -2.4713,
-20.6024

■ 29.8913, 2.6843,
-37.9337

■ 41.3203, -3.2253,
-15.3948

■ 27.5079, 5.5466,
-44.2388

■ 44.5539, -3.5967,
-10.4476

■ 25.3203, 8.9092,
-50.8229

■ 47.9061, -3.6385,
-5.7350

■ 25.2623, 9.0026,
-51.0098

■ 51.3649, -3.3962,
-1.2298

■ 54.9198, -2.9090,
3.0937

■ 58.5622, -2.2095,
7.2596

■ 62.2845, -1.3253,
11.2892

■ 66.0803, -0.2794,
15.2013

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



35.2681, -11.7639, -21.9151



35.2675, -1.2759, -26.0922



35.2681, 10.4024, -20.9920

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.2681, -1.2757, -26.0914



35.2681, 18.9029, 11.2207



35.2681, -19.2340, 10.5049

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.2675, -1.2759, -26.0922



41.7634, 6.2974, 19.7748

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



35.2681, -12.6887, 15.5081



35.2675, -1.2759, -26.0922



35.2681, 9.2202, 15.8191

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.2681, -1.2757, -26.0914



35.2681, 22.9352, 2.4913



35.2681, -2.4876, 17.0949



35.2681, -21.3052, 1.3384

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.2675, -1.2759, -26.0922



35.2681, 17.0771, -13.7352



35.2681, -2.4876, 17.0949



35.2681, -17.5292, 12.6134

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.2681, -1.2757, -26.0914



64.7323, -4.8460, -6.8371



48.5050, -28.6164, 12.2262



29.9018, -2.2994, -3.9908



86.5109, -4.6160, 4.7003



34.5370, -1.8428, 1.8765

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.2681, -1.2757, -26.0914



42.1458, 1.6043, -45.6370



25.4125, 19.3703, -50.3414



24.5904, -1.6105, -0.4749



23.3012, 8.0002, -46.3946



3.5264, -0.7609, -2.7650

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.4984, 32.9848, -1.8598



39.2770, 53.2013, -0.9950



52.8541, -13.3885, 27.5378



24.2016, 1.2018, 0.7543



23.9613, 42.5525, 3.7161



2.7589, 5.0980, -1.1103

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 35.2675, -1.2759, -26.0922 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 35.2675, -1.2759, -26.0922 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

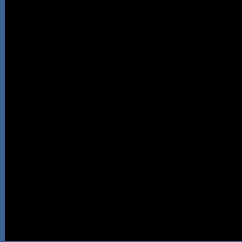
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 35.2675, -1.2759, -26.0922 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 35.2675, -1.2759, -26.0922.

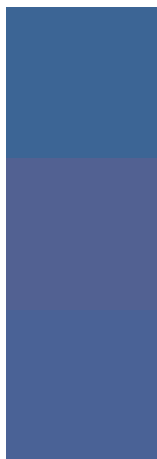


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 35.2675, -1.2759, -26.0922.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

35.2675, -1.2759, -26.0922

Protanopia

35.2400, 3.8882, -23.9704

Deuteranopia

35.2040, 2.7711, -26.8546



Tritanopia

35.1201, -13.2152, -6.4847

Trichromacy



Original Color

35.2675, -1.2759, -26.0922

Protanomaly

35.0682, 2.0438, -25.0252

Deuteranomaly

35.2007, 1.3852, -26.8855

Tritanomaly

35.1280, -9.3222, -12.9864

Monochromacy



Original Color

35.2675, -1.2759, -26.0922

Achromatopsia

33.4563, -1.7851, 1.8177

Achromatomaly

33.9973, -2.8345, -6.8639

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 35.2675, -1.2759, -26.0922 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(60, 101, 149)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(60, 101, 149)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(60, 101, 149) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(60, 101, 149) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 35.2675, -1.2759, -26.0922 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(60, 101, 149) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(60, 101, 149) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(60, 101, 149)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(60, 101, 149); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 101, 149);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 101,  
149) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 35.2675, -1.2759, -26.0922 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(60, 101, 149) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(60, 101,  
149) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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