

Converting Colors

HunterLab(35.3371, -6.9619,
-2.1520)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(35.3371, -6.9619,
-2.1520) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(35.3393, -6.9629,
-2.1486)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	50676C
RGB	80, 103, 108
RGB Percent	31%, 40%, 42%
CMY	0.6863, 0.5961, 0.5765
CMYK	0.26, 0.05, 0.00, 0.58
HSL	191°, 15%, 37%
HSV	191°, 26%, 42%
XYZ	10.8653, 12.4887, 16.0252
YIQ	96.6930, -15.3130, -3.3210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

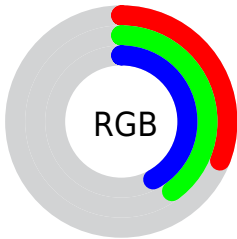
Format	Color
R_{YB}	80, 93, 108
Decimal	5269356
CIE _{Lab}	41.98, -7.26, -5.62
CIE _{LCh}	42, 9.185, 217.761
Yxy	12.4892, 0.2759, 0.3171
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283459436 (0xFF50676C)
YUV	96.6930, 5.5744, -14.6398
Hunter-Lab	35.3393, -6.9629, -2.1486

Details

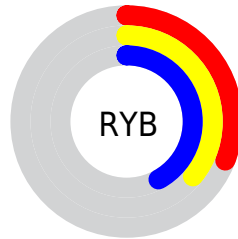
The HunterLab color $35.3393, -6.9629, -2.1486$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $32.0381, 4.5564, 5.7760$, and the grayscale version is $34.4442, -1.8379, 1.8714$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $55.1001, -8.8939, -1.4984$, and $18.7226, -4.9620, -2.5310$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $34.1717, -8.4197, -3.7072$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $36.5865, -5.2552, -0.5391$.

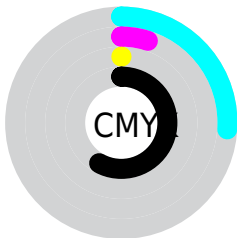
Distribution



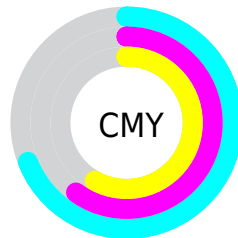
- Red (31%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (31%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (58%)



- Cyan (69%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 35.3393, -6.9629, -2.1486 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 35.3393, -6.9629, -2.1486 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 35.3393, -6.9629,
-2.1486

■ 35.3393, -6.9629,
-2.1486

■ 144.0893,
-15.9504, 1.5545

■ 26.6040, -6.0102,
-2.2986

■ 55.1207, -8.8750,
-1.6551

■ 18.7370, -5.0459,
-2.3723

■ 66.0561, -9.8434,
-1.3261

■ 11.8484, -4.0493,
-2.3543

■ 77.6320, -10.8241,
-0.9488

■ 4.6857, -7.0033,
-4.7209

■ 89.8147, -11.8185,
-0.5268

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 102.5755,
-12.8277, -0.0631

0.0000, NaN, NaN

115.8891,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-13.8525, 0.4398

0.0000, NaN, NaN

129.7336,
-14.8933, 0.9796

■ 35.3393, -6.9629,
-2.1486

■ 35.3393, -6.9629,
-2.1486

■ 34.1717, -8.4197,
-3.7072

■ 36.5865, -5.2552,
-0.5391

■ 33.0843, -9.6049,
-5.2072

■ 37.9080, -3.3159,
1.1106

■ 32.0798, -10.5025,
-6.6379

■ 39.3009, -1.1662,
2.7931

■ 31.1594, -11.1004,
-7.9901

■ 40.7618, 1.1734,
4.5013

■ 30.3227, -11.3930,
-9.2556

■ 42.2869, 3.6838,
6.2293

■ 29.5677, -11.3840,
-10.4291

■ 43.8728, 6.3471,
7.9722

■ 28.8796, -11.1272,
-11.5265

■ 45.5160, 9.1469,
9.7259

■ 28.6023, -11.0125,
-11.9777

■ 47.2132, 12.0686,
11.4872

■ 48.9613, 15.0990,
13.2535

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



35.3400, -8.2021, 1.0638



35.3393, -6.9629, -2.1486



35.3400, -4.3548, -4.4062

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.3400, -6.9634, -2.1480



35.3400, 4.4419, -0.5401



35.3400, -2.7759, 7.6046

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.3393, -6.9629, -2.1486



32.0381, 4.5564, 5.7760

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



35.3400, 0.6494, 7.2634



35.3393, -6.9629, -2.1486



35.3400, 4.9040, 2.7624

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.3400, -6.9634, -2.1480



35.3400, 2.2525, -3.4178



35.3400, 3.4920, 5.5620



35.3400, -5.8453, 6.5428

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.3393, -6.9629, -2.1486



35.3400, -2.1454, -4.9547



35.3400, 3.4920, 5.5620



35.3400, -1.6289, 7.6482

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.3400, -6.9634, -2.1480



49.8179, -5.0081, 0.9663



36.1682, -12.4733, 8.0929



24.4025, -2.6227, 0.3429



75.5302, -4.0301, 4.1037



25.2436, -1.3469, 1.3715

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.3400, -6.9634, -2.1480



45.8966, -10.4101, -4.0772



31.6051, -1.0024, -7.1580



18.4516, -1.9319, 0.2988



31.1814, -11.9524, -13.1723



69.5692, -25.8880, -31.0708

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.4722, 10.1561, -4.6041



39.7290, 17.2304, -8.0574



35.5362, -1.5961, 9.2064



17.7626, 1.0281, -0.1167



21.5728, 40.8895, -16.6440



48.5779, 91.8813, -35.9745

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 35.3393, -6.9629, -2.1486 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 35.3393, -6.9629, -2.1486 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

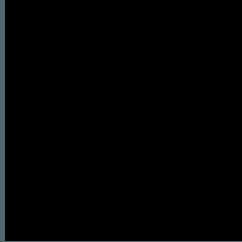
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 35.3393, -6.9629, -2.1486 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 35.3393, -6.9629, -2.1486.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 35.3393, -6.9629, -2.1486.

-2.1486.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

35.3393, -6.9629, -2.1486

Protanopia

35.2249, -0.5147, -0.7987

Deuteranopia

35.2320, 2.4449, -2.5948



Tritanopia

35.4930, -6.2245, -3.3604

Trichromacy



Original Color

35.3393, -6.9629, -2.1486

Protanomaly

35.2566, -3.1097, -1.2602

Deuteranomaly

35.2997, -1.3901, -2.5735

Tritanomaly

35.4621, -6.3975, -2.9244

Monochromacy



Original Color

35.3393, -6.9629, -2.1486

Achromatopsia

34.5743, -1.8448, 1.8785

Achromatomaly

34.7670, -3.7234, 0.3619

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 35.3393, -6.9629, -2.1486 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(80, 103, 108)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(80, 103, 108)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 103, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(80, 103, 108) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 35.3393, -6.9629, -2.1486 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(80, 103, 108) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(80, 103, 108) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(80, 103, 108)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(80, 103, 108); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 103, 108);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 103,  
108) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 35.3393, -6.9629, -2.1486 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(80, 103, 108) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(80, 103,  
108) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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