

Converting Colors

HunterLab(35.3968, 7.6964,
-60.8573)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(35.3968, 7.6964,
-60.8573) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(35.3510, 7.6737,
-60.7510)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0062BF
RGB	0, 98, 191
RGB Percent	0%, 38%, 75%
CMY	0.9998, 0.6157, 0.2510
CMYK	1.00, 0.49, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	209°, 100%, 37%
HSV	209°, 100%, 75%
XYZ	13.7716, 12.4969, 50.9765
YIQ	79.3000, -88.2610, 8.1470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

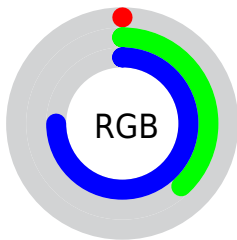
Format	Color
R _{YB}	0, 65, 191
Decimal	25279
CIE Lab	42.00, 12.64, -55.31
CIE LCh	42, 56.731, 282.870
Yxy	12.4973, 0.1783, 0.1618
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278215359 (0xFF0062BF)
YUV	79.3000, 55.0681, -69.5461
Hunter-Lab	35.3510, 7.6737, -60.7510

Details

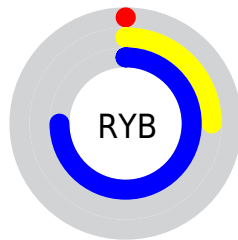
The HunterLab color **35.3510, 7.6737, -60.7510** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0066CC**. A complement of this color would be **43.4882, 28.1682, 27.2888**, and the grayscale version is **27.9051, -1.4889, 1.5161**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **55.1271, 7.9601, -61.4046**, and **20.8623, 13.0177, -54.1775** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **35.3460, 7.6836, -60.7661**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38.0526, 3.6050, -53.2889**.

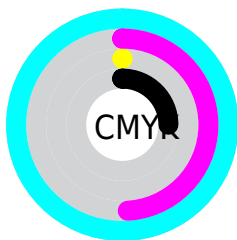
Distribution



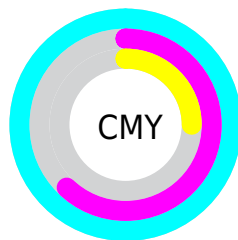
- Red (0%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 35.3510, 7.6737, -60.7510 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 35.3510, 7.6737, -60.7510 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 35.3510, 7.6737,
-60.7510

■ 35.3510, 7.6737,
-60.7510

■ 144.1076, 7.1224,
-66.7068

■ 26.6145, 7.3685,
-61.1530

■ 55.1340, 8.0045,
-61.4505

■ 18.7463, 6.9434,
-62.7890

■ 66.0702, 8.0522,
-62.1185

■ 11.8564, 6.3710,
-67.3242

■ 77.6469, 8.0332,
-62.8685

■ 4.7005, 11.4635,
-107.1789

■ 89.8304, 7.9538,
-63.6534

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 102.5918, 7.8191,
-64.4444

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 115.9061, 7.6334,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-65.2238

0.0000, NaN, NaN

129.7513, 7.4002,
-65.9803

■ 35.3510, 7.6737,
-60.7510

■ 35.3510, 7.6737,
-60.7510

■ 35.3460, 7.6836,
-60.7661

■ 38.0526, 3.6050,
-53.2889

■ 40.9985, 0.2102,
-46.0147

■ 44.2031, -2.4084,
-38.9180

■ 47.6469, -4.2876,
-32.0505

■ 51.3078, -5.4913,
-25.4394

■ 55.1645, -6.0929,
-19.0912

■ 59.1975, -6.1656,
-12.9982

■ 63.3892, -5.7771,
-7.1440

■ 67.7244, -4.9873,
-1.5077

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



35.3515, -13.1291, -58.9604



35.3510, 7.6737, -60.7510



35.3515, 30.4027, -40.0225

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.3515, 7.6749, -60.7501



35.3515, 33.2922, 19.4632



35.3515, -33.0594, 11.5598

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.3510, 7.6737, -60.7510



43.4882, 28.1682, 27.2888

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



35.3515, -25.6005, 20.1960



35.3510, 7.6737, -60.7510



35.3515, 10.9606, 22.5562

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.3515, 7.6749, -60.7501



35.3515, 47.3762, 9.5292



35.3515, -10.5316, 22.7091



35.3515, -33.5384, -7.8675

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.3510, 7.6737, -60.7510



35.3515, 42.2869, -20.7666



35.3515, -10.5316, 22.7091



35.3515, -31.3835, 15.4499

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.3515, 7.6749, -60.7501



78.9502, -8.2618, -17.7917



61.6771, -48.3802, 27.3503



35.9062, -3.8835, -9.9526



98.8636, -5.2751, 5.3714



45.2661, -2.4153, 2.4594

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.3515, 7.6749, -60.7501



46.7833, 11.2932, -82.8537



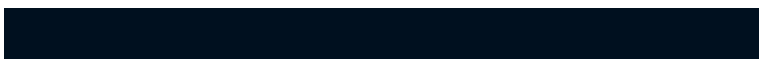
19.5750, 51.8202, -136.3247



31.6431, -2.2917, -0.5384



28.9349, 5.6887, -48.4465



6.7714, -0.7012, -6.9499

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34.5820, 61.7662, 2.5792



46.2247, 82.4697, 4.2226



68.5311, -17.2265, 41.9260



31.0095, 1.7361, 0.7482



28.0622, 50.1799, 1.6800



5.6714, 10.3562, -1.3257

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 35.3510, 7.6737, -60.7510 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 35.3510, 7.6737, -60.7510 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

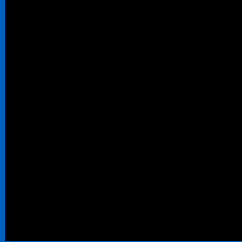
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 35.3510, 7.6737, -60.7510 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 35.3510, 7.6737, -60.7510.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 35.3510, 7.6737, -60.7510.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

35.3510, 7.6737, -60.7510

Protanopia

35.5587, 10.7636, -58.1752

Deuteranopia

35.2731, 1.4785, -47.2800



Tritanopia

35.2650, -17.2378, -6.8668

Trichromacy



Original Color

35.3510, 7.6737, -60.7510

Protanomaly

35.4163, 9.1084, -59.5708

Deuteranomaly

35.2853, 3.4969, -51.6523

Tritanomaly

35.1023, -9.6211, -23.1055

Monochromacy



Original Color

35.3510, 7.6737, -60.7510

Achromatopsia

27.9620, -1.4920, 1.5192

Achromatomaly

29.4784, -2.9430, -17.6265

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 35.3510, 7.6737, -60.7510 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 98, 191)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 98, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 98, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 98, 191) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 35.3510, 7.6737, -60.7510 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

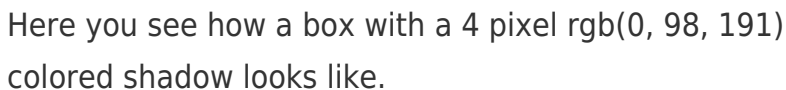
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 98, 191) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 98, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 98, 191)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 98, 191); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 98, 191);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 98, 191)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 35.3510, 7.6737, -60.7510 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 98, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 98,  
191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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