

Converting Colors

HunterLab(35.4120, 2.1539,
0.5549)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(35.4120, 2.1539, 0.5549)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(35.3140, 2.3664,
0.2577)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6B6067
RGB	107, 96, 103
RGB Percent	42%, 38%, 40%
CMY	0.5804, 0.6235, 0.5961
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.04, 0.58
HSL	322°, 5%, 40%
HSV	322°, 10%, 42%
XYZ	12.6944, 12.4708, 14.5700
YIQ	100.0870, 4.3090, 4.5090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	107, 96, 103
Decimal	7037031
CIE Lab	41.96, 5.77, -2.37
CIE LCh	42, 6.243, 337.650
Yxy	12.4713, 0.3195, 0.3139
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285227111 (0xFF6B6067)
YUV	100.0870, 1.4361, 6.0627
Hunter-Lab	35.3140, 2.3664, 0.2577

Details

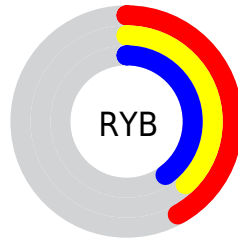
The HunterLab color $[35.3140, 2.3664, 0.2577]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[37.3130, -6.0627, 3.7271]$, and the grayscale version is $[35.7254, -1.9062, 1.9410]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[54.9181, 2.0918, 0.8713]$, and $[18.7813, 2.4679, -0.1948]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[32.5169, 6.7355, -1.4188]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[38.2604, -1.9276, 2.0328]$.

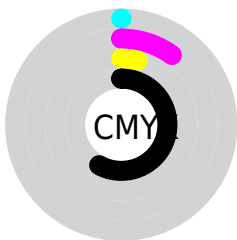
Distribution



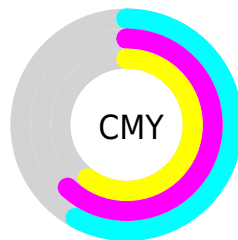
- Red (42%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (58%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 35.3140, 2.3664, 0.2577 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 35.3140, 2.3664, 0.2577 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 35.3140, 2.3664,
0.2577

■ 35.3140, 2.3664,
0.2577

■ 144.0490, -0.9949,
5.2203

■ 26.5811, 2.4663,
-0.0742

■ 55.0914, 1.9595,
1.0806

■ 18.7166, 2.4828,
-0.3446

■ 66.0250, 1.6704,
1.5605

■ 11.8309, 2.3943,
-0.5411

■ 77.5992, 1.3312,
2.0814

■ 4.6529, 5.1593,
-1.8618

■ 89.7803, 0.9461,
2.6407

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 102.5394, 0.5183,
3.2360

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 115.8516, 0.0507,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

129.6947, -0.4543,
4.5273

■ 35.3140, 2.3664,
0.2577

■ 35.3140, 2.3664,
0.2577

■ 32.5169, 6.7355,
-1.4188

■ 38.2604, -1.9276,
2.0328

■ 29.8905, 11.1607,
-2.9644

■ 41.3345, -6.1376,
3.8804

■ 27.4638, 15.5928,
-4.3308

■ 44.5211, -10.2670,
5.7841

■ 25.2701, 19.9434,
-5.4544

■ 47.8074, -14.3227,
7.7322

■ 23.3465, 24.0690,
-6.2559

■ 51.1827, -18.3132,
9.7163

■ 21.7308, 27.7646,
-6.6467

■ 54.6381, -22.2477,
11.7305

■ 20.4558, 30.7800,
-6.5480

■ 58.1663, -26.1346,
13.7706

■ 19.5393, 32.8767,
-5.9199

■ 61.7610, -29.9820,
15.8335

■ 18.8261, 34.4627,
-5.0626

■ 65.4171, -33.7970,
17.9171

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



35.3148, 0.9000, -1.6314



35.3140, 2.3664, 0.2577



35.3148, 2.6774, 2.4864

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.3148, 2.3655, 0.2583



35.3148, -2.4822, 5.9008



35.3148, -5.3731, -0.7890

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.3140, 2.3664, 0.2577



37.3130, -6.0627, 3.7271

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



35.3148, -6.2292, 1.3486



35.3140, 2.3664, 0.2577



35.3148, -4.5886, 5.1412

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.3148, 2.3655, 0.2583



35.3148, -0.1616, 5.6507



35.3148, -5.9458, 3.5090



35.3148, -3.5783, -2.2630

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.3140, 2.3664, 0.2577



35.3148, 2.1819, 3.8485



35.3148, -5.9458, 3.5090



35.3148, -5.7781, -0.1190

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.3148, 2.3655, 0.2583



50.0733, -0.9784, 2.0427



34.8262, 0.9498, -2.2048



24.4988, -0.2851, 0.9228



75.5302, -4.0301, 4.1037



25.2436, -1.3469, 1.3715

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.3148, 2.3655, 0.2583



46.4676, 4.3625, -0.1287



35.1672, 1.5732, 2.3607



17.7373, 0.8926, 0.2419



20.7504, 37.9601, -5.3846



46.6573, 85.0296, -9.5997

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.3148, 2.3655, 0.2583



46.4676, 4.3625, -0.1287



37.4561, -5.2646, 1.6830



17.7373, 0.8926, 0.2419



20.7504, 37.9601, -5.3846



46.6573, 85.0296, -9.5997

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 35.3140, 2.3664, 0.2577 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 35.3140, 2.3664, 0.2577 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

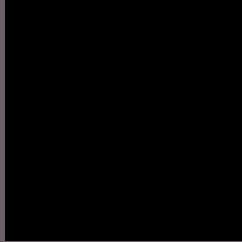
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 35.3140, 2.3664, 0.2577 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 35.3140, 2.3664, 0.2577.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 35.3140, 2.3664,

0.2577.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

35.3140, 2.3664, 0.2577

Protanopia

35.1959, -0.6727, -0.3866

Deuteranopia

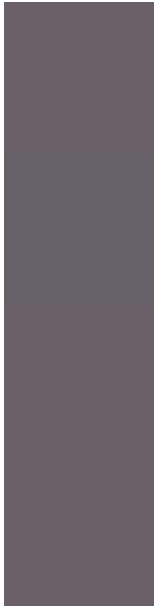
35.3140, 2.3664, 0.2577



Tritanopia

35.3140, 2.3664, 0.2577

Trichromacy



Original Color

35.3140, 2.3664, 0.2577

Protanomaly

35.1762, 0.6183, -0.3885

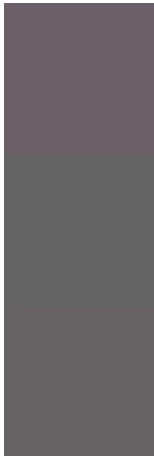
Deuteranomaly

35.3140, 2.3664, 0.2577

Tritanomaly

35.3140, 2.3664, 0.2577

Monochromacy



Original Color

35.3140, 2.3664, 0.2577

Achromatopsia

35.6984, -1.9048, 1.9396

Achromatomaly

35.7027, -0.4628, 1.5458

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 35.3140, 2.3664, 0.2577 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(107, 96, 103)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(107, 96, 103)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 96, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(107, 96, 103) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 35.3140, 2.3664, 0.2577 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(107, 96, 103) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(107, 96, 103) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(107, 96, 103)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 96, 103); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 96, 103); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 96, 103) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 35.3140, 2.3664, 0.2577 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(107, 96, 103) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(107, 96,  
103) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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