

Converting Colors

HunterLab(35.5034, -4.5867,
-2.5729)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(35.5034, -4.5867,
-2.5729) contains.

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Color

HunterLab(35.5431, -4.7370,
-2.3158)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | 57666D |
| RGB | 87, 102, 109 |
| RGB Percent | 34%, 40%, 43% |
| CMY | 0.6588, 0.6000, 0.5725 |
| CMYK | 0.20, 0.06, 0.00, 0.57 |
| HSL | 199°, 11%, 38% |
| HSV | 199°, 20%, 43% |
| XYZ | 11.4422, 12.6331, 16.3034 |
| YIQ | 98.3130, -11.1870, -1.0030 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

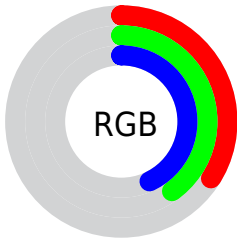
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| RYB | 87, 96, 109 |
| Decimal | 5727853 |
| CIELab | 42.21, -4.00, -5.85 |
| CIElCh | 42, 7.086, 235.624 |
| Yxy | 12.6336, 0.2834, 0.3129 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4283917933 (0xFF57666D) |
| YUV | 98.3130, 5.2687, -9.9215 |
| Hunter-Lab | 35.5431, -4.7370, -2.3158 |

Details

The HunterLab color **35.5431, -4.7370, -2.3158** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **34.5612, 1.6489, 5.8565**, and the grayscale version is **35.0501, -1.8702, 1.9043**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **55.3524, -6.4019, -1.6277**, and **18.8457, -3.1428, -2.7804** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33.8830, -5.7353, -4.5391**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37.2753, -3.5232, -0.1060**.

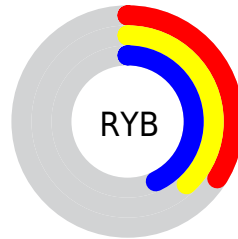
Distribution



Red (34%)

Green (40%)

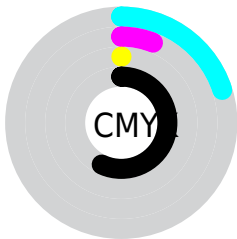
Blue (43%)



Red (34%)

Yellow (38%)

Blue (43%)

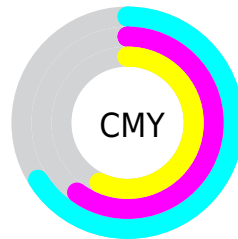


Cyan (20%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (57%)



Cyan (66%)

Magenta (60%)

Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 35.5431, -4.7370, -2.3158 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 35.5431, -4.7370, -2.3158 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 35.5431, -4.7370,
-2.3158

■ 35.5431, -4.7370,
-2.3158

■ 144.4147,
-12.2880, 1.3119

■ 26.7895, -4.0060,
-2.4555

■ 55.3570, -6.2612,
-1.8414

■ 18.9021, -3.2905,
-2.5183

■ 66.3071, -7.0557,
-1.5215

■ 11.9901, -2.5833,
-2.4892

■ 77.8968, -7.8725,
-1.1527

■ 4.9418, -3.7917,
-4.6366

■ 90.0927, -8.7117,
-0.7390

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 102.8661, -9.5732,
-0.2832

0.0000, NaN, NaN

116.1918,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-10.4566, 0.2120

0.0000, NaN, NaN

130.0479,
-11.3616, 0.7443

■ 35.5431, -4.7370,
-2.3158

■ 35.5431, -4.7370,
-2.3158

■ 33.8830, -5.7353,
-4.5391

■ 37.2753, -3.5232,
-0.1060

■ 32.2976, -6.4934,
-6.7719

■ 39.0726, -2.1141,
2.0848

■ 30.7927, -6.9882,
-9.0060

■ 40.9314, -0.5303,
4.2549

■ 29.3728, -7.1974,
-11.2312

■ 42.8475, 1.2099,
6.4032

■ 28.0422, -7.1011,
-13.4353

■ 44.8170, 3.0903,
8.5296

■ 26.8038, -6.6858,
-15.6045

■ 46.8365, 5.0964,
10.6344

■ 25.6587, -5.9476,
-17.7253

■ 48.9027, 7.2154,
12.7185

■ 24.5872, -5.0516,
-19.8269

■ 51.0126, 9.4362,
14.7830

■ 53.1637, 11.7491,
16.8294

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



35.5438, -6.3891, -0.2321



35.5431, -4.7370, -2.3158



35.5438, -2.2874, -3.2608

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.5438, -4.7376, -2.3152



35.5438, 3.3410, 1.5619



35.5438, -4.0812, 6.0441

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.5431, -4.7370, -2.3158



34.5612, 1.6489, 5.8565

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



35.5438, -1.5078, 6.4479



35.5431, -4.7370, -2.3158



35.5438, 2.8268, 3.9732

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.5438, -4.7376, -2.3152



35.5438, 2.4178, -0.9204



35.5438, 1.0327, 5.7171



35.5438, -6.0180, 4.5711

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.5431, -4.7370, -2.3158



35.5438, -0.5118, -3.0717



35.5438, 1.0327, 5.7171



35.5438, -3.2641, 6.3046

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.5438, -4.7376, -2.3152



50.8355, -3.9869, 1.0389



37.1097, -10.0196, 5.7845



24.4723, -1.9624, 0.4392



75.5302, -4.0301, 4.1037



25.2436, -1.3469, 1.3715

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.5438, -4.7376, -2.3152



46.5545, -6.9757, -4.4299



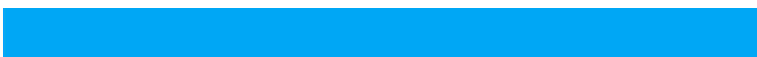
32.5860, 0.1352, -6.2431



18.2690, -1.6366, 0.0811



26.5075, -5.3375, -21.6100



58.4723, -9.9639, -51.5761

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33.2072, 7.0013, -1.8602



42.8039, 12.1220, -3.5988



37.4646, -3.2653, 8.7583



17.7435, 0.9257, 0.1542



20.9325, 38.6133, -7.9137



47.0784, 86.5434, -15.4716

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 35.5431, -4.7370, -2.3158 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 35.5431, -4.7370, -2.3158 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

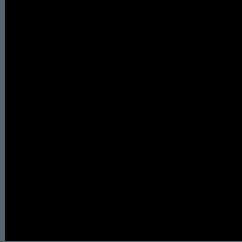
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

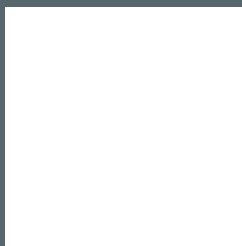
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 35.5431, -4.7370, -2.3158 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 35.5431, -4.7370, -2.3158.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 35.5431, -4.7370, -2.3158.

-2.3158.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

35.5431, -4.7370, -2.3158

Protanopia

35.5498, -0.6467, -1.3047

Deuteranopia

35.5222, 2.1470, -2.6961



Tritanopia

35.5735, -4.5677, -2.7465

Trichromacy



Original Color

35.5431, -4.7370, -2.3158

Protanomaly

35.5386, -2.0043, -1.8055

Deuteranomaly

35.5614, -0.4260, -2.6898

Tritanomaly

35.5735, -4.5677, -2.7465

Monochromacy



Original Color

35.5431, -4.7370, -2.3158

Achromatopsia

34.9484, -1.8648, 1.8988

Achromatomaly

35.0181, -2.7833, 0.2461

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 35.5431, -4.7370, -2.3158 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(87, 102, 109)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(87, 102, 109)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(87, 102, 109) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(87, 102, 109) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 35.5431, -4.7370, -2.3158 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(87, 102, 109) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(87, 102, 109) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(87, 102, 109)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(87, 102, 109); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 102, 109);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(87, 102,  
109) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 35.5431, -4.7370, -2.3158 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(87, 102, 109) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(87, 102,  
109) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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