

Converting Colors

HunterLab(35.6040, -8.0883,
10.3434)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(35.6040, -8.0883,
10.3434) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(35.4993, -7.9650,
10.3153)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5E674C
RGB	94, 103, 76
RGB Percent	37%, 40%, 30%
CMY	0.6314, 0.5961, 0.7020
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.26, 0.60
HSL	80°, 15%, 35%
HSV	80°, 26%, 40%
XYZ	10.7709, 12.6020, 8.7022
YIQ	97.2310, 3.3030, -10.3050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

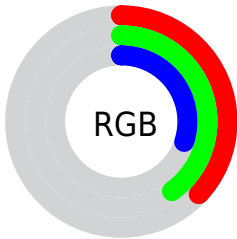
Format	Color
R_{YB}	76, 103, 85
Decimal	6186828
CIE Lab	42.16, -8.72, 14.12
CIE LCh	42, 16.598, 121.697
Yxy	12.6026, 0.3358, 0.3929
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284376908 (0xFF5E674C)
YUV	97.2310, -10.4669, -2.8336
Hunter-Lab	35.4993, -7.9650, 10.3153

Details

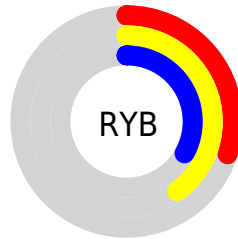
The HunterLab color $[35.4993, -7.9650, 10.3153]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666633 . A complement of this color would be $[28.4250, 5.3884, -9.1573]$, and the grayscale version is $[34.6984, -1.8514, 1.8852]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[55.3278, -9.9273, 13.1274]$, and $[18.8706, -5.6507, 7.2356]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[35.0614, -9.9539, 12.7924]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[35.9765, -5.8087, 7.4525]$.

Distribution



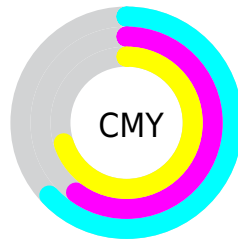
- Red (37%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (30%)



- Red (30%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (70%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 35.4993, -7.9650, 10.3153 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 35.4993, -7.9650, 10.3153 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 35.4993, -7.9650,
10.3153

■ 35.4993, -7.9650,
10.3153

144.3449,
-17.6062, 22.4735

■ 26.7497, -6.9118,
8.8537

■ 55.3063, -10.0540,
13.1004

■ 18.8666, -5.8341,
7.3072

■ 66.2532, -11.1016,
14.4547

■ 11.9597, -4.7059,
6.0010

■ 77.8400, -12.1567,
15.7962

■ 4.8880, -8.0356,
3.4216

■ 90.0331, -13.2217,
17.1309

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 102.8037,
-14.2981, 18.4631

0.0000, NaN, NaN

116.1268,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-15.3872, 19.7961

0.0000, NaN, NaN

129.9804,
-16.4897, 21.1322

■ 35.4993, -7.9650,
10.3153

■ 35.4993, -7.9650,
10.3153

■ 35.0614, -9.9539,
12.7924

■ 35.9765, -5.8087,
7.4525

■ 34.6603, -11.7688,
14.8822

■ 36.4908, -3.4875,
4.2071

■ 34.2960, -13.4087,
16.5889

■ 37.0428, -1.0088,
0.5874

■ 33.9679, -14.8738,
17.9221

■ 37.6322, 1.6200,
-3.3964

■ 33.6746, -16.1670,
18.8972

■ 38.2584, 4.3909,
-7.7315

■ 33.4145, -17.2945,
19.5372

■ 38.9210, 7.2952,
-12.4037

■ 33.1817, -18.2873,
19.9262

■ 39.6191, 10.3244,
-17.3975

■ 33.0967, -18.6516,
20.0675

■ 40.3519, 13.4696,
-22.6965

■ 41.1187, 16.7223,
-28.2840

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



35.5001, -2.2497, 11.5296



35.4993, -7.9650, 10.3153



35.5001, -11.8273, 6.9159

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.5001, -7.9659, 10.3157



35.5001, -7.3922, -9.6190



35.5001, 10.8711, 2.2677

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.4993, -7.9650, 10.3153



28.4250, 5.3884, -9.1573

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



35.5001, 9.2632, -3.8982



35.4993, -7.9650, 10.3153



35.5001, -1.5411, -11.4292

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.5001, -7.9659, 10.3157



35.5001, -11.5125, -4.5824



35.5001, 4.6111, -9.1785



35.5001, 8.8672, 7.4070

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.4993, -7.9650, 10.3153



35.5001, -12.9756, 3.5369



35.5001, 4.6111, -9.1785



35.5001, 10.7346, 0.2493

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.5001, -7.9659, 10.3157



48.6853, -5.3113, 6.5476



31.4687, 2.4866, 6.5516



24.0059, -2.8113, 3.4996



74.4461, -3.9723, 4.0448



24.3420, -1.2988, 1.3225

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.5001, -7.9659, 10.3157



47.1622, -12.2022, 15.7544



34.5691, -11.4120, 9.3742



17.9571, -2.0399, 2.5291



37.0962, -21.0248, 22.4904



84.4279, -49.1785, 51.1631

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28.4250, 5.3884, -9.1573



35.7300, 9.4644, -15.9456



29.6193, 9.1794, -7.2756



16.7449, 0.2331, -0.7674



12.8415, 31.5855, -66.0736



28.5742, 71.4218, -155.8559

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 35.4993, -7.9650, 10.3153 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 35.4993, -7.9650, 10.3153 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

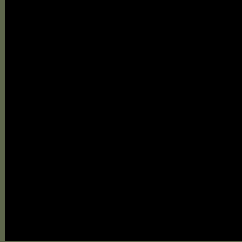
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 35.4993, -7.9650, 10.3153 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 35.4993, -7.9650, 10.3153.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 35.4993, -7.9650,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

35.4993, -7.9650, 10.3153

Protanopia

35.3302, -3.0101, 10.8455

Deuteranopia

35.2810, 2.3597, 9.6686



Tritanopia

35.4710, -0.9184, -1.4096

Trichromacy



Original Color

35.4993, -7.9650, 10.3153

Protanomaly

35.2805, -4.5353, 10.4736

Deuteranomaly

35.2978, -1.6357, 9.9282

Tritanomaly

35.3557, -3.3165, 3.1702

Monochromacy



Original Color

35.4993, -7.9650, 10.3153

Achromatopsia

34.5743, -1.8448, 1.8785

Achromatomaly

34.8307, -4.1254, 5.3021

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 35.4993, -7.9650, 10.3153 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(94, 103, 76)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(94, 103, 76)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 103, 76) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(94, 103, 76) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 35.4993, -7.9650, 10.3153 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(94, 103, 76) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(94, 103, 76) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(94, 103, 76)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(94, 103, 76); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 103, 76);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 103,  
76) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 35.4993, -7.9650, 10.3153 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(94, 103, 76) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(94, 103,  
76) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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