

Converting Colors

HunterLab(35.9123, 54.9281,
-38.8803)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(35.9123, 54.9281,
-38.8803) contains.

HunterLab(35.9123, 54.9281, -38.8803)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(35.9123, 54.9281,
-38.8803)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A52FA9
RGB	165, 47, 169
RGB Percent	65%, 18%, 66%
CMY	0.3529, 0.8157, 0.3373
CMYK	0.02, 0.72, 0.00, 0.34
HSL	298°, 56%, 42%
HSV	298°, 72%, 66%
XYZ	23.6950, 12.8969, 38.7766
YIQ	96.1900, 31.1660, 62.9580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

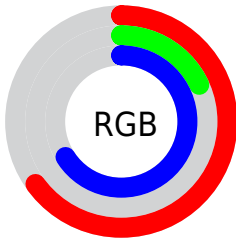
Format	Color
RYB	165, 47, 169
Decimal	10825641
CIELab	42.61, 62.06, -40.72
CIELCh	43, 74.228, 326.734
Yxy	12.8975, 0.3144, 0.1711
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289015721 (0xFFA52FA9)
YUV	96.1900, 35.8953, 60.3464
Hunter-Lab	35.9123, 54.9281, -38.8803

Details

The HunterLab color $35.9123, 54.9281, -38.8803$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 990099 . A complement of this color would be $54.1159, -41.7071, 29.6687$, and the grayscale version is $34.1352, -1.8214, 1.8546$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $55.8815, 58.9614, -40.1131$, and $21.2419, 42.3133, -32.2889$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $34.2617, 60.0296, -42.7939$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $38.1834, 48.2837, -33.9115$.

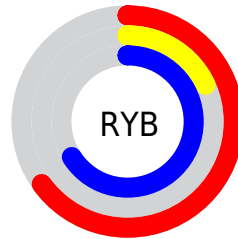
Distribution



Red (65%)

Green (18%)

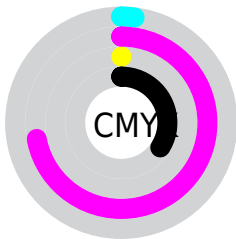
Blue (66%)



Red (65%)

Yellow (18%)

Blue (66%)

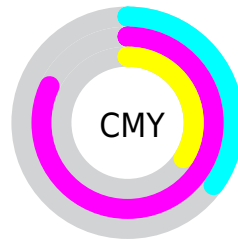


Cyan (2%)

Magenta (72%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (34%)



Cyan (35%)

Magenta (82%)

Yellow (34%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 35.9123, 54.9281, -38.8803 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 35.9123, 54.9281, -38.8803 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

35.9123, 54.9281,
-38.8803

35.9123, 54.9281,
-38.8803

145.0034, 70.9176,
-44.1999

27.1257, 52.7602,
-38.4530

55.7849, 59.1379,
-40.1464

19.2015, 50.7070,
-38.4501

66.7614, 61.1114,
-40.8244

12.2477, 49.1625,
-39.5228

78.3762, 62.9845,
-41.4856

5.3737, 63.3344,
-54.1751

90.5958, 64.7572,
-42.1150

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

103.3918, 66.4327,
-42.7044

0.0000, NaN, NaN

116.7393, 68.0149,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-43.2494

0.0000, NaN, NaN

130.6163, 69.5084,
-43.7481

■ 35.9123, 54.9281,
-38.8803

■ 35.9123, 54.9281,
-38.8803

■ 34.2617, 60.0296,
-42.7939

■ 38.1834, 48.2837,
-33.9115

■ 33.2248, 63.2526,
-45.4037

■ 41.0358, 40.5801,
-28.2373

■ 32.7105, 64.7749,
-46.7469

■ 44.4115, 32.2739,
-22.1804

■ 48.2447, 23.7183,
-15.9867

■ 52.4720, 15.1463,
-9.8155

■ 57.0372, 6.6920,
-3.7556

■ 61.8926, -1.5796,
2.1524

■ 66.9984, -9.6467,
7.8976

■ 72.3220, -17.5117,
13.4855

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



35.9131, 25.5775, -80.1574



35.9123, 54.9281, -38.8803



35.9131, 68.9718, -1.0790

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.9131, 54.9265, -38.8787



35.9131, 1.1928, 25.1392



35.9131, -38.3991, -29.4608

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.9123, 54.9281, -38.8803



54.1159, -41.7071, 29.6687

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



35.9131, -41.3480, 4.7451



35.9123, 54.9281, -38.8803



35.9131, -23.0265, 24.3116

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.9131, 54.9265, -38.8787



35.9131, 32.5456, 23.8236



35.9131, -36.6967, 20.2043



35.9131, -26.8855, -72.3756

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.9123, 54.9281, -38.8803



35.9131, 65.3466, 13.7738



35.9131, -36.6967, 20.2043



35.9131, -40.2371, -16.0873

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.9131, 54.9265, -38.8787



70.0989, 20.5064, -13.3057



24.1723, 28.0061, -76.6842



32.0269, 10.9463, -7.1984



92.0917, -4.9138, 5.0035



39.3538, -2.0998, 2.1382

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.9131, 54.9265, -38.8787



44.8755, 83.3868, -59.7067



34.1173, 46.5424, -4.8370



27.6657, 2.0221, -0.9584



28.2475, 55.9325, -40.3340



4.4482, 8.7853, -6.1776

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.7224, 40.7978, 15.2019



40.1017, 63.4959, 23.4982



54.7528, -37.6049, 18.9165



27.4702, 0.9261, 2.1814



25.0942, 43.0170, 15.8871



3.9296, 6.7669, 2.2501

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 35.9123, 54.9281, -38.8803 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

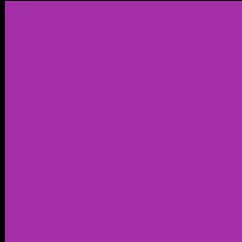
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 35.9123, 54.9281, -38.8803 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

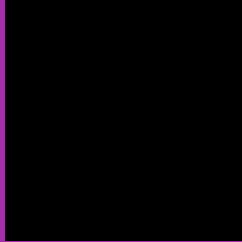
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 35.9123, 54.9281, -38.8803 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 35.9123, 54.9281, -38.8803.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 35.9123, 54.9281, -38.8803.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

35.9123, 54.9281, -38.8803

Protanopia

36.4547, 13.3380, -74.3581

Deuteranopia

36.2571, 3.2145, -32.7405



Tritanopia

35.9178, 25.2703, 9.0659

Trichromacy



Original Color

35.9123, 54.9281, -38.8803



Protanomaly

32.3228, 22.9415, -73.3022



Deuteranomaly

33.9238, 21.4133, -40.1055



Tritanomaly

35.3302, 35.5989, -4.3222

Monochromacy



Original Color

35.9123, 54.9281, -38.8803



Achromatopsia

34.2010, -1.8249, 1.8582



Achromatomaly

33.0814, 18.6451, -12.8737

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 35.9123, 54.9281, -38.8803 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(165, 47, 169)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(165, 47, 169)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(165, 47, 169) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(165, 47, 169) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 35.9123, 54.9281, -38.8803 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(165, 47, 169) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(165, 47, 169) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(165, 47, 169) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(165, 47, 169); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 47, 169);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(165, 47,  
169) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 35.9123, 54.9281, -38.8803 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(165, 47, 169) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(165, 47,  
169) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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