

Converting Colors

HunterLab(35.9609, -15.5866,
-36.8502)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(35.9609, -15.5866,
-36.8502) contains.

HunterLab(38.1141, -7.2374, -32.0158)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(38.1141, -7.2374,
-32.0158)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0071A5
RGB	0, 113, 165
RGB Percent	0%, 44%, 65%
CMY	0.9999, 0.5569, 0.3529
CMYK	1.00, 0.32, 0.00, 0.35
HSL	199°, 100%, 32%
HSV	199°, 100%, 65%
XYZ	12.6966, 14.5268, 37.7320
YIQ	85.1410, -84.0400, -7.7840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

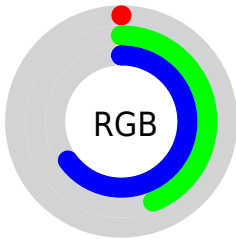
Format	Color
RYB	0, 67, 165
Decimal	29093
CIELab	44.98, -7.24, -35.34
CIELCh	45, 36.077, 258.415
Yxy	14.5273, 0.1955, 0.2236
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278219173 (0xFF0071A5)
YUV	85.1410, 39.3705, -74.6687
Hunter-Lab	38.1141, -7.2374, -32.0158

Details

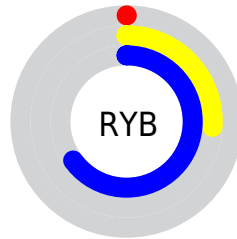
The HunterLab color **38.1141, -7.2374, -32.0158** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006699**. A complement of this color would be **32.3388, 35.8429, 20.5530**, and the grayscale version is **30.0777, -1.6049, 1.6342**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **58.4400, -9.4220, -32.8496**, and **22.2999, -0.0353, -27.7967** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **38.1118, -7.2337, -32.0210**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39.7945, -9.0107, -28.6736**.

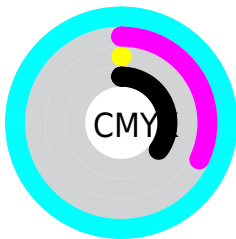
Distribution



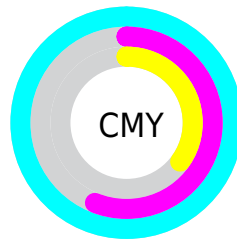
- Red (0%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 38.1141, -7.2374, -32.0158 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 38.1141, -7.2374, -32.0158 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 38.1141, -7.2374,
-32.0158

■ 38.1141, -7.2374,
-32.0158

■ 148.4881,
-16.2513, -36.5028

■ 29.1347, -6.2858,
-31.4477

■ 58.3282, -9.1503,
-33.2690

■ 20.9976, -5.3276,
-31.0703

■ 69.4594, -10.1213,
-33.8700

■ 13.8017, -4.3454,
-31.2189

■ 81.2204, -11.1051,
-34.4309

■ 7.4250, -4.6484,
-34.5529

■ 93.5792, -12.1031,
-34.9451

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 106.5081,
-13.1161, -35.4097

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 119.9830,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-14.1450, -35.8239

0.0000, NaN, NaN

133.9827,
-15.1899, -36.1880

■ 38.1141, -7.2374,
-32.0158

■ 38.1141, -7.2374,
-32.0158

■ 38.1118, -7.2337,
-32.0210

■ 39.7945, -9.0107,
-28.6736

■ 41.6011, -10.3597,
-25.2807

■ 43.5651, -11.1651,
-21.7975

■ 45.6860, -11.4260,
-18.2460

■ 47.9595, -11.1628,
-14.6506

■ 50.3786, -10.4078,
-11.0336

■ 52.9353, -9.2001,
-7.4136

■ 55.6210, -7.5809,
-3.8050

■ 58.4272, -5.5909,
-0.2185

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



38.1147, -18.1478, -22.1502



38.1141, -7.2374, -32.0158



38.1147, 6.7459, -30.6315

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



38.1147, -7.2369, -32.0150



38.1147, 26.6608, 9.2404



38.1147, -19.9775, 15.3484

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



38.1141, -7.2374, -32.0158



32.3388, 35.8429, 20.5530

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



38.1147, -10.0879, 19.1321



38.1141, -7.2374, -32.0158



38.1147, 17.2964, 16.5740

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



38.1147, -7.2369, -32.0150



38.1147, 27.7137, -3.3705



38.1147, 3.4601, 19.4819



38.1147, -24.7704, 6.8188

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



38.1141, -7.2374, -32.0158



38.1147, 15.9605, -23.5861



38.1147, 3.4601, 19.4819



38.1147, -17.2099, 17.0635

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



38.1147, -7.2369, -32.0150



70.6419, -12.4191, -10.1958



52.0930, -43.1189, 27.9715



32.3838, -6.1344, -5.6702



90.9709, -4.8540, 4.9426



38.3822, -2.0480, 2.0854

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



38.1147, -7.2369, -32.0150



50.6304, -9.1102, -43.6174



19.5085, 32.9874, -95.5889



27.6276, -2.5602, 0.0188



33.2875, -6.5031, -27.5682



5.5820, -2.0247, -2.6062

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.3188, 55.8489, -10.8917



40.5252, 74.5742, -13.9182



49.5012, -0.9151, 30.4854



26.7656, 1.6361, 0.1239



26.3870, 48.6413, -9.7152



3.9275, 7.4158, -2.8098

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 38.1141, -7.2374, -32.0158 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 38.1141, -7.2374, -32.0158 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 38.1141, -7.2374, -32.0158 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 38.1141, -7.2374, -32.0158.

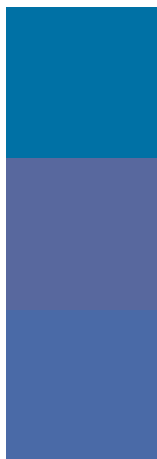


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 38.1141, -7.2374, -32.0158.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

38.1141, -7.2374, -32.0158

Protanopia

38.0052, 4.6292, -26.9644

Deuteranopia

38.1496, 3.2030, -33.2546



Tritanopia

38.0646, -18.2693, -8.1394

Trichromacy



Original Color

38.1141, -7.2374, -32.0158

Protanomaly

37.3220, -1.6004, -30.5953

Deuteranomaly

37.8085, -2.3164, -33.3170

Tritanomaly

37.9656, -14.4722, -16.2123

Monochromacy



Original Color

38.1141, -7.2374, -32.0158

Achromatopsia

30.1400, -1.6082, 1.6376

Achromatomaly

31.9117, -7.4569, -10.0443

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 38.1141, -7.2374, -32.0158 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 113, 165)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 113, 165)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 113, 165) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 113, 165) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 38.1141, -7.2374, -32.0158 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 113, 165) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 113, 165) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 113, 165)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 113, 165); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 113, 165);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 113,  
165) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 38.1141, -7.2374, -32.0158 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 113, 165) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 113,  
165) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor