

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(36.0024, 6.7790,  
25.2016)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(36.0024, 6.7790,  
25.2016) contains.

<b>HunterLab(36.2536, 7.8240, 22.4763)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(36.2536, 7.8240,  
22.4763)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	8B5C00
RGB	139, 92, 0
RGB Percent	55%, 36%, 0%
CMY	0.4549, 0.6392, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.34, 1.00, 0.45
HSL	40°, 100%, 27%
HSV	40°, 100%, 55%
XYZ	14.4746, 13.1432, 1.7740
YIQ	95.5650, 57.5440, -18.6480

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

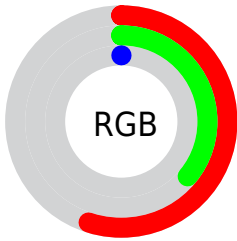
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	71, 139, 0
Decimal	9133056
CIE Lab	42.98, 12.79, 50.98
CIE LCh	43, 52.564, 75.917
Yxy	13.1439, 0.4925, 0.4472
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287323136 (0xFF8B5C00)
YUV	95.5650, -47.1135, 38.0925
Hunter-Lab	36.2536, 7.8240, 22.4763

# Details

The HunterLab color **36.2536, 7.8240, 22.4763** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996600**. A complement of this color would be **19.7410, 16.7825, -60.9024**, and the grayscale version is **34.1945, -1.8245, 1.8579**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56.1534, 8.1840, 30.3760**, and **19.4756, 7.5674, 12.1333** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36.2542, 7.8225, 22.4766**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37.4367, 5.8793, 22.5187**.

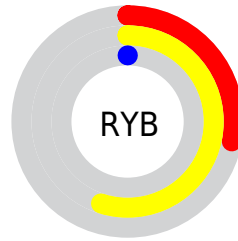
# Distribution



Red (55%)

Green (36%)

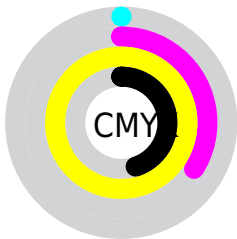
Blue (0%)



Red (28%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (0%)

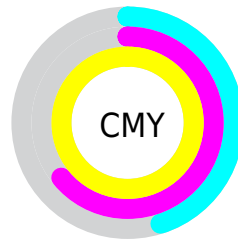


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (45%)



Cyan (45%)

Magenta (64%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 36.2536, 7.8240, 22.4763 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 36.2536, 7.8240, 22.4763 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



36.2536, 7.8240,  
22.4763

36.2536, 7.8240,  
22.4763

145.5465, 7.2765,  
53.5018

27.4367, 7.5174,  
18.3178

56.1801, 8.1508,  
30.4465

19.4789, 7.0958,  
13.6352

67.1810, 8.1989,  
34.1184

12.4866, 6.5295,  
8.7406

78.8187, 8.1807,  
37.6271

5.7430, 9.3974,  
4.0201

91.0603, 8.1023,  
40.9995

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

103.8772, 7.9689,  
44.2572

0.0000, NaN, NaN

117.2446, 7.7845,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

47.4178

0.0000, NaN, NaN

131.1409, 7.5528,  
50.4954

36.2536, 7.8240,  
22.4763

36.2536, 7.8240,  
22.4763

36.2542, 7.8225,  
22.4766

37.4367, 5.8793,  
22.5187

38.6752, 4.0761,  
22.2374

39.9791, 2.4770,  
21.4708

41.3479, 1.0932,  
20.2052

42.7799, -0.0707,  
18.4424

■ 44.2734, -1.0153,  
16.1942

■ 45.8258, -1.7445,  
13.4788

■ 47.4347, -2.2646,  
10.3183

■ 49.0976, -2.5838,  
6.7369

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.2545, 28.6079, 19.5625



36.2536, 7.8240, 22.4763



36.2545, -11.8179, 22.4012

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.2545, 7.8220, 22.4766



36.2545, -31.8151, -9.4581



36.2545, 29.7429, -33.4448

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.2536, 7.8240, 22.4763



19.7410, 16.7825, -60.9024

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.2545, 9.1318, -53.1539



36.2536, 7.8240, 22.4763



36.2545, -24.8445, -34.9772

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.2545, 7.8220, 22.4766



36.2545, -32.0176, 9.7404



36.2545, -10.7607, -53.8300



36.2545, 42.9883, -8.0150



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.2536, 7.8240, 22.4763



36.2545, -21.7130, 20.7791



36.2545, -10.7607, -53.8300



36.2545, 23.2696, -41.4419

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.2545, 7.8220, 22.4766



61.1867, -2.2792, 18.2944



23.8911, 41.8292, 8.3379



28.9960, -0.9321, 9.4591



84.2951, -4.4978, 4.5799



32.6403, -1.7416, 1.7734



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.2545, 7.8220, 22.4766



48.1905, 11.0997, 29.8891



47.2516, -19.5123, 28.7745



23.5900, -1.2465, 3.0724



34.4895, 7.3409, 21.3808



3.2587, -0.1988, 2.0045



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.7410, 16.7825, -60.9024



25.8818, 23.8524, -83.8405



14.2196, 37.4587, -92.4280



22.6952, -1.1470, -0.6804



18.8321, 15.7451, -57.5276

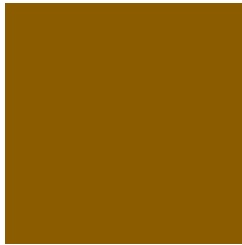


2.2047, -0.0808, -2.5812



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.2536, 7.8240, 22.4763 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.2536, 7.8240, 22.4763 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

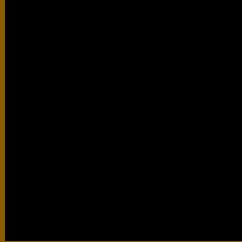
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 36.2536, 7.8240, 22.4763 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.2536, 7.8240, 22.4763.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.2536, 7.8240,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

36.2536, 7.8240, 22.4763

### Protanopia

36.2868, -5.1071, 21.8481

### Deuteranopia

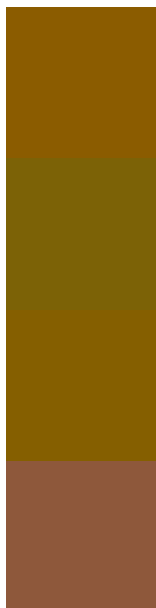
36.3545, 1.8196, 22.4333



## Tritanopia

36.4252, 17.5411, 6.2711

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

36.2536, 7.8240, 22.4763

## Protanomaly

36.1021, -0.3229, 21.9573

## Deuteranomaly

36.2918, 4.1923, 22.4362

## Tritanomaly

36.1192, 13.0679, 15.6933

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

36.2536, 7.8240, 22.4763

## Achromatopsia

34.2010, -1.8249, 1.8582

## Achromatomaly

34.5920, -0.5926, 13.7381

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 36.2536, 7.8240, 22.4763 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(139, 92, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(139, 92, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 92, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(139, 92, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 36.2536, 7.8240, 22.4763 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(139, 92, 0) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(139, 92, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 92, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(139, 92, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 92, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 92, 0)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 36.2536, 7.8240, 22.4763 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(139, 92, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(139, 92,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor