

Converting Colors

HunterLab(36.0028, -2.6370,
2.1554)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(36.0028, -2.6370, 2.1554)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(35.8889, -2.6263,
2.1506)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	636564
RGB	99, 101, 100
RGB Percent	39%, 40%, 39%
CMY	0.6118, 0.6039, 0.6078
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.01, 0.60
HSL	150°, 1%, 39%
HSV	150°, 2%, 40%
XYZ	12.0995, 12.8801, 13.9050
YIQ	100.2880, -0.8710, -0.7350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

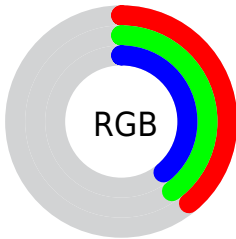
Format	Color
R_{YB}	99, 100, 101
Decimal	6514020
CIE Lab	42.58, -0.99, 0.29
CIE LCh	43, 1.027, 163.714
Yxy	12.8807, 0.3112, 0.3312
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284704100 (0xFF636564)
YUV	100.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296
Hunter-Lab	35.8889, -2.6263, 2.1506

Details

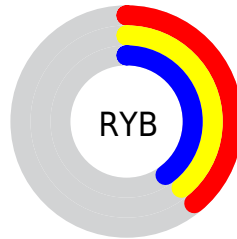
The HunterLab color $[35.8889, -2.6263, 2.1506]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[35.5118, -1.1770, 1.7309]$, and the grayscale version is $[35.8081, -1.9106, 1.9455]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[55.8345, -3.7461, 3.2492]$, and $[19.1109, -1.4074, 1.3020]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[35.0029, -6.0404, 3.1463]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[36.8600, 0.9955, 1.2089]$.

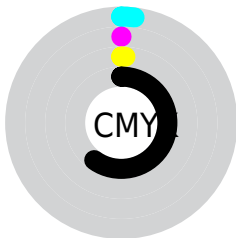
Distribution



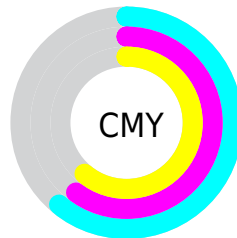
- Red (39%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 35.8889, -2.6263, 2.1506 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 35.8889, -2.6263, 2.1506 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 35.8889, -2.6263,
2.1506

■ 35.8889, -2.6263,
2.1506

■ 144.9661, -8.8765,
8.2061

■ 27.1043, -2.0939,
1.6552

■ 55.7577, -3.8015,
3.2641

■ 19.1825, -1.5998,
1.2043

■ 66.7326, -4.4387,
3.8756

■ 12.2313, -1.1473,
0.8034

■ 78.3458, -5.1073,
4.5212

■ 5.3474, -1.0888,
0.5143

■ 90.5639, -5.8058,
5.1990

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 103.3585, -6.5329,
5.9076

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 116.7046, -7.2878,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

130.5803, -8.0692,
7.4122

■ 35.8889, -2.6263,
2.1506

■ 35.8889, -2.6263,
2.1506

■ 35.0029, -6.0404,
3.1463

■ 36.8600, 0.9955,
1.2089

■ 34.2022, -9.2164,
4.1882

■ 37.9108, 4.7998,
0.3239

■ 33.4894, -12.1279,
5.2689

■ 39.0388, 8.7594,
-0.5009

■ 32.8655, -14.7504,
6.3787

■ 40.2405, 12.8498,
-1.2642

■ 32.3306, -17.0634,
7.5063

■ 41.5121, 17.0490,
-1.9657

■ 31.8835, -19.0524,
8.6393

■ 42.8499, 21.3376,
-2.6062

■ 31.5217, -20.7105,
9.7642

■ 44.2504, 25.6985,
-3.1872

■ 31.2410, -22.0404,
10.8670

■ 45.7100, 30.1174,
-3.7107

■ 31.0342, -23.0605,
11.9327

■ 47.2253, 34.5821,
-4.1793

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



35.8897, -2.4288, 2.4606



35.8889, -2.6263, 2.1506



35.8897, -2.6357, 1.7857

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



35.8897, -2.6271, 2.1512



35.8897, -1.7406, 1.2603



35.8897, -1.3784, 2.4385

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



35.8889, -2.6263, 2.1506



35.5118, -1.1770, 1.7309

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



35.8897, -1.1924, 2.1207



35.8889, -2.6263, 2.1506



35.8897, -1.4021, 1.4391

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



35.8897, -2.6271, 2.1512



35.8897, -2.1250, 1.2687



35.8897, -1.2011, 1.7548



35.8897, -1.7084, 2.6252

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



35.8889, -2.6263, 2.1506



35.8897, -2.5327, 1.5592



35.8897, -1.2011, 1.7548



35.8897, -1.2969, 2.3436

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



35.8897, -2.6271, 2.1512



47.1399, -3.0006, 2.6976



35.9445, -2.4890, 2.6337



23.3885, -1.4681, 1.3326



73.3645, -3.9145, 3.9860



23.4461, -1.2510, 1.2739

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



35.8897, -2.6271, 2.1512



47.0143, -3.4763, 2.8279



35.9159, -2.4827, 1.7763



18.1102, -1.2902, 1.0754



35.3597, -27.3064, 14.7500



80.6435, -63.0402, 35.2883

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.5118, -1.1770, 1.7309



46.5007, -1.5054, 2.2567



35.4855, -1.3204, 2.1055



17.9384, -0.6309, 0.8843



19.8183, 35.4519, 1.0821



45.0645, 80.2509, 5.2696

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 35.8889, -2.6263, 2.1506 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 35.8889, -2.6263, 2.1506 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

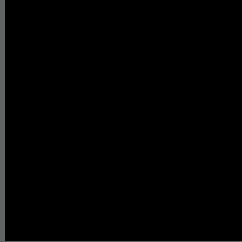
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 35.8889, -2.6263, 2.1506 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 35.8889, -2.6263, 2.1506.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 35.8889, -2.6263,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

35.8889, -2.6263, 2.1506

Protanopia

35.8329, -1.4915, 2.5221

Deuteranopia

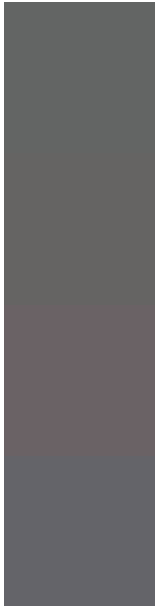
35.7826, 2.5000, 1.6926



Tritanopia

35.9254, -0.6650, -1.2888

Trichromacy



Original Color

35.8889, -2.6263, 2.1506

Protanomaly

35.7518, -1.7731, 2.4229

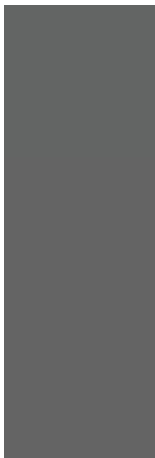
Deuteranomaly

35.6919, 0.8560, 1.5561

Tritanomaly

35.8380, -1.1418, -0.0471

Monochromacy



Original Color

35.8889, -2.6263, 2.1506

Achromatopsia

35.6984, -1.9048, 1.9396

Achromatomaly

35.6984, -1.9048, 1.9396

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 35.8889, -2.6263, 2.1506 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(99, 101, 100)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(99, 101, 100)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 101, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(99, 101, 100) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 35.8889, -2.6263, 2.1506 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(99, 101, 100) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(99, 101, 100) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(99, 101, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(99, 101, 100); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 101, 100);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(99, 101,  
100) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 35.8889, -2.6263, 2.1506 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(99, 101, 100) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(99, 101,  
100) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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