

Converting Colors

HunterLab(36.0878, -2.3416,
5.5607)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(36.0878, -2.3416, 5.5607)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(36.0876, -2.3416,
5.5608)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	68655C
RGB	104, 101, 92
RGB Percent	41%, 40%, 36%
CMY	0.5922, 0.6039, 0.6392
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.12, 0.59
HSL	45°, 6%, 38%
HSV	45°, 12%, 41%
XYZ	12.2944, 13.0231, 11.9910
YIQ	100.8710, 4.6770, -2.1630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

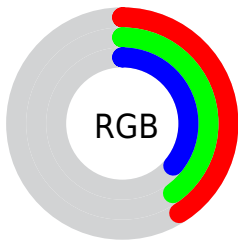
Format	Color
R_{YB}	96, 104, 92
Decimal	6841692
CIE Lab	42.80, -0.57, 5.51
CIE LCh	43, 5.541, 95.945
Yxy	13.0237, 0.3295, 0.3491
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285031772 (0xFF68655C)
YUV	100.8710, -4.3734, 2.7441
Hunter-Lab	36.0876, -2.3416, 5.5608

Details

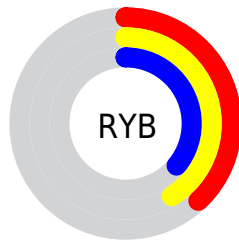
The HunterLab color $36.0876, -2.3416, 5.5608$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $33.8512, -1.2118, -2.1013$, and the grayscale version is $36.0413, -1.9231, 1.9582$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $56.0161, -3.6151, 7.3667$, and $19.2495, -1.2346, 3.8786$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $35.1533, -2.5020, 8.2878$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $37.0552, -2.0434, 2.5170$.

Distribution



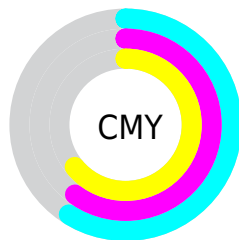
- Red (41%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (59%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 36.0876, -2.3416, 5.5608 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 36.0876, -2.3416, 5.5608 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 36.0876, -2.3416,
5.5608

■ 36.0876, -2.3416,
5.5608

■ 145.2824, -8.4208,
13.8239

■ 27.2853, -1.8353,
4.7250

■ 55.9878, -3.4711,
7.2703

■ 19.3439, -1.3699,
3.8922

■ 66.9769, -4.0877,
8.1492

■ 12.3702, -0.9505,
3.0484

■ 78.6034, -4.7368,
9.0464

■ 5.5665, -0.7466,
3.8966

■ 90.8344, -5.4167,
9.9627

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 103.6411, -6.1262,
10.8985

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 116.9988, -6.8641,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

130.8857, -7.6293,
12.8291

■ 36.0876, -2.3416,
5.5608

■ 36.0876, -2.3416,
5.5608

■ 35.1533, -2.5020,
8.2878

■ 37.0552, -2.0434,
2.5170

■ 34.2507, -2.5175,
10.6832

■ 38.0526, -1.6094,
-0.8309

■ 33.3815, -2.3855,
12.7362

■ 39.0797, -1.0461,
-4.4676

■ 32.5462, -2.1040,
14.4378

■ 40.1354, -0.3591,
-8.3782

■ 31.7455, -1.6724,
15.7827

■ 41.2188, 0.4458,
-12.5476

■ 30.9794, -1.0922,
16.7703

■ 42.3287, 1.3627,
-16.9614

■ 30.2476, -0.3680,
17.4067

■ 43.4641, 2.3859,
-21.6054

■ 29.5494, 0.4916,
17.7097

■ 44.6241, 3.5099,
-26.4660

■ 28.9735, 1.2613,
17.8754

■ 45.8078, 4.7290,
-31.5304

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.0884, -0.2759, 5.2817



36.0876, -2.3416, 5.5608



36.0884, -4.2549, 4.9224

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.0884, -2.3426, 5.5613



36.0884, -5.1216, -0.3509



36.0884, 1.8134, 0.3722

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.0876, -2.3416, 5.5608



33.8512, -1.2118, -2.1013

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.0884, 0.4603, -1.2673



36.0876, -2.3416, 5.5608



36.0884, -3.5499, -1.7012

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.0884, -2.3426, 5.5613



36.0884, -5.8357, 1.5664



36.0884, -1.5106, -2.0457



36.0884, 2.1544, 2.3579

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.0876, -2.3416, 5.5608



36.0884, -5.1949, 4.0389



36.0884, -1.5106, -2.0457



36.0884, 1.4604, -0.2411

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.0884, -2.3426, 5.5613



48.8802, -2.7796, 3.9842



33.7991, 2.1232, 1.8720



24.1000, -1.3883, 2.1091



74.4461, -3.9723, 4.0448



24.3420, -1.2988, 1.3225

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.0884, -2.3426, 5.5613



47.4423, -3.1823, 8.4414



36.6609, -4.5164, 6.1358



17.7711, -1.1135, 2.3418



32.0887, 1.5405, 19.7999



72.2964, 5.2691, 44.6409

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33.8512, -1.2118, -2.1013



43.7564, -1.3140, -4.1945



33.2970, 0.9427, -2.7869



16.9249, -0.6866, -0.5547



14.4725, 17.9816, -56.9064



31.1643, 46.8874, -140.1690

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.0876, -2.3416, 5.5608 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.0876, -2.3416, 5.5608 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

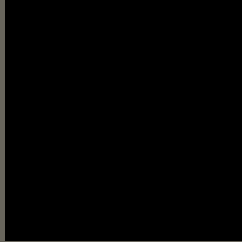
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 36.0876, -2.3416, 5.5608 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.0876, -2.3416, 5.5608.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.0876, -2.3416,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36.0876, -2.3416, 5.5608

Protanopia

36.1709, -2.0512, 5.6555

Deuteranopia

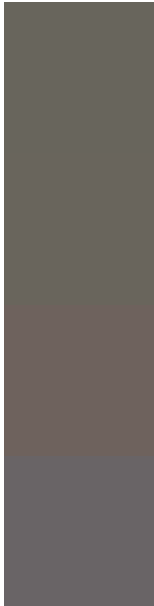
35.9404, 2.6128, 5.1081



Tritanopia

36.1239, 1.3145, -0.5479

Trichromacy



Original Color

36.0876, -2.3416, 5.5608

Protanomaly

36.1709, -2.0512, 5.6555

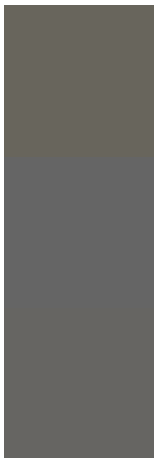
Deuteranomaly

35.8339, 0.9214, 4.9621

Tritanomaly

36.1620, -0.1943, 1.6695

Monochromacy



Original Color

36.0876, -2.3416, 5.5608

Achromatopsia

36.0744, -1.9248, 1.9600

Achromatomaly

36.0749, -2.0833, 3.2013

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 36.0876, -2.3416, 5.5608 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(104, 101, 92)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(104, 101, 92)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(104, 101, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(104, 101, 92) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 36.0876, -2.3416, 5.5608 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(104, 101, 92) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(104, 101, 92) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(104, 101, 92)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(104, 101, 92); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 101, 92);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 101,  
92) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 36.0876, -2.3416, 5.5608 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(104, 101, 92) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(104,  
101, 92) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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