

Converting Colors

HunterLab(36.0985, 12.1167,
-0.7727)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(36.0985, 12.1167,
-0.7727) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(36.2685, 12.0766,
-0.6328)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	805B6C
RGB	128, 91, 108
RGB Percent	50%, 36%, 42%
CMY	0.4980, 0.6431, 0.5765
CMYK	0.00, 0.29, 0.16, 0.50
HSL	332°, 17%, 43%
HSV	332°, 29%, 50%
XYZ	15.3499, 13.1540, 15.9172
YIQ	104.0010, 16.5950, 13.1310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

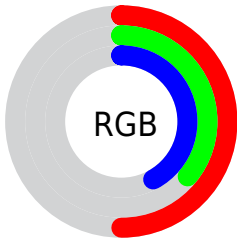
Format	Color
R_{YB}	128, 91, 108
Decimal	8412012
CIE _{Lab}	43.00, 18.00, -3.64
CIE _{LCh}	43, 18.363, 348.560
Yxy	13.1546, 0.3456, 0.2961
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286602092 (0xFF805B6C)
YUV	104.0010, 1.9715, 21.0471
Hunter-Lab	36.2685, 12.0766, -0.6328

Details

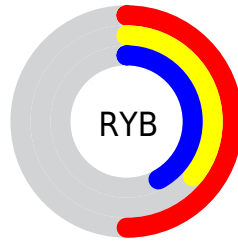
The HunterLab color $36.2685, 12.0766, -0.6328$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996666 . A complement of this color would be $43.3711, -14.5626, 5.9101$, and the grayscale version is $37.1958, -1.9847, 2.0209$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $56.0149, 12.9934, 0.0249$, and $19.5791, 10.6152, -1.1189$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $33.1784, 17.2250, -1.2927$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $39.6058, 6.9582, 0.2821$.

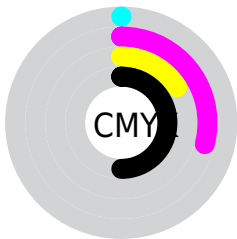
Distribution



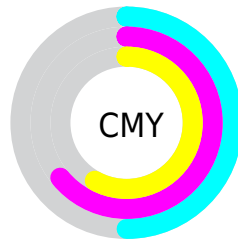
- Red (50%)
- Green (36%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (64%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 36.2685, 12.0766, -0.6328 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 36.2685, 12.0766, -0.6328 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

36.2685, 12.0766,
-0.6328

36.2685, 12.0766,
-0.6328

145.5700, 13.5765,
3.8697

27.4502, 11.4846,
-0.8982

56.1973, 12.9310,
0.0700

19.4909, 10.7598,
-1.0967

67.1992, 13.2233,
0.4947

12.4970, 9.8749,
-1.2146

78.8379, 13.4385,
0.9632

5.7585, 13.3119,
-2.3083

91.0804, 13.5840,
1.4723

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

103.8982, 13.6659,
2.0196

0.0000, NaN, NaN

117.2665, 13.6892,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

131.1636, 13.6583,
3.2200

■ 36.2685, 12.0766,
-0.6328

■ 36.2685, 12.0766,
-0.6328

■ 33.1784, 17.2250,
-1.2927

■ 39.6058, 6.9582,
0.2821

■ 30.3765, 22.3116,
-1.6351

■ 43.1517, 1.9219,
1.3968

■ 27.9132, 27.1699,
-1.5872

■ 46.8772, -3.0152,
2.6706

■ 25.8409, 31.5516,
-1.0817

■ 50.7584, -7.8510,
4.0720

■ 24.2067, 35.1402,
-0.0799

■ 54.7759, -12.5923,
5.5767

■ 23.0388, 37.6220,
1.3973

■ 58.9138, -17.2494,
7.1668

■ 22.2291, 39.1629,
3.1412

■ 63.1593, -21.8339,
8.8284

■ 22.1427, 39.3369,
3.3242

■ 67.5017, -26.3571,
10.5508

■ 71.9323, -30.8296,
12.3257

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.2693, 8.6069, -7.4613



36.2685, 12.0766, -0.6328



36.2693, 11.5851, 5.7831

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.2693, 12.0753, -0.6321



36.2693, -6.0836, 12.0558



36.2693, -10.3450, -8.8768

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.2685, 12.0766, -0.6328



43.3711, -14.5626, 5.9101

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.2693, -13.7292, -2.2985



36.2685, 12.0766, -0.6328



36.2693, -11.3993, 9.4042

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.2693, 12.0753, -0.6321



36.2693, 0.7449, 12.3339



36.2693, -14.1001, 4.4004



36.2693, -4.5435, -12.7840

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.2685, 12.0766, -0.6328



36.2693, 9.0865, 9.0227



36.2693, -14.1001, 4.4004



36.2693, -11.7837, -6.8533

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.2693, 12.0753, -0.6321



57.1114, 2.7508, 1.8052



35.2187, 10.1343, -12.5013



27.3425, 1.7336, 0.7780



80.9895, -4.3214, 4.4003



29.8298, -1.5916, 1.6207

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.2693, 12.0753, -0.6321



45.2570, 20.7399, -1.4845



36.1108, 9.1646, 6.1599



20.9155, 0.9793, 0.6670



22.0497, 39.1730, 3.3012

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.2693, 12.0753, -0.6321



45.2570, 20.7399, -1.4845



43.4758, -11.3340, -1.2595



20.9155, 0.9793, 0.6670

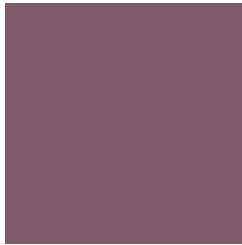


22.0497, 39.1730, 3.3012

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.2685, 12.0766, -0.6328 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

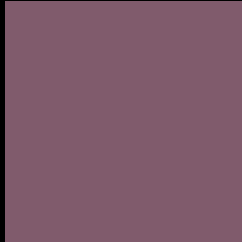
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.2685, 12.0766, -0.6328 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 36.2685, 12.0766, -0.6328 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.2685, 12.0766, -0.6328.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.2685, 12.0766, -0.6328.

-0.6328.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36.2685, 12.0766, -0.6328

Protanopia

36.3753, -0.1260, -3.5361

Deuteranopia

36.4695, 2.4799, -0.0982



Tritanopia

36.1752, 10.1152, 2.7077

Trichromacy



Original Color

36.2685, 12.0766, -0.6328

Protanomaly

36.1030, 4.2078, -2.8543

Deuteranomaly

36.3444, 6.0048, -0.1913

Tritanomaly

36.2568, 10.5351, 1.5419

Monochromacy



Original Color

36.2685, 12.0766, -0.6328

Achromatopsia

37.2064, -1.9852, 2.0215

Achromatomaly

36.6801, 3.0716, 1.0533

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 36.2685, 12.0766, -0.6328 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 91, 108)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 91, 108)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 91, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 91, 108) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 36.2685, 12.0766, -0.6328 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 91, 108) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 91, 108) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 91, 108)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 91, 108); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 91, 108);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 91,  
108) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 36.2685, 12.0766, -0.6328 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 91, 108) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128, 91,  
108) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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