

Converting Colors

HunterLab(36.1884, 0.7210,
5.2855)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(36.1884, 0.7210, 5.2855)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(36.1849, 0.7715,
5.3420)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6F635D
RGB	111, 99, 93
RGB Percent	44%, 39%, 36%
CMY	0.5647, 0.6118, 0.6353
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.16, 0.56
HSL	20°, 9%, 40%
HSV	20°, 16%, 44%
XYZ	12.9931, 13.0935, 12.1984
YIQ	101.9040, 9.0780, 0.6780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

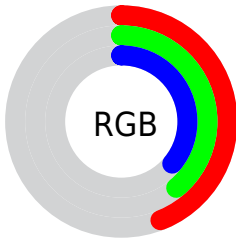
Format	Color
R_{YB}	111, 102, 93
Decimal	7299933
CIE _{Lab}	42.90, 3.67, 5.14
CIE _{LCh}	43, 6.321, 54.472
Yxy	13.0941, 0.3394, 0.3420
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285490013 (0xFF6F635D)
YUV	101.9040, -4.3897, 7.9772
Hunter-Lab	36.1849, 0.7715, 5.3420

Details

The HunterLab color $[36.1849, 0.7715, 5.3420]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[36.8479, -4.2461, -1.5673]$, and the grayscale version is $[36.4292, -1.9438, 1.9793]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[56.1982, 0.0171, 7.2131]$, and $[19.5146, 0.9381, 3.8704]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[34.0192, 2.7366, 7.1324]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[38.4344, -1.0567, 3.4198]$.

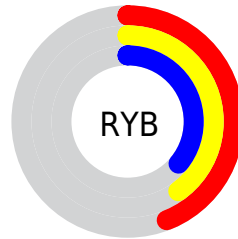
Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (39%)

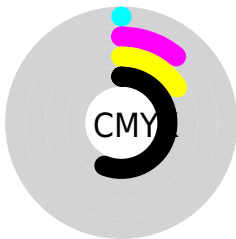
Blue (36%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (36%)

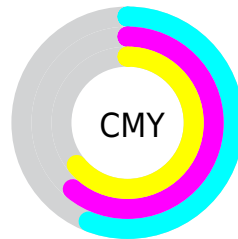


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (56%)



Cyan (56%)

Magenta (61%)

Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 36.1849, 0.7715, 5.3420 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 36.1849, 0.7715, 5.3420 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 36.1849, 0.7715,
5.3420

■ 36.1849, 0.7715,
5.3420

■ 145.4371, -3.5074,
13.4479

■ 27.3740, 1.0082,
4.5311

■ 56.1005, 0.1208,
7.0086

■ 19.4229, 1.1757,
3.7264

■ 67.0964, -0.2789,
7.8684

■ 12.4384, 1.2576,
2.9157

■ 78.7296, -0.7227,
8.7477

■ 5.6706, 2.5196,
3.9694

■ 90.9667, -1.2074,
9.6470

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 103.7794, -1.7303,
10.5667

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 117.1428, -2.2891,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

11.5068

0.0000, NaN, NaN

131.0352, -2.8821,
12.4672

■ 36.1849, 0.7715,
5.3420

■ 36.1849, 0.7715,
5.3420

■ 34.0192, 2.7366,
7.1324

■ 38.4344, -1.0567,
3.4198

■ 31.9445, 4.8525,
8.7669

■ 40.7572, -2.7564,
1.3830

■ 29.9723, 7.1254,
10.2188

■ 43.1471, -4.3408,
-0.7526

■ 28.1150, 9.5571,
11.4567

■ 45.5981, -5.8214,
-2.9745

■ 26.3866, 12.1396,
12.4458

■ 48.1048, -7.2090,
-5.2724

■ 24.8021, 14.8507,
13.1502

■ 50.6629, -8.5134,
-7.6379

■ 23.3772, 17.6476,
13.5389

■ 53.2683, -9.7433,
-10.0642

■ 22.1219, 20.4409,
13.6660

■ 55.9177, -10.9068,
-12.5453

■ 21.6876, 21.4510,
13.7393

■ 58.6082, -12.0108,
-15.0766

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.1857, 2.3357, 3.7303



36.1849, 0.7715, 5.3420



36.1857, -1.4899, 6.0477

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.1857, 0.7704, 5.3426



36.1857, -6.3843, 2.3874



36.1857, -0.0137, -2.2293

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.1849, 0.7715, 5.3420



36.8479, -4.2461, -1.5673

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.1857, -2.3734, -2.6462



36.1849, 0.7715, 5.3420



36.1857, -6.0120, 0.1159

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.1857, 0.7704, 5.3426



36.1857, -5.5891, 4.4137



36.1857, -4.5588, -1.7628



36.1857, 1.8748, -0.6577

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.1849, 0.7715, 5.3420



36.1857, -3.0714, 5.9435



36.1857, -4.5588, -1.7628



36.1857, -0.7798, -2.5132

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.1857, 0.7704, 5.3426



51.7623, -1.6674, 4.2890



34.9690, 5.2643, -1.0200



25.2892, -0.7547, 2.1734



76.6170, -4.0881, 4.1627



26.1505, -1.3953, 1.4208

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.1857, 0.7704, 5.3426



47.4522, 1.8783, 7.9610



38.5941, -3.2791, 7.8146



18.8851, -0.2794, 1.9833



23.4469, 23.5452, 14.8601



50.9364, 56.4153, 32.3744

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.8479, -4.2461, -1.5673



48.5141, -6.1728, -3.1253



34.4104, -0.2185, -4.7128



19.0706, -1.6824, 0.0500



26.5950, -4.6509, -23.2016



57.9657, -8.2135, -54.7215

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.1849, 0.7715, 5.3420 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.1849, 0.7715, 5.3420 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

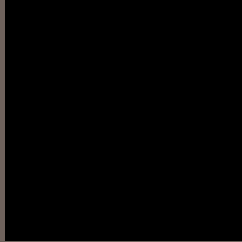
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 36.1849, 0.7715, 5.3420 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.1849, 0.7715, 5.3420.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.1849, 0.7715,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36.1849, 0.7715, 5.3420

Protanopia

36.2198, -1.7829, 4.9525

Deuteranopia

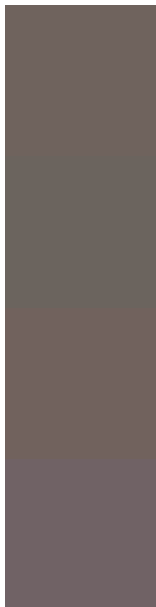
36.1982, 2.1536, 5.3806



Tritanopia

36.1663, 4.0027, 0.4460

Trichromacy



Original Color

36.1849, 0.7715, 5.3420

Protanomaly

36.1224, -0.7486, 4.8639

Deuteranomaly

36.1059, 1.8428, 5.2750

Tritanomaly

36.2211, 2.6429, 2.2123

Monochromacy



Original Color

36.1849, 0.7715, 5.3420

Achromatopsia

36.4511, -1.9449, 1.9805

Achromatomaly

36.3476, -1.0849, 3.1230

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 36.1849, 0.7715, 5.3420 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(111, 99, 93)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(111, 99, 93)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(111, 99, 93) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(111, 99, 93) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 36.1849, 0.7715, 5.3420 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(111, 99, 93) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(111, 99, 93) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(111, 99, 93)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(111, 99, 93); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 99, 93);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 99,  
93) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 36.1849, 0.7715, 5.3420 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(111, 99, 93) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(111, 99,  
93) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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