

Converting Colors

HunterLab(36.1929, 1.6422,
2.0979)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(36.1929, 1.6422, 2.0979)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(36.3019, 1.5801,
2.2883)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6E6365
RGB	110, 99, 101
RGB Percent	43%, 39%, 40%
CMY	0.5686, 0.6118, 0.6039
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.08, 0.57
HSL	349°, 5%, 41%
HSV	349°, 10%, 43%
XYZ	13.2412, 13.1783, 14.1577
YIQ	102.5170, 5.9140, 2.9540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	110, 99, 101
Decimal	7234405
CIE _{Lab}	43.03, 4.76, 0.45
CIE _{LCh}	43, 4.777, 5.465
Yxy	13.1789, 0.3263, 0.3248
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285424485 (0xFF6E6365)
YUV	102.5170, -0.7479, 6.5626
Hunter-Lab	36.3019, 1.5801, 2.2883

Details

The HunterLab color **36.3019, 1.5801, 2.2883** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **38.5844, -5.3981, 1.8791**, and the grayscale version is **36.6480, -1.9554, 1.9912**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56.3570, 1.0637, 3.4938**, and **19.5874, 1.4955, 1.5318** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33.2680, 5.3738, 2.5490**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39.4884, -2.1077, 2.1454**.

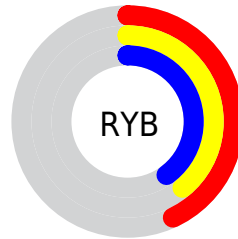
Distribution



Red (43%)

Green (39%)

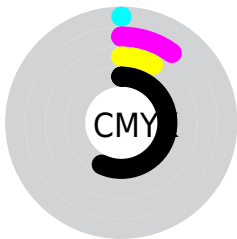
Blue (40%)



Red (43%)

Yellow (39%)

Blue (40%)

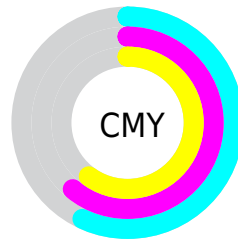


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (57%)



Cyan (57%)

Magenta (61%)

Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 36.3019, 1.5801, 2.2883 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 36.3019, 1.5801, 2.2883 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 36.3019, 1.5801,
2.2883

■ 36.3019, 1.5801,
2.2883

■ 145.6231, -2.2505,
8.4251

■ 27.4806, 1.7507,
1.7807

■ 56.2359, 1.0479,
3.4235

■ 19.5180, 1.8455,
1.3162

■ 67.2401, 0.7021,
4.0449

■ 12.5204, 1.8461,
0.8999

■ 78.8811, 0.3095,
4.6997

■ 5.7932, 3.2674,
0.6408

■ 91.1257, -0.1265,
5.3863

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 103.9456, -0.6028,
6.1033

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 117.3159, -1.1169,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

131.2148, -1.6667,
7.6237

■ 36.3019, 1.5801,
2.2883

■ 36.3019, 1.5801,
2.2883

■ 33.2680, 5.3738,
2.5490

■ 39.4884, -2.1077,
2.1454

■ 30.4100, 9.2710,
2.9464

■ 42.8048, -5.6922,
2.1004

■ 27.7599, 13.2442,
3.5021

■ 46.2353, -9.1848,
2.1383

■ 25.3560, 17.2304,
4.2341

■ 49.7667, -12.5977,
2.2462

■ 23.2423, 21.1105,
5.1499

■ 53.3881, -15.9428,
2.4138

■ 21.4664, 24.6934,
6.2347

■ 57.0906, -19.2311,
2.6322

■ 20.0719, 27.7222,
7.4398

■ 60.8669, -22.4724,
2.8945

■ 19.0869, 29.9278,
8.6770

■ 64.7108, -25.6754,
3.1948

■ 18.3454, 31.6914,
9.7225

■ 68.6170, -28.8472,
3.5284

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.3027, 1.2709, 0.5789



36.3019, 1.5801, 2.2883



36.3027, 0.9298, 3.8390

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.3027, 1.5791, 2.2889



36.3027, -3.9298, 4.5623



36.3027, -3.3682, -1.1558

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.3019, 1.5801, 2.2883



38.5844, -5.3981, 1.8791

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.3027, -4.7213, 0.0089



36.3019, 1.5801, 2.2883



36.3027, -5.0411, 3.3198

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.3027, 1.5791, 2.2889



36.3027, -2.2687, 5.1098



36.3027, -5.3280, 1.6604



36.3027, -1.6080, -1.4647

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.3019, 1.5801, 2.2883



36.3027, 0.0486, 4.5907



36.3027, -5.3280, 1.6604



36.3027, -3.8847, -0.8488

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.3027, 1.5791, 2.2889



51.0097, -1.3023, 2.8868



36.3829, 2.3620, -1.5797



24.4654, -0.4665, 1.3981



75.5302, -4.0301, 4.1037



25.2436, -1.3469, 1.3715

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.3027, 1.5791, 2.2889



47.1559, 3.2475, 3.0986



37.1677, -0.2956, 4.0659



18.4675, 0.6123, 1.1452



20.0983, 34.7028, 10.7866



44.7513, 77.0602, 25.6442

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.3027, 1.5791, 2.2889



47.1559, 3.2475, 3.0986



37.6746, -3.5415, -0.0629



18.4675, 0.6123, 1.1452



20.0983, 34.7028, 10.7866



44.7513, 77.0602, 25.6442

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.3019, 1.5801, 2.2883 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.3019, 1.5801, 2.2883 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

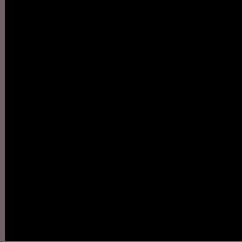
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 36.3019, 1.5801, 2.2883 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.3019, 1.5801, 2.2883.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.3019, 1.5801,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36.3019, 1.5801, 2.2883

Protanopia

36.2633, -1.2154, 1.7716

Deuteranopia

36.2211, 2.6429, 2.2123



Tritanopia

36.2705, 3.0868, 0.1140

Trichromacy



Original Color

36.3019, 1.5801, 2.2883

Protanomaly

36.2461, 0.0940, 1.7742

Deuteranomaly

36.1310, 2.3403, 2.1011

Tritanomaly

36.2137, 2.7835, 0.9212

Monochromacy



Original Color

36.3019, 1.5801, 2.2883

Achromatopsia

36.8284, -1.9651, 2.0010

Achromatomaly

36.7780, -0.8130, 2.3835

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 36.3019, 1.5801, 2.2883 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 99, 101)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 99, 101)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 99, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 99, 101) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 36.3019, 1.5801, 2.2883 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 99, 101) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 99, 101) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 99, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(110, 99, 101); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 99, 101);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 99,  
101) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 36.3019, 1.5801, 2.2883 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 99, 101) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110, 99,  
101) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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