

Converting Colors

HunterLab(36.2296, 12.0852,
-70.5276)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(36.2296, 12.0852,
-70.5276) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(36.2672, 12.2270,
-70.8298)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0962CC
RGB	9, 98, 204
RGB Percent	4%, 38%, 80%
CMY	0.9645, 0.6157, 0.2000
CMYK	0.96, 0.52, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	213°, 92%, 42%
HSV	213°, 96%, 80%
XYZ	15.3794, 13.1531, 58.8550
YIQ	83.4730, -87.0700, 14.0980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

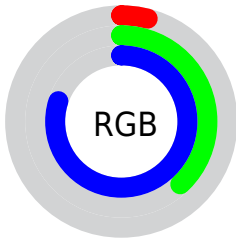
Format	Color
R _Y B	9, 70, 204
Decimal	615116
CIE Lab	42.99, 18.18, -61.21
CIE LCh	43, 63.850, 286.545
Yxy	13.1534, 0.1760, 0.1505
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278805196 (0xFF0962CC)
YUV	83.4730, 59.4198, -65.3128
Hunter-Lab	36.2672, 12.2270, -70.8298

Details

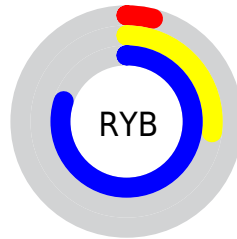
The HunterLab color **36.2672, 12.2270, -70.8298** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0066CC**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **50.1292, 22.9707, 30.9843**, and the grayscale version is **29.4015, -1.5688, 1.5974**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **55.8270, 11.0352, -65.8829**, and **21.7167, 17.0494, -63.9486** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34.9324, 14.6001, -75.1799**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39.4770, 7.3171, -61.3449**.

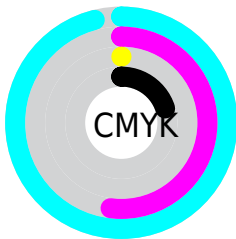
Distribution



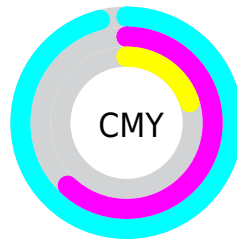
- Red (4%)
- Green (38%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (4%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (96%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (96%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 36.2672, 12.2270, -70.8298 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 36.2672, 12.2270, -70.8298 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 36.2672, 12.2270,
-70.8298

■ 36.2672, 12.2270,
-70.8298

■ 145.5674, 13.8009,
-76.5229

■ 27.4487, 11.6279,
-71.6747

■ 56.1953, 13.1023,
-71.1233

■ 19.4896, 10.8928,
-74.0804

■ 67.1971, 13.4031,
-71.7172

■ 12.4958, 9.9974,
-80.0386

■ 78.8358, 13.6264,
-72.4425

■ 5.7568, 13.4553,
-112.2260

■ 91.0781, 13.7797,
-73.2372

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 103.8958, 13.8692,
-74.0630

0.0000, NaN, -NF

117.2641, 13.8998,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-74.8957

0.0000, NaN, NaN

131.1611, 13.8758,
-75.7191

■ 36.2672, 12.2270,
-70.8298

■ 36.2672, 12.2270,
-70.8298

■ 34.9324, 14.6001,
-75.1799

■ 39.4770, 7.3171,
-61.3449

■ 43.0245, 3.3085,
-52.1547

■ 46.8804, 0.1879,
-43.3584

■ 51.0113, -2.1160,
-35.0026

■ 55.3854, -3.6959,
-27.0911

■ 59.9745, -4.6467,
-19.6005

■ 64.7544, -5.0562,
-12.4936

■ 69.7041, -5.0018,
-5.7283

■ 74.8064, -4.5495,
0.7379

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.2677, -12.1044, -72.4162



36.2672, 12.2270, -70.8298



36.2677, 38.2154, -43.3300

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.2677, 12.2284, -70.8289



36.2677, 35.7652, 21.6116



36.2677, -36.9036, 10.8082

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.2672, 12.2270, -70.8298



50.1292, 22.9707, 30.9843

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.2677, -29.8236, 21.0913



36.2672, 12.2270, -70.8298



36.2677, 9.4905, 24.0125

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.2677, 12.2284, -70.8289



36.2677, 54.0479, 12.4194



36.2677, -14.2150, 23.9106



36.2677, -36.5324, -12.9602

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.2672, 12.2270, -70.8298



36.2677, 51.1309, -20.3264



36.2677, -14.2150, 23.9106



36.2677, -35.4156, 15.5044

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.2677, 12.2284, -70.8289



80.9598, -6.3814, -19.5097



66.6612, -50.5493, 26.2904



36.2303, -2.8350, -10.8633

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.2677, 12.2284, -70.8289



44.4882, 19.7889, -98.3250



21.5922, 54.8303, -142.6006



34.1660, -2.2357, -0.8002



28.0390, 10.8939, -58.5632



7.4608, 0.3759, -10.1370

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.3037, 64.8948, 5.7566



47.4649, 83.9589, 9.9438



74.2591, -22.2649, 45.1609



33.6116, 1.8362, 1.0288



29.3200, 51.9735, 5.2867



6.7730, 12.2177, -0.4191

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.2672, 12.2270, -70.8298 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.2672, 12.2270, -70.8298 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

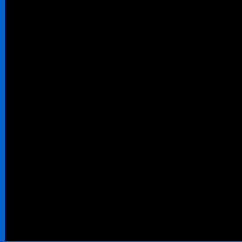
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 36.2672, 12.2270, -70.8298 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.2672, 12.2270, -70.8298.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.2672, 12.2270, -70.8298.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36.2672, 12.2270, -70.8298

Protanopia

36.1859, 13.1645, -70.0461

Deuteranopia

35.9933, 1.4173, -48.0480



Tritanopia

35.9447, -17.5942, -6.9469

Trichromacy



Original Color

36.2672, 12.2270, -70.8298

Protanomaly

36.0692, 12.8069, -70.4237

Deuteranomaly

35.9966, 5.2803, -56.0906

Tritanomaly

35.6886, -8.4364, -26.0924

Monochromacy



Original Color

36.2672, 12.2270, -70.8298

Achromatopsia

29.4110, -1.5693, 1.5980

Achromatomaly

30.5819, -1.2710, -20.1050

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 36.2672, 12.2270, -70.8298 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(9, 98, 204)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(9, 98, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(9, 98, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(9, 98, 204) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 36.2672, 12.2270, -70.8298 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(9, 98, 204) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(9, 98, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(9, 98, 204)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(9, 98, 204); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(9, 98, 204);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(9, 98, 204)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 36.2672, 12.2270, -70.8298 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(9, 98, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(9, 98,  
204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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