

Converting Colors

HunterLab(36.2452, 17.9217,
10.9031)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(36.2452, 17.9217,
10.9031) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(36.2740, 17.6052,
10.8790)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	92554E
RGB	146, 85, 78
RGB Percent	57%, 33%, 31%
CMY	0.4275, 0.6667, 0.6941
CMYK	0.00, 0.42, 0.47, 0.43
HSL	6°, 30%, 44%
HSV	6°, 47%, 57%
XYZ	16.4777, 13.1580, 8.8790
YIQ	102.4410, 38.6030, 10.7550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

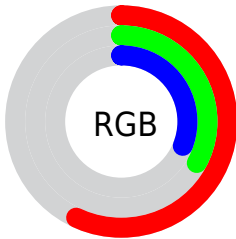
Format	Color
R_{YB}	146, 86, 78
Decimal	9590094
CIE Lab	43.00, 24.48, 15.00
CIE LCh	43, 28.711, 31.488
Yxy	13.1587, 0.4278, 0.3416
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287780174 (0xFF92554E)
YUV	102.4410, -12.0494, 38.2012
Hunter-Lab	36.2740, 17.6052, 10.8790

Details

The HunterLab color **36.2740, 17.6052, 10.8790** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **47.0736, -15.7836, -5.5211**, and the grayscale version is **36.6519, -1.9557, 1.9914**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56.3003, 18.7579, 13.8754**, and **19.4346, 15.5451, 7.6307** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33.3124, 22.4745, 12.4457**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39.5581, 12.8497, 9.2175**.

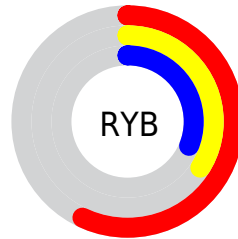
Distribution



Red (57%)

Green (33%)

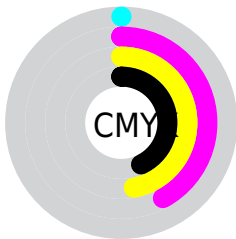
Blue (31%)



Red (57%)

Yellow (34%)

Blue (31%)

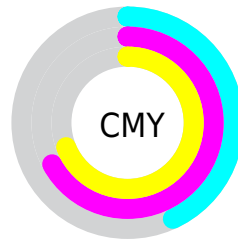


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (47%)

Black (43%)



Cyan (43%)

Magenta (67%)

Yellow (69%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 36.2740, 17.6052, 10.8790 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 36.2740, 17.6052, 10.8790 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 36.2740, 17.6052,
10.8790

■ 36.2740, 17.6052,
10.8790

145.5789, 21.5614,
23.4407

■ 27.4553, 16.6822,
9.3567

■ 56.2037, 19.0801,
13.7726

■ 19.4954, 15.6169,
7.7433

■ 67.2060, 19.6640,
15.1758

■ 12.5009, 14.3941,
6.2904

■ 78.8451, 20.1595,
16.5634

■ 5.7643, 18.2636,
4.0350

■ 91.0880, 20.5750,
17.9418

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 103.9061, 20.9175,
19.3156

0.0000, NaN, NaN

117.2748, 21.1929,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

131.1722, 21.4061,
22.0627

■ 36.2740, 17.6052,
10.8790

■ 36.2740, 17.6052,
10.8790

■ 33.3124, 22.4745,
12.4457

■ 39.5581, 12.8497,
9.2175

■ 30.7240, 27.3290,
13.8455

■ 43.1145, 8.2813,
7.5071

■ 28.5647, 31.9454,
14.9879

■ 46.9042, 3.9209,
5.7781

■ 26.8826, 36.0222,
15.7767

■ 50.8942, -0.2339,
4.0474

■ 25.7013, 39.2207,
16.1924

■ 55.0576, -4.1985,
2.3236

■ 25.4041, 40.0384,
16.3548

■ 59.3726, -7.9932,
0.6104

■ 63.8214, -11.6398,
-1.0911

■ 68.3896, -15.1587,
-2.7818

■ 73.0651, -18.5686,
-4.4630

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.2749, 21.3395, 2.4858



36.2740, 17.6052, 10.8790



36.2749, 8.5579, 15.4341

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.2749, 17.6032, 10.8796



36.2749, -18.4966, 10.2214



36.2749, -1.3945, -23.9655

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.2740, 17.6052, 10.8790



47.0736, -15.7836, -5.5211

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.2749, -11.3605, -20.1274



36.2740, 17.6052, 10.8790



36.2749, -20.5113, 1.4557

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.2749, 17.6032, 10.8796



36.2749, -12.1954, 15.1400



36.2749, -18.0558, -9.9841



36.2749, 9.6045, -19.3299

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.2740, 17.6052, 10.8790



36.2749, 1.1994, 16.6200



36.2749, -18.0558, -9.9841



36.2749, -4.9713, -23.6184

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.2749, 17.6032, 10.8796



63.4905, 3.9197, 7.1474



36.6467, 29.6479, -16.5420



29.4696, 2.3623, 3.5814



85.4018, -4.5568, 4.6400



33.5864, -1.7921, 1.8248

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.2749, 17.6032, 10.8796



44.0399, 30.2135, 16.6410



44.5052, 1.5380, 17.8485



24.3020, 0.4112, 2.1967



23.8678, 37.4395, 15.3627



2.9770, 3.1295, 1.8892

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47.0736, -15.7836, -5.5211



61.0485, -23.1925, -9.3799



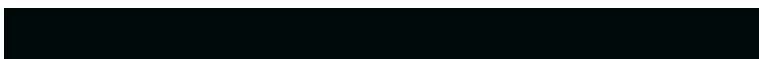
37.2009, -0.7940, -20.4321



25.4190, -2.9558, 0.5206



40.1511, -18.1911, -10.9159



4.7008, -2.3333, -0.8386

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.2740, 17.6052, 10.8790 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

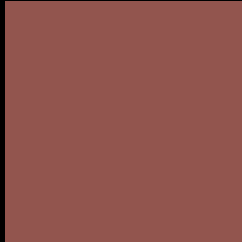
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.2740, 17.6052, 10.8790 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

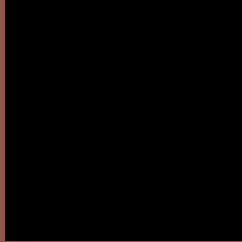
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 36.2740, 17.6052, 10.8790 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.2740, 17.6052, 10.8790.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.2740, 17.6052, 10.8790.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36.2740, 17.6052, 10.8790

Protanopia

36.5551, -2.3699, 8.2039

Deuteranopia

36.4009, 2.0963, 11.3298



Tritanopia

36.2089, 20.0901, 7.1877

Trichromacy



Original Color

36.2740, 17.6052, 10.8790

Protanomaly

36.2324, 4.4329, 9.0123

Deuteranomaly

36.0994, 7.5705, 10.8451

Tritanomaly

36.3312, 19.1705, 8.6974

Monochromacy



Original Color

36.2740, 17.6052, 10.8790

Achromatopsia

36.4511, -1.9449, 1.9805

Achromatomaly

36.0661, 4.3420, 5.2754

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 36.2740, 17.6052, 10.8790 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(146, 85, 78)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(146, 85, 78)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(146, 85, 78) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(146, 85, 78) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 36.2740, 17.6052, 10.8790 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(146, 85, 78) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(146, 85, 78) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(146, 85, 78)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(146, 85, 78); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 85, 78);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 85,  
78) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 36.2740, 17.6052, 10.8790 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(146, 85, 78) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(146, 85,  
78) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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