

Converting Colors

HunterLab(36.2736, 2.6334,
1.3229)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(36.2736, 2.6334, 1.3229)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(36.1858, 2.6342,
1.3187)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6F6267
RGB	111, 98, 103
RGB Percent	44%, 38%, 40%
CMY	0.5647, 0.6157, 0.5961
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.07, 0.56
HSL	337°, 6%, 41%
HSV	337°, 12%, 44%
XYZ	13.3714, 13.0941, 14.6546
YIQ	102.4570, 6.1430, 4.3110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

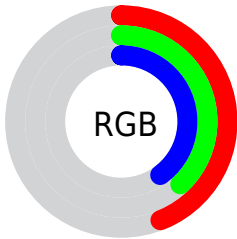
Format	Color
R_{YB}	111, 98, 103
Decimal	7299687
CIE _{Lab}	42.91, 6.14, -0.93
CIE _{LCh}	43, 6.215, 351.357
Y _{xy}	13.0947, 0.3252, 0.3184
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285489767 (0xFF6F6267)
Y _{UV}	102.4570, 0.2677, 7.4922
Hunter-Lab	36.1858, 2.6342, 1.3187

Details

The HunterLab color $[36.1858, 2.6342, 1.3187]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[38.7382, -6.3993, 2.8873]$, and the grayscale version is $[36.6215, -1.9540, 1.9897]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[56.2268, 2.1899, 2.4476]$, and $[19.4891, 2.4537, 0.6700]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[33.2082, 6.7912, 0.7510]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[39.3204, -1.4398, 2.0320]$.

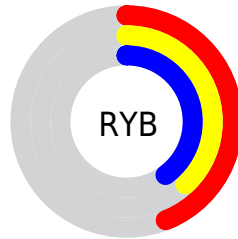
Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (38%)

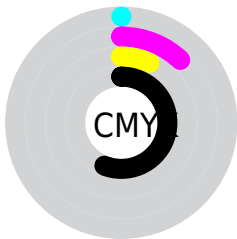
Blue (40%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (38%)

Blue (40%)

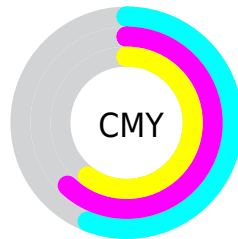


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (7%)

Black (56%)



Cyan (56%)

Magenta (62%)

Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 36.1858, 2.6342, 1.3187 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 36.1858, 2.6342, 1.3187 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 36.1858, 2.6342,
1.3187

■ 36.1858, 2.6342,
1.3187

■ 145.4385, -0.6133,
6.8882

■ 27.3748, 2.7187,
0.8963

■ 56.1015, 2.2560,
2.3027

■ 19.4237, 2.7193,
0.5262

■ 67.0975, 1.9804,
2.8557

■ 12.4390, 2.6145,
0.2171

■ 78.7307, 1.6541,
3.4459

■ 5.6716, 4.4179,
-0.3739

■ 90.9679, 1.2815,
4.0710

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 103.7807, 0.8659,
4.7292

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 117.1442, 0.4100,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

5.4191

0.0000, NaN, NaN

131.0366, -0.0837,
6.1392

■ 36.1858, 2.6342,
1.3187

■ 36.1858, 2.6342,
1.3187

■ 33.2082, 6.7912,
0.7510

■ 39.3204, -1.4398,
2.0320

■ 30.4109, 11.0170,
0.3607

■ 42.5885, -5.4255,
2.8621

■ 27.8262, 15.2672,
0.1895

■ 45.9741, -9.3290,
3.7886

■ 25.4917, 19.4568,
0.2839

■ 49.4633, -13.1591,
4.7952

■ 23.4500, 23.4413,
0.6904

■ 53.0450, -16.9257,
5.8692

■ 21.7453, 27.0072,
1.4425

■ 56.7100, -20.6385,
7.0004

■ 20.4160, 29.8891,
2.5422

■ 60.4504, -24.3065,
8.1810

■ 19.4822, 31.8387,
3.9382

■ 64.2600, -27.9379,
9.4047

■ 18.8458, 33.1870,
5.0995

■ 68.1333, -31.5397,
10.6665

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.1866, 1.6563, -0.8121



36.1858, 2.6342, 1.3187



36.1866, 2.3625, 3.4971

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.1866, 2.6332, 1.3193



36.1866, -3.5601, 5.7406



36.1866, -4.7053, -1.5427

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.1858, 2.6342, 1.3187



38.7382, -6.3993, 2.8873

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.1866, -6.0366, 0.3728



36.1858, 2.6342, 1.3187



36.1866, -5.3872, 4.5468

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.1866, 2.6332, 1.3193



36.1866, -1.2528, 5.9584



36.1866, -6.2830, 2.6083



36.1866, -2.6078, -2.5320

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.1858, 2.6342, 1.3187



36.1866, 1.5138, 4.6905



36.1866, -6.2830, 2.6083



36.1866, -5.2550, -0.9802

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.1866, 2.6332, 1.3193



51.5932, -0.6298, 2.4747



35.9661, 2.3601, -2.5884



25.1585, -0.1426, 1.1825



76.6170, -4.0881, 4.1627



26.1505, -1.3953, 1.4208

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.1866, 2.6332, 1.3193



47.3368, 4.9995, 1.5417



36.3903, 1.3147, 3.6187



18.4953, 0.7621, 0.7488



20.4457, 35.9819, 5.7078



45.4599, 79.6733, 15.2529

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.1866, 2.6332, 1.3193



47.3368, 4.9995, 1.5417



38.5122, -5.0559, 0.4897



18.4953, 0.7621, 0.7488



20.4457, 35.9819, 5.7078



45.4599, 79.6733, 15.2529

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.1858, 2.6342, 1.3187 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.1858, 2.6342, 1.3187 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

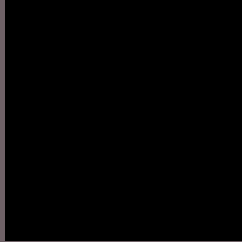
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 36.1858, 2.6342, 1.3187 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.1858, 2.6342, 1.3187.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.1858, 2.6342,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36.1858, 2.6342, 1.3187

Protanopia

36.2658, -1.0396, 0.4791

Deuteranopia

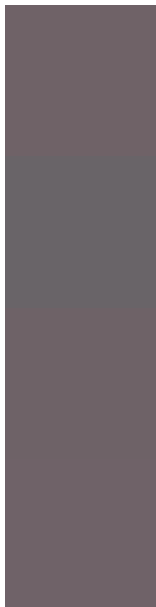
36.0966, 2.3347, 1.2064



Tritanopia

36.2420, 2.9344, 0.5197

Trichromacy



Original Color

36.1858, 2.6342, 1.3187

Protanomaly

36.2175, 0.1069, 0.8789

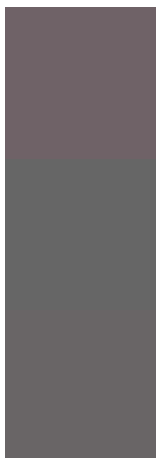
Deuteranomaly

36.0966, 2.3347, 1.2064

Tritanomaly

36.2137, 2.7835, 0.9212

Monochromacy



Original Color

36.1858, 2.6342, 1.3187

Achromatopsia

36.4511, -1.9449, 1.9805

Achromatomaly

36.4279, -0.6472, 1.9759

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 36.1858, 2.6342, 1.3187 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(111, 98, 103)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(111, 98, 103)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(111, 98, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(111, 98, 103) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 36.1858, 2.6342, 1.3187 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(111, 98, 103) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(111, 98, 103) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(111, 98, 103)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(111, 98, 103); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 98, 103);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 98,  
103) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 36.1858, 2.6342, 1.3187 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(111, 98, 103) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(111, 98,  
103) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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