

Converting Colors

HunterLab(36.2812, 2.0088,
-22.7180)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(36.2812, 2.0088,
-22.7180) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(36.2812, 2.0088,
-22.7180)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	516593
RGB	81, 101, 147
RGB Percent	32%, 40%, 58%
CMY	0.6823, 0.6039, 0.4235
CMYK	0.45, 0.31, 0.00, 0.42
HSL	222°, 29%, 45%
HSV	222°, 45%, 58%
XYZ	13.3135, 13.1633, 29.4428
YIQ	100.2640, -26.6860, 10.0660

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

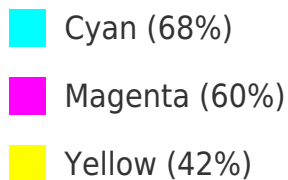
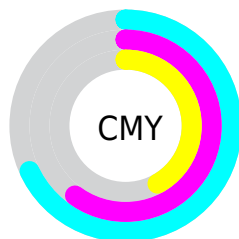
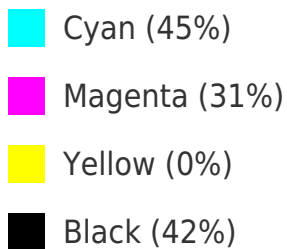
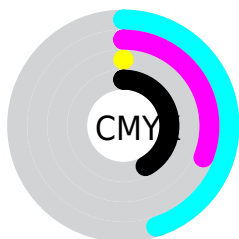
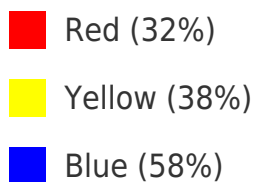
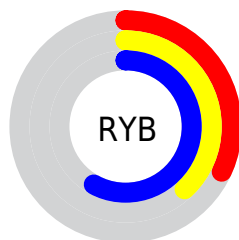
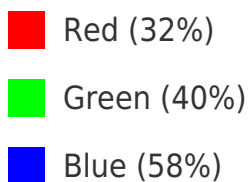
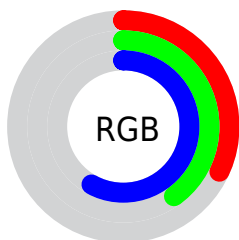
Format	Color
RYB	81, 96, 147
Decimal	5334419
CIELab	43.01, 5.32, -27.59
CIELCh	43, 28.101, 280.920
Yxy	13.1637, 0.2381, 0.2354
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283524499 (0xFF516593)
YUV	100.2640, 23.0408, -16.8945
Hunter-Lab	36.2812, 2.0088, -22.7180

Details

The HunterLab color **36.2812, 2.0088, -22.7180** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **46.8790, -1.6672, 19.0112**, and the grayscale version is **35.7217, -1.9060, 1.9408**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56.2673, 1.2830, -23.5328**, and **19.5911, 2.0167, -21.3836** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **32.7352, 4.0797, -29.7537**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **40.0003, 0.3754, -16.2612**.

Distribution



Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 36.2812, 2.0088, -22.7180 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 36.2812, 2.0088, -22.7180 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

36.2812, 2.0088,
-22.7180

36.2812, 2.0088,
-22.7180

145.5900, -1.5831,
-25.7266

27.4616, 2.1452,
-22.1605

56.2118, 1.5403,
-23.7591

19.5011, 2.2015,
-21.6585

67.2146, 1.2232,
-24.2064

12.5058, 2.1591,
-21.4073

78.8542, 0.8576,
-24.5972

5.7715, 3.7110,
-26.7165

91.0974, 0.4475,
-24.9310

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

103.9160, -0.0041,
-25.2090

0.0000, NaN, NaN

117.2851, -0.4945,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-25.4329

0.0000, NaN, NaN

131.1829, -1.0214,
-25.6047

■ 36.2812, 2.0088,
-22.7180

■ 36.2812, 2.0088,
-22.7180

■ 32.7352, 4.0797,
-29.7537

■ 40.0003, 0.3754,
-16.2612

■ 29.3914, 6.6765,
-37.4566

■ 43.8661, -0.8971,
-10.2956

■ 26.2900, 9.8898,
-45.8803

■ 47.8602, -1.8724,
-4.7378

■ 23.4803, 13.7872,
-54.9930

■ 51.9675, -2.6019,
0.4830

■ 21.0165, 18.3545,
-64.6026

■ 56.1758, -3.1266,
5.4262

■ 19.8716, 20.8058,
-69.7515

■ 60.4752, -3.4796,
10.1406

■ 64.8576, -3.6873,
14.6661

■ 69.3164, -3.7711,
19.0352

■ 73.8456, -3.7481,
23.2747

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.2819, -8.3690, -21.5714



36.2812, 2.0088, -22.7180



36.2819, 12.4162, -15.9639

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.2819, 2.0087, -22.7172



36.2819, 14.8013, 12.5262



36.2819, -19.2762, 7.7635

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.2812, 2.0088, -22.7180



46.8790, -1.6672, 19.0112

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.2819, -14.3578, 13.7923



36.2812, 2.0088, -22.7180



36.2819, 4.9750, 15.9456

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.2819, 2.0087, -22.7172



36.2819, 20.3467, 5.4627



36.2819, -5.7226, 16.3306



36.2819, -19.8761, -1.8976

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.2812, 2.0088, -22.7180



36.2819, 17.6696, -8.7808



36.2819, -5.7226, 16.3306



36.2819, -18.1021, 10.1981

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.2819, 2.0087, -22.7172



64.9333, -2.6856, -5.1737



49.1183, -21.9977, 6.0137



30.4938, -1.1747, -3.1719



86.5109, -4.6160, 4.7003



34.5370, -1.8428, 1.8765

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.2819, 2.0087, -22.7172



43.7082, 5.5262, -40.0283



32.1315, 14.5092, -30.8823



24.2951, -1.1206, -0.8379



18.6089, 19.0794, -64.4464



2.9908, 0.1035, -3.9618

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.0943, 22.5107, 2.4104



44.0710, 37.8326, 4.2245



51.5795, -14.4930, 22.5804



24.1715, 1.0398, 1.1836



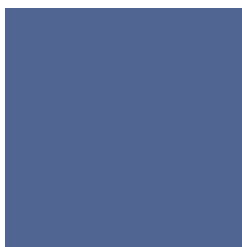
23.5434, 41.0206, 9.7735



2.6943, 4.8655, -0.2077

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.2812, 2.0088, -22.7180 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

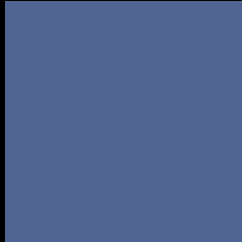
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.2812, 2.0088, -22.7180 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

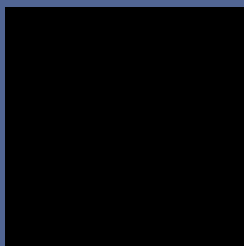
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

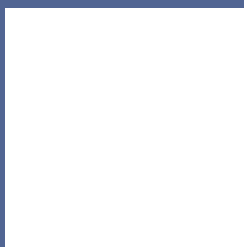
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 36.2812, 2.0088, -22.7180 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.2812, 2.0088, -22.7180.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.2812, 2.0088, -22.7180.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36.2812, 2.0088, -22.7180

Protanopia

36.2879, 3.3121, -22.0135

Deuteranopia

36.4046, 2.4238, -22.4818



Tritanopia

36.2685, -8.9257, -4.8187

Trichromacy



Original Color
36.2812, 2.0088, -22.7180

Protanomaly
36.1587, 2.8806, -22.2595

Deuteranomaly
36.3425, 2.2152, -22.6005

Tritanomaly
36.2372, -5.3684, -10.6169

Monochromacy



Original Color
36.2812, 2.0088, -22.7180

Achromatopsia
35.6984, -1.9048, 1.9396

Achromatomaly
35.6733, -0.9711, -6.0066

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 36.2812, 2.0088, -22.7180 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(81, 101, 147)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(81, 101, 147)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(81, 101, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(81, 101, 147) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 36.2812, 2.0088, -22.7180 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(81, 101, 147) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(81, 101, 147) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(81, 101, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(81, 101, 147); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 101, 147);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(81, 101,  
147) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 36.2812, 2.0088, -22.7180 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:rgb(81, 101, 147) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:rgb(81, 101,  
147) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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