

Converting Colors

HunterLab(36.3070, 17.2047,
-10.7329)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(36.3070, 17.2047,
-10.7329) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(36.3388, 17.1585,
-10.6282)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | 815880 |
| RGB | 129, 88, 128 |
| RGB Percent | 51%, 35%, 50% |
| CMY | 0.4941, 0.6549, 0.4980 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.32, 0.01, 0.49 |
| HSL | 301°, 19%, 43% |
| HSV | 301°, 32%, 51% |
| XYZ | 16.4393, 13.2051, 22.1044 |
| YIQ | 104.8190, 11.5960, 21.1320 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

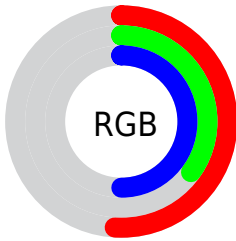
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 129, 88, 128 |
| Decimal | 8476800 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 43.07, 23.96, -15.70 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 43, 28.648, 326.774 |
| Yxy | 13.2057, 0.3177, 0.2552 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4286666880 (0xFF815880) |
| YUV | 104.8190, 11.4282, 21.2067 |
| Hunter-Lab | 36.3388, 17.1585, -10.6282 |

Details

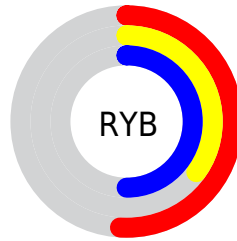
The HunterLab color $[36.3388, 17.1585, -10.6282]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996699 . A complement of this color would be $[43.0081, -18.4932, 13.1473]$, and the grayscale version is $[37.4722, -1.9994, 2.0359]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[56.4524, 18.5218, -10.8035]$, and $[19.5260, 15.4565, -10.1587]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[33.5612, 23.4518, -14.7959]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[39.3987, 10.8577, -6.4292]$.

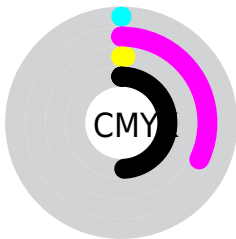
Distribution



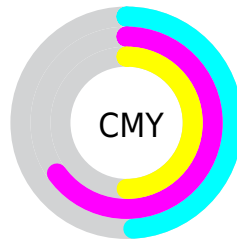
- Red (51%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 36.3388, 17.1585, -10.6282 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 36.3388, 17.1585, -10.6282 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

36.3388, 17.1585,
-10.6282

36.3388, 17.1585,
-10.6282

145.6817, 20.9178,
-10.3762

27.5142, 16.2627,
-10.3370

56.2786, 18.5845,
-10.9874

19.5480, 15.2241,
-9.9735

67.2855, 19.1450,
-11.0656

12.5463, 14.0269,
-9.5590

78.9289, 19.6179,
-11.0823

5.8313, 17.6503,
-11.7836

91.1759, 20.0117,
-11.0417

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

103.9980, 20.3332,
-10.9476

0.0000, NaN, NaN

117.3704, 20.5882,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-10.8035

0.0000, NaN, NaN

131.2714, 20.7817,
-10.6121

■ 36.3388, 17.1585,
-10.6282

■ 36.3388, 17.1585,
-10.6282

■ 33.5612, 23.4518,
-14.7959

■ 39.3987, 10.8577,
-6.4292

■ 31.1071, 29.5820,
-18.8258

■ 42.6997, 4.6456,
-2.2669

■ 29.0224, 35.3095,
-22.5563

■ 46.2092, -1.4329,
1.8254

■ 27.3478, 40.3244,
-25.7815

■ 49.8995, -7.3617,
5.8339

■ 26.1104, 44.2961,
-28.2851

■ 53.7473, -13.1417,
9.7567

■ 25.3116, 46.9708,
-29.9053

■ 57.7339, -18.7830,
13.5982

■ 24.8390, 48.5866,
-30.8407

■ 61.8435, -24.2998,
17.3662

■ 66.0632, -29.7075,
21.0696

■ 70.3822, -35.0212,
24.7172

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.3396, 7.9168, -20.5064



36.3388, 17.1585, -10.6282



36.3396, 21.2583, 0.8462

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.3396, 17.1574, -10.6273



36.3396, -0.7623, 16.7121



36.3396, -18.7167, -8.1174

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.3388, 17.1585, -10.6282



43.0081, -18.4932, 13.1473

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.3396, -20.4720, 3.0747



36.3388, 17.1585, -10.6282



36.3396, -10.8484, 15.5854

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.3396, 17.1574, -10.6273



36.3396, 10.1797, 14.9472



36.3396, -17.7623, 11.2396



36.3396, -12.6555, -18.7843

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.3388, 17.1585, -10.6282



36.3396, 20.2079, 7.2400



36.3396, -17.7623, 11.2396



36.3396, -19.7968, -4.2114

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.3396, 17.1574, -10.6273



57.8495, 4.9460, -2.1797



32.6700, 5.8912, -17.4580



27.2669, 2.8101, -1.3441



80.9895, -4.3214, 4.4003



29.8298, -1.5916, 1.6207

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.3396, 17.1574, -10.6273



45.9441, 28.9594, -18.1986



35.6735, 13.8305, -1.2717



21.0016, 1.4415, -0.5570



24.5267, 47.9760, -30.4551

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.3396, 17.1574, -10.6273



45.9441, 28.9594, -18.1986



43.4554, -15.8884, 6.6875



21.0016, 1.4415, -0.5570



24.5267, 47.9760, -30.4551

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.3388, 17.1585, -10.6282 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

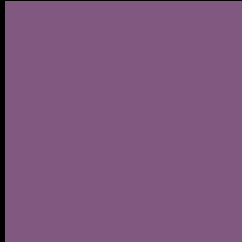
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.3388, 17.1585, -10.6282 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

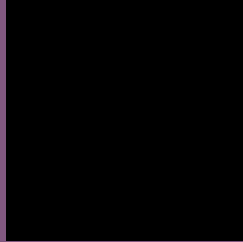
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 36.3388, 17.1585, -10.6282 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.3388, 17.1585, -10.6282.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.3388, 17.1585, -10.6282.

-10.6282.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36.3388, 17.1585, -10.6282

Protanopia

36.5907, 2.2264, -15.7628

Deuteranopia

36.5103, 2.4931, -9.5130



Tritanopia

36.2329, 9.1135, 2.3394

Trichromacy



Original Color

36.3388, 17.1585, -10.6282

Protanomaly

36.1804, 7.2923, -14.5385

Deuteranomaly

36.4384, 7.6026, -10.0844

Tritanomaly

36.1462, 11.8776, -2.1870

Monochromacy



Original Color

36.3388, 17.1585, -10.6282

Achromatopsia

37.5850, -2.0054, 2.0421

Achromatomaly

37.0045, 4.6166, -2.1486

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 36.3388, 17.1585, -10.6282 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(129, 88, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(129, 88, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 88, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(129, 88, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 36.3388, 17.1585, -10.6282 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(129, 88, 128) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(129, 88, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(129, 88, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(129, 88, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 88, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 88,  
128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 36.3388, 17.1585, -10.6282 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(129, 88, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(129, 88,  
128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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