

Converting Colors

HunterLab(36.3170, -35.1255,
-9.3990)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(36.3170, -35.1255,
-9.3990) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(39.8378,
-21.1201, -4.2016)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	007C7C
RGB	0, 124, 124
RGB Percent	0%, 49%, 49%
CMY	0.9999, 0.5137, 0.5137
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.51
HSL	180°, 100%, 24%
HSV	180°, 100%, 49%
XYZ	10.8457, 15.8705, 21.5604
YIQ	86.9240, -73.9040, -26.2880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	0, 62, 124
Decimal	31868
CIELab	46.80, -28.19, -8.29
CIELCh	47, 29.383, 196.385
Yxy	15.8711, 0.2247, 0.3287
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278221948 (0xFF007C7C)
YUV	86.9240, 18.2785, -76.2323
Hunter-Lab	39.8378, -21.1201, -4.2016

Details

The HunterLab color **39.8378, -21.1201, -4.2016** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **20.7016, 35.4483, 13.3755**, and the grayscale version is **30.8006, -1.6434, 1.6735**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60.2729, -25.6585, -3.7138**, and **23.2499, -12.1364, -2.8612** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **39.8384, -21.1206, -4.2012**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39.9402, -20.7187, -4.0592**.

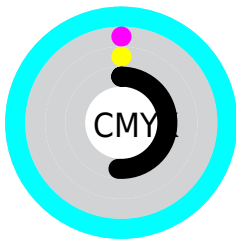
Distribution



- Red (0%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 39.8378, -21.1201, -4.2016 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 39.8378, -21.1201, -4.2016 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 39.8378, -21.1201,
-4.2016

■ 39.8378, -21.1201,
-4.2016

151.1886,
-39.6206, -1.2755

■ 30.7132, -18.7024,
-4.2516

■ 60.3111, -25.6015,
-3.8999

■ 22.4158, -16.1011,
-4.2237

■ 71.5599, -27.7227,
-3.6624

■ 15.0391, -13.2233,
-4.1058

■ 83.4322, -29.7885,
-3.3736

■ 8.6795, -14.6159,
-3.9562

■ 95.8970, -31.8108,
-3.0373

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 108.9273,
-33.7989, -2.6568

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 122.4995,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-35.7597, -2.2348

0.0000, NaN, NaN

136.5928,
-37.6987, -1.7737

■ 39.8378, -21.1201,
-4.2016

■ 39.8378, -21.1201,
-4.2016

■ 39.8384, -21.1206,
-4.2012

■ 39.9402, -20.7187,
-4.0592

■ 40.0941, -20.1132,
-3.8452

■ 40.3340, -19.1741,
-3.5132

■ 40.6686, -17.8749,
-3.0537

■ 41.1043, -16.2011,
-2.4613

■ 41.6454, -14.1493,
-1.7346

■ 42.2947, -11.7254,
-0.8754

■ 43.0533, -8.9434,
0.1118

■ 43.9211, -5.8237,
1.2200

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



39.8385, -21.3408, 6.7886



39.8378, -21.1201, -4.2016



39.8385, -16.2011, -16.1619

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



39.8385, -21.1201, -4.2011



39.8385, 15.0912, -15.1452



39.8385, 3.1863, 17.6218

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



39.8378, -21.1201, -4.2016



20.7016, 35.4483, 13.3755

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



39.8385, 14.2189, 14.5433



39.8378, -21.1201, -4.2016



39.8385, 21.5981, -3.0812

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



39.8385, -21.1201, -4.2011



39.8385, 4.2727, -23.6000



39.8385, 21.2619, 7.6339



39.8385, -8.1482, 17.4792

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



39.8378, -21.1201, -4.2016



39.8385, -10.5663, -22.1791



39.8385, 21.2619, 7.6339



39.8385, 7.0774, 16.9773

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



39.8385, -21.1201, -4.2011



56.0385, -15.8032, -1.2495



37.9858, -32.4816, 22.8374



27.0436, -8.2336, -0.8065



79.8926, -4.2629, 4.3407



28.9024, -1.5422, 1.5703

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



39.8385, -21.1201, -4.2011



52.8473, -28.0174, -5.5731



22.6508, 3.5147, -35.8964



21.2425, -2.6628, 0.6416



40.1671, -21.2948, -4.2359



87.7271, -46.5092, -9.2514

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20.7016, 35.4483, 13.3755



27.4604, 47.0268, 17.7442



27.4060, 16.6850, 17.1786



20.0376, 0.5522, 1.6321



20.8715, 35.7432, 13.4866



45.5846, 78.0651, 29.4556

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 39.8378, -21.1201, -4.2016 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 39.8378, -21.1201, -4.2016 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

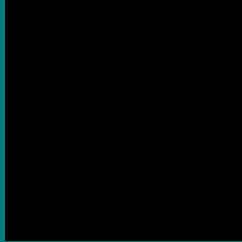
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 39.8378, -21.1201, -4.2016 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 39.8378, -21.1201, -4.2016.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 39.8378,

-21.1201, -4.2016.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

39.8378, -21.1201, -4.2016

Protanopia

39.7104, -1.0518, 0.2341

Deuteranopia

39.7421, 2.6241, -5.9322



Tritanopia

40.0374, -18.1372, -8.5075

Trichromacy



Original Color

39.8378, -21.1201, -4.2016

Protanomaly

38.6123, -12.1002, -2.7373

Deuteranomaly

38.6583, -9.8399, -7.1457

Tritanomaly

39.8384, -19.1163, -7.2172

Monochromacy



Original Color

39.8378, -21.1201, -4.2016

Achromatopsia

30.8719, -1.6472, 1.6773

Achromatomaly

32.9343, -11.9293, -1.6198

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 39.8378, -21.1201, -4.2016 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 124, 124)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 124, 124)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 124, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 124, 124) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 39.8378, -21.1201, -4.2016 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 124, 124) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 124, 124) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 124, 124)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 124, 124); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 124, 124);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 124,  
124) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 39.8378, -21.1201, -4.2016 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 124, 124) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 124,  
124) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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