

Converting Colors

HunterLab(36.3175, -2.5192,
2.6514)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(36.3175, -2.5192, 2.6514)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(36.3174, -2.5188,
2.6515)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	656664
RGB	101, 102, 100
RGB Percent	40%, 40%, 39%
CMY	0.6039, 0.6000, 0.6078
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.02, 0.60
HSL	90°, 1%, 40%
HSV	90°, 2%, 40%
XYZ	12.4184, 13.1895, 13.9479
YIQ	101.4730, 0.0460, -0.8340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

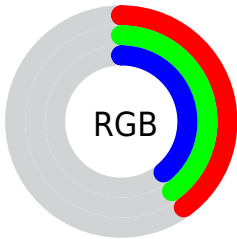
Format	Color
R_{YB}	100, 102, 101
Decimal	6645348
CIE Lab	43.05, -0.80, 0.99
CIE LCh	43, 1.271, 129.064
Yxy	13.1901, 0.3139, 0.3334
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284835428 (0xFF656664)
YUV	101.4730, -0.7262, -0.4148
Hunter-Lab	36.3174, -2.5188, 2.6515

Details

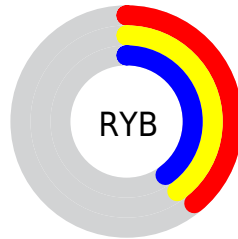
The HunterLab color $[36.3174, -2.5188, 2.6515]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[35.8339, -1.3258, 1.2578]$, and the grayscale version is $[36.2558, -1.9345, 1.9698]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[56.2959, -3.6298, 3.7904]$, and $[19.4260, -1.5582, 1.6630]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[35.6639, -5.3469, 5.8755]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[37.0190, 0.4732, -0.8995]$.

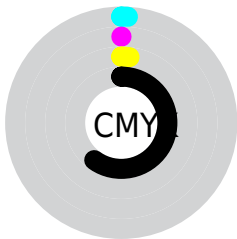
Distribution



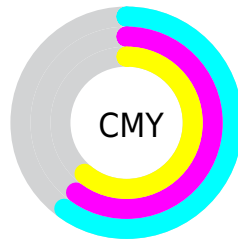
- Red (40%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (61%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 36.3174, -2.5188, 2.6515 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 36.3174, -2.5188, 2.6515 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 36.3174, -2.5188,
2.6515

■ 36.3174, -2.5188,
2.6515

■ 145.6477, -8.7022,
9.0070

■ 27.4947, -1.9967,
2.1107

■ 56.2538, -3.6760,
3.8452

■ 19.5306, -1.5139,
1.6094

■ 67.2592, -4.3052,
4.4929

■ 12.5312, -1.0747,
1.1509

■ 78.9012, -4.9662,
5.1727

■ 5.8092, -0.9110,
1.0203

■ 91.1468, -5.6574,
5.8830

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 103.9675, -6.3777,
6.6226

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 117.3387, -7.1259,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

131.2386, -7.9010,
8.1856

■ 36.3174, -2.5188,
2.6515

■ 36.3174, -2.5188,
2.6515

■ 35.6639, -5.3469,
5.8755

■ 37.0190, 0.4732,
-0.8995

■ 35.0571, -7.9964,
8.7571

■ 37.7655, 3.6192,
-4.7636

■ 34.4984, -10.4570,
11.2861

■ 38.5563, 6.9056,
-8.9233

■ 33.9881, -12.7187,
13.4552

■ 39.3903, 10.3199,
-13.3608

■ 33.5262, -14.7736,
15.2614

■ 40.2660, 13.8501,
-18.0580

■ 33.1123, -16.6158,
16.7070

■ 41.1820, 17.4845,
-22.9969

■ 32.7457, -18.2429,
17.8005

■ 42.1369, 21.2123,
-28.1598

■ 32.4250, -19.6559,
18.5581

■ 43.1291, 25.0235,
-33.5297

■ 32.1480, -20.8623,
19.0100

■ 44.1572, 28.9087,
-39.0904

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.3182, -2.0851, 2.8333



36.3174, -2.5188, 2.6515



36.3182, -2.7979, 2.2892

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.3182, -2.5197, 2.6521



36.3182, -2.2690, 1.1472



36.3182, -1.0238, 2.1150

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.3174, -2.5188, 2.6515



35.8339, -1.3258, 1.2578

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.3182, -1.0737, 1.6617



36.3174, -2.5188, 2.6515



36.3182, -1.7943, 1.0991

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.3182, -2.5197, 2.6521



36.3182, -2.6537, 1.4192



36.3182, -1.3563, 1.2885



36.3182, -1.2203, 2.5259

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.3174, -2.5188, 2.6515



36.3182, -2.8581, 1.9912



36.3182, -1.3563, 1.2885



36.3182, -1.0123, 1.9626

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.3182, -2.5197, 2.6521



48.1791, -2.9757, 3.0910



36.1286, -1.7929, 2.4447



23.4047, -1.4284, 1.4815



73.3645, -3.9145, 3.9860



23.4461, -1.2510, 1.2739

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.3182, -2.5197, 2.6521



48.0865, -3.3733, 3.5547



36.2391, -2.7963, 2.5556



18.1339, -1.2318, 1.2936



36.1714, -24.7703, 21.8550



82.2911, -57.8692, 49.6943

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.8339, -1.3258, 1.2578



47.4143, -1.7160, 1.6190



35.9149, -1.0459, 1.3594



17.9141, -0.6899, 0.6607



14.5421, 33.3759, -56.2775



32.4173, 75.3373, -132.7067

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.3174, -2.5188, 2.6515 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.3174, -2.5188, 2.6515 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

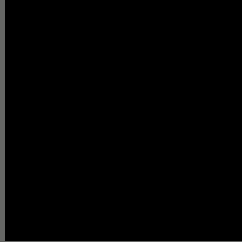
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 36.3174, -2.5188, 2.6515 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.3174, -2.5188, 2.6515.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.3174, -2.5188,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36.3174, -2.5188, 2.6515

Protanopia

36.2912, -1.2268, 2.6438

Deuteranopia

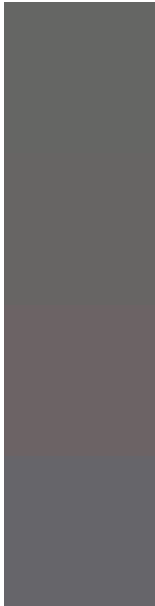
36.2211, 2.6429, 2.2123



Tritanopia

36.3817, -0.4084, -1.1669

Trichromacy



Original Color

36.3174, -2.5188, 2.6515

Protanomaly

36.2092, -1.5109, 2.5436

Deuteranomaly

36.1267, 0.9864, 2.0725

Tritanomaly

36.2943, -0.8841, 0.0738

Monochromacy



Original Color

36.3174, -2.5188, 2.6515

Achromatopsia

36.0744, -1.9248, 1.9600

Achromatomaly

36.0744, -1.9248, 1.9600

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 36.3174, -2.5188, 2.6515 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(101, 102, 100)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(101, 102, 100)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(101, 102, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(101, 102, 100) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 36.3174, -2.5188, 2.6515 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(101, 102, 100) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(101, 102, 100) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(101, 102, 100)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(101, 102, 100); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 102, 100);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(101, 102,  
100) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 36.3174, -2.5188, 2.6515 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(101, 102, 100) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(101,  
102, 100) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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