

Converting Colors

HunterLab(36.3240, -0.2759,
13.7459)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(36.3240, -0.2759,
13.7459) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(36.2089, -0.2104,
13.6129)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	756343
RGB	117, 99, 67
RGB Percent	46%, 39%, 26%
CMY	0.5412, 0.6118, 0.7373
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.43, 0.54
HSL	38°, 27%, 36%
HSV	38°, 43%, 46%
XYZ	12.8111, 13.1108, 7.1656
YIQ	100.7340, 21.0000, -6.1360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

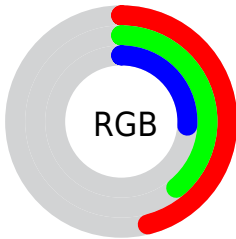
Format	Color
R_{YB}	95, 117, 67
Decimal	7693123
CIE _{Lab}	42.93, 2.35, 20.86
CIE _{LCh}	43, 20.988, 83.566
Yxy	13.1115, 0.3872, 0.3963
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285883203 (0xFF756343)
YUV	100.7340, -16.6309, 14.2653
Hunter-Lab	36.2089, -0.2104, 13.6129

Details

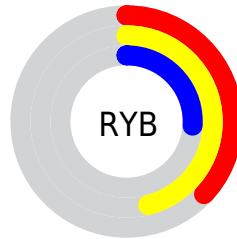
The HunterLab color **36.2089, -0.2104, 13.6129** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666633**. A complement of this color would be **29.9573, -0.1451, -14.8514**, and the grayscale version is **36.0300, -1.9225, 1.9576**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56.2108, -1.2657, 17.5065**, and **19.4971, 0.1435, 9.5515** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34.9394, 0.7060, 15.3439**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **37.5304, -0.9558, 11.5133**.

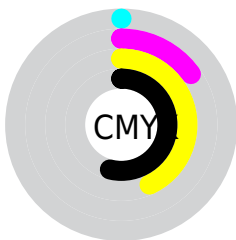
Distribution



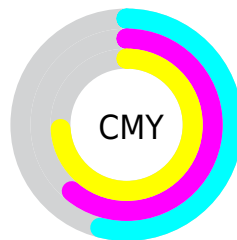
- Red (46%)
- Green (39%)
- Blue (26%)



- Red (37%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (26%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Black (54%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (74%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 36.2089, -0.2104, 13.6129 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 36.2089, -0.2104, 13.6129 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 36.2089, -0.2104,
13.6129

■ 36.2089, -0.2104,
13.6129

■ 145.4753, -5.0473,
28.9943

■ 27.3959, 0.1091,
11.6326

■ 56.1283, -1.0093,
17.2920

■ 19.4425, 0.3680,
9.4994

■ 67.1260, -1.4762,
19.0410

■ 12.4552, 0.5531,
8.2401

■ 78.7607, -1.9835,
20.7507

■ 5.6960, 1.4950,
3.9872

■ 90.9994, -2.5287,
22.4316

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 103.8135, -3.1095,
24.0911

0.0000, NaN, NaN

117.1784, -3.7239,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

131.0721, -4.3703,
27.3684

■ 36.2089, -0.2104,
13.6129

■ 36.2089, -0.2104,
13.6129

■ 34.9394, 0.7060,
15.3439

■ 37.5304, -0.9558,
11.5133

■ 33.7215, 1.8005,
16.6897

■ 38.8991, -1.5315,
9.0624

■ 32.5582, 3.0721,
17.6403

■ 40.3134, -1.9455,
6.2805

■ 31.4508, 4.5165,
18.1935

■ 41.7710, -2.2052,
3.1883

■ 30.4002, 6.1228,
18.3635

■ 43.2698, -2.3188,
-0.1940

■ 29.6626, 7.3316,
18.4063

■ 44.8076, -2.2943,
-3.8465

■ 46.3824, -2.1401,
-7.7506

■ 47.9921, -1.8639,
-11.8885

■ 49.6351, -1.4734,
-16.2439

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.2097, 7.5610, 11.7961



36.2089, -0.2104, 13.6129



36.2097, -7.8235, 12.8936

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.2097, -0.2117, 13.6133



36.2097, -14.8618, -4.3122



36.2097, 11.1503, -7.7309

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.2089, -0.2104, 13.6129



29.9573, -0.1451, -14.8514

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.2097, 4.3577, -13.9798



36.2089, -0.2104, 13.6129



36.2097, -10.5414, -11.7281

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.2097, -0.2117, 13.6133



36.2097, -15.8579, 3.5570



36.2097, -3.6247, -15.5810



36.2097, 14.4749, 0.3099

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.2089, -0.2104, 13.6129



36.2097, -11.8429, 10.9747



36.2097, -3.6247, -15.5810



36.2097, 9.1702, -10.1749

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.2097, -0.2117, 13.6133



53.8307, -2.5760, 8.6405



29.0819, 16.6005, 0.5470



25.6459, -1.1936, 4.4784



77.7063, -4.1462, 4.2219



27.0627, -1.4440, 1.4704

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.2097, -0.2117, 13.6133



46.8244, 0.8889, 20.4466



40.5762, -10.0961, 17.0666



20.1372, -1.0151, 2.5500



31.0877, 7.7897, 19.2925



67.4016, 19.6283, 41.8762

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.9573, -0.1451, -14.8514



36.7509, 1.2797, -25.9517



25.9644, 9.6751, -22.2621



19.4570, -1.0363, -0.4928



17.9463, 12.7607, -49.9780



37.6826, 33.0177, -118.3756

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.2089, -0.2104, 13.6129 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.2089, -0.2104, 13.6129 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

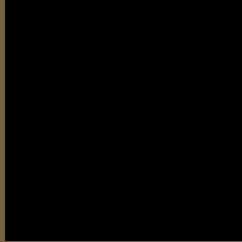
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 36.2089, -0.2104, 13.6129 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.2089, -0.2104, 13.6129.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.2089, -0.2104,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36.2089, -0.2104, 13.6129

Protanopia

36.1105, -3.2455, 13.2150

Deuteranopia

36.1832, 2.3598, 13.6359



Tritanopia

36.3437, 7.0035, 2.0106

Trichromacy



Original Color

36.2089, -0.2104, 13.6129

Protanomaly

36.1143, -1.8587, 13.2425

Deuteranomaly

36.2404, 1.2332, 13.6652

Tritanomaly

36.1664, 4.4823, 6.8701

Monochromacy



Original Color

36.2089, -0.2104, 13.6129

Achromatopsia

36.0744, -1.9248, 1.9600

Achromatomaly

36.0020, -1.4057, 6.5949

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 36.2089, -0.2104, 13.6129 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(117, 99, 67)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(117, 99, 67)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 99, 67) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(117, 99, 67) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 36.2089, -0.2104, 13.6129 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(117, 99, 67) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(117, 99, 67) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(117, 99, 67)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(117, 99, 67); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 99, 67);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 99,  
67) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 36.2089, -0.2104, 13.6129 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(117, 99, 67) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(117, 99,  
67) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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