

Converting Colors

HunterLab(36.3300, -2.4973,
-40.0184)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(36.3300, -2.4973,
-40.0184) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(36.3460, -2.6598,
-39.6876)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	006AAA
RGB	0, 106, 170
RGB Percent	0%, 42%, 67%
CMY	0.9999, 0.5843, 0.3333
CMYK	1.00, 0.38, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	203°, 100%, 33%
HSV	203°, 100%, 67%
XYZ	12.4097, 13.2103, 39.9259
YIQ	81.6020, -83.7200, -2.5680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

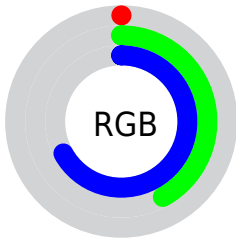
Format	Color
R _Y B	0, 65, 170
Decimal	27306
CIE Lab	43.08, -0.99, -41.29
CIE LCh	43, 41.303, 268.624
Yxy	13.2107, 0.1893, 0.2015
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278217386 (0xFF006AAA)
YUV	81.6020, 43.5802, -71.5650
Hunter-Lab	36.3460, -2.6598, -39.6876

Details

The HunterLab color **36.3460, -2.6598, -39.6876** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006699**. A complement of this color would be **34.9519, 32.8692, 22.1112**, and the grayscale version is **28.7754, -1.5354, 1.5634**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56.3283, -3.8103, -41.0921**, and **21.0054, 3.8162, -34.4931** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36.3430, -2.6547, -39.6949**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38.3393, -5.0501, -35.2764**.

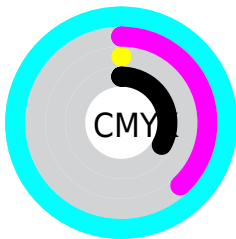
Distribution



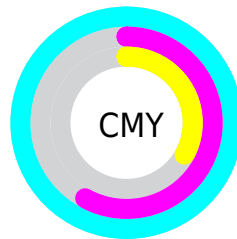
- Red (0%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 36.3460, -2.6598, -39.6876 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 36.3460, -2.6598, -39.6876 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 36.3460, -2.6598,
-39.6876

■ 36.3460, -2.6598,
-39.6876

■ 145.6928, -8.9245,
-45.0695

■ 27.5206, -2.1236,
-39.2654

■ 56.2866, -3.8376,
-40.9570

■ 19.5537, -1.6270,
-39.2711

■ 67.2940, -4.4768,
-41.6401

■ 12.5511, -1.1719,
-40.3500

■ 78.9379, -5.1472,
-42.3082

■ 5.8384, -1.0522,
-52.3449

■ 91.1853, -5.8474,
-42.9456

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 104.0078, -6.5762,
-43.5439

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 117.3807, -7.3327,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-44.0985

0.0000, NaN, NaN

131.2821, -8.1157,
-44.6073

■ 36.3460, -2.6598,
-39.6876

■ 36.3460, -2.6598,
-39.6876

■ 36.3430, -2.6547,
-39.6949

■ 38.3393, -5.0501,
-35.2764

■ 40.4842, -6.9598,
-30.8721

■ 42.8087, -8.2749,
-26.4384

■ 45.3079, -9.0057,
-22.0059

■ 47.9727, -9.1843,
-17.6024

■ 50.7928, -8.8538,
-13.2493

■ 53.7569, -8.0618,
-8.9612

■ 56.8543, -6.8559,
-4.7464

■ 60.0745, -5.2813,
-0.6086

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.3466, -16.2816, -31.8008



36.3460, -2.6598, -39.6876



36.3466, 13.5788, -33.0521

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.3466, -2.6591, -39.6868



36.3466, 28.3246, 13.1681



36.3466, -24.1752, 13.9229

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.3460, -2.6598, -39.6876



34.9519, 32.8692, 22.1112

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.3466, -15.2276, 19.1735



36.3460, -2.6598, -39.6876



36.3466, 15.0375, 18.8848

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.3466, -2.6591, -39.6868



36.3466, 33.1821, 1.2863



36.3466, -1.2179, 20.5092



36.3466, -27.3370, 2.6573

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.3460, -2.6598, -39.6876



36.3466, 23.4258, -22.3973



36.3466, -1.2179, 20.5092



36.3466, -21.8277, 16.2404

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.3466, -2.6591, -39.6868



72.1808, -10.9345, -12.3927



53.9458, -43.9302, 27.4072



33.3052, -5.3973, -6.9651



93.2148, -4.9737, 5.0645



40.3295, -2.1519, 2.1912

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.3466, -2.6591, -39.6868



48.5114, -2.8464, -54.4906



18.7168, 39.3109, -108.2495



28.3729, -2.4267, -0.1508



31.3461, -2.5643, -33.6443



5.7676, -1.7305, -3.4733

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30.9635, 56.3811, -6.0439



41.6534, 75.7599, -7.4035



54.3312, -6.1630, 33.3698



27.6007, 1.6278, 0.3214



26.5762, 48.4339, -5.4724



4.2578, 7.9572, -2.4077

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.3460, -2.6598, -39.6876 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.3460, -2.6598, -39.6876 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

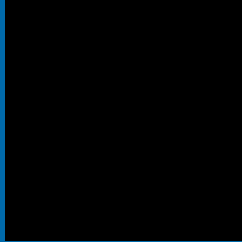
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 36.3460, -2.6598, -39.6876 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.3460, -2.6598, -39.6876.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.3460, -2.6598, -39.6876.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36.3460, -2.6598, -39.6876

Protanopia

36.2498, 6.2060, -34.9996

Deuteranopia

36.3317, 3.0912, -40.4328

Trichromacy



Original Color

36.3460, -2.6598, -39.6876

Protanomaly

35.8947, 1.1018, -37.4527

Deuteranomaly

36.0289, 0.6653, -41.1901

Monochromacy



Original Color

36.3460, -2.6598, -39.6876

Achromatopsia

29.0476, -1.5499, 1.5782

Achromatomaly

30.7036, -6.0914, -11.9286

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 36.3460, -2.6598, -39.6876 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 106, 170)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 106, 170)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 106, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 106, 170) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 36.3460, -2.6598, -39.6876 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 106, 170) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 106, 170) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 106, 170)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 106, 170); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 106, 170);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 106,  
170) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 36.3460, -2.6598, -39.6876 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 106, 170) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 106,  
170) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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