

Converting Colors

HunterLab(36.3532, 2.5028,
-0.1846)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(36.3532, 2.5028, -0.1846)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(36.4695, 2.4799,
-0.0982)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6E636B
RGB	110, 99, 107
RGB Percent	43%, 39%, 42%
CMY	0.5686, 0.6118, 0.5804
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.03, 0.57
HSL	316°, 5%, 41%
HSV	316°, 10%, 43%
XYZ	13.5461, 13.3002, 15.7632
YIQ	103.2010, 3.9880, 4.8200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

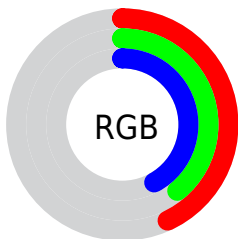
Format	Color
R _Y B	110, 99, 107
Decimal	7234411
CIE Lab	43.21, 5.95, -2.93
CIE LCh	43, 6.628, 333.805
Yxy	13.3008, 0.3179, 0.3121
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285424491 (0xFF6E636B)
YUV	103.2010, 1.8729, 5.9627
Hunter-Lab	36.4695, 2.4799, -0.0982

Details

The HunterLab color $[36.4695, 2.4799, -0.0982]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[38.4243, -6.2918, 4.1690]$, and the grayscale version is $[36.8972, -1.9687, 2.0047]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[56.5356, 2.0277, 0.9487]$, and $[19.7398, 2.3071, -0.6363]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[33.6072, 7.1501, -2.2715]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[39.4884, -2.1078, 2.1459]$.

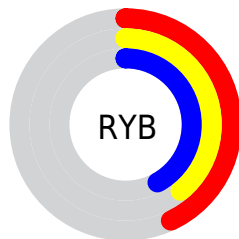
Distribution



Red (43%)

Green (39%)

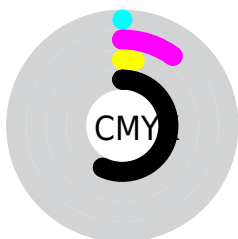
Blue (42%)



Red (43%)

Yellow (39%)

Blue (42%)

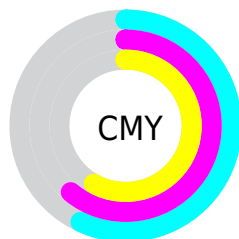


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (3%)

Black (57%)



Cyan (57%)

Magenta (61%)

Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 36.4695, 2.4799, -0.0982 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 36.4695, 2.4799, -0.0982 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 36.4695, 2.4799,
-0.0982

■ 36.4695, 2.4799,
-0.0982

■ 145.8892, -0.8623,
4.6912

■ 27.6333, 2.5788,
-0.4056

■ 56.4298, 2.0764,
0.6799

■ 19.6544, 2.5954,
-0.6497

■ 67.4459, 1.7893,
1.1391

■ 12.6380, 2.5088,
-0.8180

■ 79.0981, 1.4523,
1.6403

■ 5.9641, 4.0266,
-1.7088

■ 91.3534, 1.0694,
2.1807

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 104.1835, 0.6439,
2.7578

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 117.5635, 0.1787,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

131.4719, -0.3241,
4.0147

■ 36.4695, 2.4799,
-0.0982

■ 36.4695, 2.4799,
-0.0982

■ 33.6072, 7.1501,
-2.2715

■ 39.4884, -2.1078,
2.1459

■ 30.9237, 11.8809,
-4.3423

■ 42.6413, -6.6027,
4.4364

■ 28.4492, 16.6177,
-6.2600

■ 45.9124, -11.0079,
6.7598

■ 26.2180, 21.2638,
-7.9544

■ 49.2879, -15.3307,
9.1067

■ 24.2678, 25.6642,
-9.3329

■ 52.7566, -19.5803,
11.4714

■ 22.6365, 29.6008,
-10.2860

■ 56.3093, -23.7666,
13.8506

■ 21.3560, 32.8120,
-10.7062

■ 59.9381, -27.8989,
16.2419

■ 20.4424, 35.0531,
-10.5222

■ 63.6365, -31.9861,
18.6443

■ 19.7337, 36.7285,
-9.9962

■ 67.3991, -36.0358,
21.0571

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.4703, 0.7729, -2.0343



36.4695, 2.4799, -0.0982



36.4703, 2.9875, 2.2882

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.4703, 2.4790, -0.0976



36.4703, -2.2672, 6.2706



36.4703, -5.8675, -0.6593

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.4695, 2.4799, -0.0982



38.4243, -6.2918, 4.1690

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.4703, -6.6341, 1.6796



36.4695, 2.4799, -0.0982



36.4703, -4.5912, 5.5936

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.4703, 2.4790, -0.0976



36.4703, 0.2044, 5.8647



36.4703, -6.1732, 3.9519



36.4703, -4.0515, -2.3737

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.4695, 2.4799, -0.0982



36.4703, 2.5680, 3.7879



36.4703, -6.1732, 3.9519



36.4703, -6.2542, 0.0854

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.4703, 2.4790, -0.0976



51.0775, -0.9329, 1.9197



35.8762, 0.6476, -2.2616



24.5055, -0.2484, 0.8267



75.5302, -4.0301, 4.1037



25.2436, -1.3469, 1.3715

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.4703, 2.4790, -0.0976



47.4303, 4.7131, -0.8077



36.3181, 1.6620, 2.0692



18.5437, 1.0222, 0.0602



21.6172, 40.2150, -10.7980



48.0916, 89.1997, -21.9571

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.4703, 2.4790, -0.0976



47.4303, 4.7131, -0.8077



38.5689, -5.4852, 2.1021



18.5437, 1.0222, 0.0602



21.6172, 40.2150, -10.7980



48.0916, 89.1997, -21.9571

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.4695, 2.4799, -0.0982 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

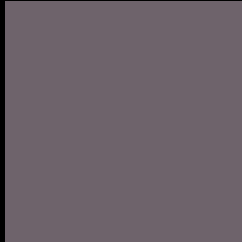
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.4695, 2.4799, -0.0982 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

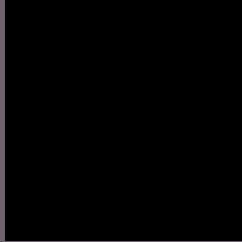
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 36.4695, 2.4799, -0.0982 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.4695, 2.4799, -0.0982.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.4695, 2.4799, -0.0982.

-0.0982.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36.4695, 2.4799, -0.0982

Protanopia

36.3817, -0.4084, -1.1669

Deuteranopia

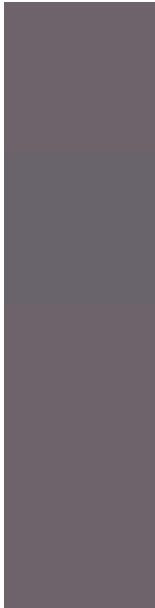
36.4695, 2.4799, -0.0982



Tritanopia

36.4695, 2.4799, -0.0982

Trichromacy



Original Color

36.4695, 2.4799, -0.0982

Protanomaly

36.3322, 0.7279, -0.7516

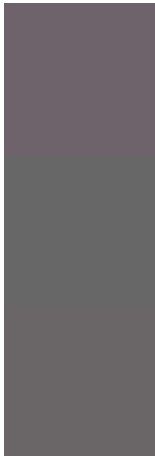
Deuteranomaly

36.4695, 2.4799, -0.0982

Tritanomaly

36.4695, 2.4799, -0.0982

Monochromacy



Original Color

36.4695, 2.4799, -0.0982

Achromatopsia

36.8284, -1.9651, 2.0010

Achromatomaly

36.8326, -0.5159, 1.6051

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 36.4695, 2.4799, -0.0982 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 99, 107)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 99, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 99, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 99, 107) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 36.4695, 2.4799, -0.0982 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 99, 107) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 99, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 99, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(110, 99, 107); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 99, 107);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 99,  
107) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 36.4695, 2.4799, -0.0982 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 99, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110, 99,  
107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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