

Converting Colors

HunterLab(36.3802, -5.6716,
0.9320)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(36.3802, -5.6716, 0.9320)
contains.

HunterLab(36.5059, -5.8715, 1.1213)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(36.5059, -5.8715,
1.1213)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5B6968
RGB	91, 105, 104
RGB Percent	36%, 41%, 41%
CMY	0.6431, 0.5882, 0.5922
CMYK	0.13, 0.00, 0.01, 0.59
HSL	176°, 7%, 38%
HSV	176°, 13%, 41%
XYZ	11.8647, 13.3268, 15.0437
YIQ	100.7000, -8.0230, -3.2790

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

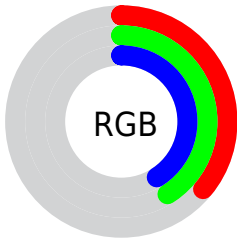
Format	Color
RYB	91, 98, 105
Decimal	5990760
CIELab	43.25, -5.51, -1.24
CIELCh	43, 5.646, 192.638
Yxy	13.3274, 0.2949, 0.3312
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284180840 (0xFF5B6968)
YUV	100.7000, 1.6269, -8.5069
Hunter-Lab	36.5059, -5.8715, 1.1213

Details

The HunterLab color $36.5059, -5.8715, 1.1213$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $33.5538, 2.4539, 2.8261$, and the grayscale version is $35.9585, -1.9187, 1.9537$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $56.3970, -7.5746, 2.0179$, and $19.6962, -4.2556, 0.4100$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $35.7985, -8.4803, 0.5489$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $37.3018, -3.0116, 1.7959$.

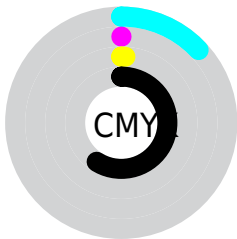
Distribution



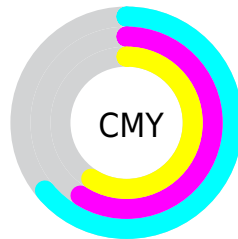
- Red (36%)
- Green (41%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (36%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (59%)



- Cyan (64%)
- Magenta (59%)
- Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 36.5059, -5.8715, 1.1213 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 36.5059, -5.8715, 1.1213 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 36.5059, -5.8715,
1.1213

■ 36.5059, -5.8715,
1.1213

145.9470,
-14.1023, 6.5809

■ 27.6665, -5.0380,
0.7151

■ 56.4718, -7.5774,
2.0762

■ 19.6840, -4.2086,
0.3628

■ 67.4906, -8.4539,
2.6160

■ 12.6636, -3.3714,
0.0738

■ 79.1452, -9.3483,
3.1936

■ 6.0005, -4.3212,
-0.5267

■ 91.4028, -10.2611,
3.8068

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

104.2351,
-11.1928, 4.4537

0.0000, NaN, NaN

117.6173,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-12.1436, 5.1325

0.0000, NaN, NaN

131.5277,
-13.1134, 5.8420

■ 36.5059, -5.8715,
1.1213

■ 36.5059, -5.8715,
1.1213

■ 35.7985, -8.4803,
0.5489

■ 37.3018, -3.0116,
1.7959

■ 35.1781, -10.8162,
0.0817

■ 38.1822, 0.0792,
2.5651

■ 34.6455, -12.8637,
-0.2766

■ 39.1457, 3.3766,
3.4228

■ 34.1996, -14.6119,
-0.5250

■ 40.1896, 6.8569,
4.3617

■ 33.8381, -16.0563,
-0.6645

■ 41.3108, 10.4972,
5.3746

■ 33.5572, -17.2000,
-0.6991

■ 42.5059, 14.2756,
6.4541

■ 33.3518, -18.0548,
-0.6352

■ 43.7716, 18.1721,
7.5934

■ 33.2122, -18.6527,
-0.4859

■ 45.1043, 22.1686,
8.7859

■ 33.1299, -19.0097,
-0.3730

■ 46.5007, 26.2490,
10.0256

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.5067, -5.7882, 3.1341



36.5059, -5.8715, 1.1213



36.5067, -4.9228, -0.7600

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.5067, -5.8722, 1.1219



36.5067, 0.8744, -1.0059



36.5067, -0.7160, 5.5234

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.5059, -5.8715, 1.1213



33.5538, 2.4539, 2.8261

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.5067, 1.1214, 4.5361



36.5059, -5.8715, 1.1213



36.5067, 2.0540, 0.8018

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.5067, -5.8722, 1.1219



36.5067, -1.0468, -2.0350



36.5067, 2.1454, 2.8318



36.5067, -2.8442, 5.5981

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.5059, -5.8715, 1.1213



36.5067, -3.8187, -1.6563



36.5067, 2.1454, 2.8318



36.5067, -0.0427, 5.2899

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.5067, -5.8722, 1.1219



49.8267, -4.3402, 2.3280



36.2533, -7.4576, 6.0213



24.0839, -2.2142, 1.0993



74.4461, -3.9723, 4.0448



24.3420, -1.2988, 1.3225

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.5067, -5.8722, 1.1219



48.5411, -8.9863, 1.2466



34.9283, -3.1601, -1.2199



18.6771, -2.3610, 0.7113



37.2757, -21.4082, -0.3772



84.1105, -48.5176, -0.3953

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33.5538, 2.4539, 2.8261



43.6832, 4.7240, 4.0554



35.0396, -0.3216, 4.8376



17.6634, 0.4946, 1.2952



19.5477, 33.5700, 11.9020



44.0666, 75.5609, 27.7343

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.5059, -5.8715, 1.1213 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.5059, -5.8715, 1.1213 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

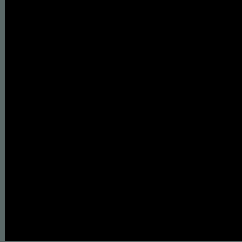
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 36.5059, -5.8715, 1.1213 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.5059, -5.8715, 1.1213.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.5059, -5.8715, 1.1213.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36.5059, -5.8715, 1.1213

Protanopia

36.3452, -0.9323, 1.8733

Deuteranopia

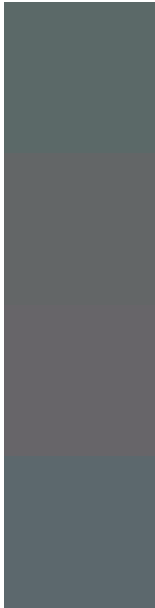
36.4124, 2.1737, 0.7137



Tritanopia

36.5319, -3.8871, -2.4361

Trichromacy



Original Color

36.5059, -5.8715, 1.1213

Protanomaly

36.2418, -2.6201, 1.2936

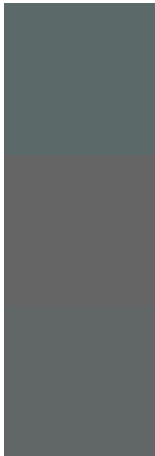
Deuteranomaly

36.3467, -0.7603, 0.5826

Tritanomaly

36.4418, -4.3859, -1.1606

Monochromacy



Original Color

36.5059, -5.8715, 1.1213

Achromatopsia

36.0744, -1.9248, 1.9600

Achromatomaly

36.0603, -3.3119, 1.4941

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 36.5059, -5.8715, 1.1213 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(91, 105, 104)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(91, 105, 104)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(91, 105, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(91, 105, 104) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 36.5059, -5.8715, 1.1213 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(91, 105, 104) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(91, 105, 104) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(91, 105, 104)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(91, 105, 104); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 105, 104);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(91, 105,  
104) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 36.5059, -5.8715, 1.1213 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(91, 105, 104) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(91, 105,  
104) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor