

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(36.4012, 20.7897,  
-7.3213)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(36.4012, 20.7897,  
-7.3213) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(36.4766, 20.5434,  
-7.0916)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	8A557A
RGB	138, 85, 122
RGB Percent	54%, 33%, 48%
CMY	0.4588, 0.6667, 0.5216
CMYK	0.00, 0.38, 0.12, 0.46
HSL	318°, 24%, 44%
HSV	318°, 38%, 54%
XYZ	17.2426, 13.3054, 20.0718
YIQ	105.0650, 19.7110, 22.7430

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

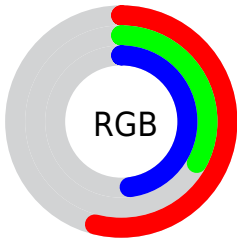
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	138, 85, 122
Decimal	9065850
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	43.22, 27.79, -11.72
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	43, 30.158, 337.129
Yxy	13.3060, 0.3406, 0.2629
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287255930 (0xFF8A557A)
YUV	105.0650, 8.3490, 28.8840
Hunter-Lab	36.4766, 20.5434, -7.0916

# Details

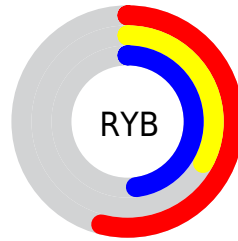
The HunterLab color **36.4766, 20.5434, -7.0916** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **45.8784, -21.2091, 11.9865**, and the grayscale version is **37.5745, -2.0049, 2.0415**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56.4542, 21.9322, -6.8851**, and **19.7320, 18.1742, -6.4631** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33.5258, 26.5590, -9.0965**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39.7498, 14.4173, -4.7800**.

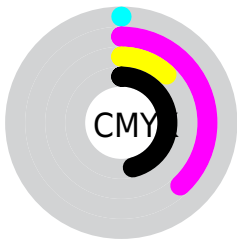
# Distribution



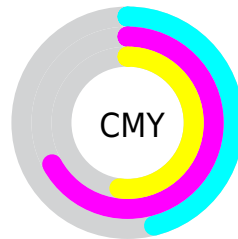
- Red (54%)
- Green (33%)
- Blue (48%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (46%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (52%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 36.4766, 20.5434, -7.0916 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 36.4766, 20.5434, -7.0916 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



36.4766, 20.5434,  
-7.0916

36.4766, 20.5434,  
-7.0916

145.9006, 25.6946,  
-5.5267

27.6399, 19.4675,  
-6.9570

56.4380, 22.3147,  
-7.1355

19.6602, 18.2488,  
-6.7396

67.4547, 23.0396,  
-7.0601

12.6430, 16.8836,  
-6.4365

79.1074, 23.6714,  
-6.9267

5.9713, 20.3309,  
-8.0204

91.3631, 24.2188,  
-6.7400

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

104.1936, 24.6891,  
-6.5036

0.0000, NaN, NaN

117.5741, 25.0885,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-6.2208

0.0000, NaN, NaN

131.4829, 25.4222,  
-5.8944

■ 36.4766, 20.5434,  
-7.0916

■ 36.4766, 20.5434,  
-7.0916

■ 33.5258, 26.5590,  
-9.0965

■ 39.7498, 14.4173,  
-4.7800

■ 30.9467, 32.2642,  
-10.6764

■ 43.2966, 8.3097,  
-2.2564

■ 28.7928, 37.3644,  
-11.6888

■ 47.0783, 2.2856,  
0.4143

■ 27.1086, 41.5031,  
-11.9974

■ 51.0621, -3.6256,  
3.1873

■ 25.9170, 44.3459,  
-11.5191

■ 55.2213, -9.4167,  
6.0325

■ 25.1282, 45.9785,  
-10.3971

■ 59.5338, -15.0925,  
8.9302

■ 25.0082, 46.2291,  
-10.2109

■ 63.9820, -20.6635,  
11.8676

■ 68.5511, -26.1426,  
14.8361

■ 73.2291, -31.5428,  
17.8304

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.4774, 12.2585, -18.8755



36.4766, 20.5434, -7.0916



36.4774, 22.4683, 4.4814

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.4774, 20.5420, -7.0907



36.4774, -4.6308, 17.2150



36.4774, -17.8409, -12.9884

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.4766, 20.5434, -7.0916



45.8784, -21.2091, 11.9865

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.4774, -21.2617, -0.7001



36.4766, 20.5434, -7.0916



36.4774, -14.2667, 15.0116

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.4774, 20.5420, -7.0907



36.4774, 6.9743, 16.4537



36.4774, -20.0385, 9.2000



36.4774, -10.0880, -22.9467



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.4766, 20.5434, -7.0916



36.4774, 19.6979, 10.2765



36.4774, -20.0385, 9.2000



36.4774, -19.4892, -8.8683

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.4774, 20.5420, -7.0907



60.5352, 6.0996, -0.8350



33.3071, 12.4124, -22.0615



28.4135, 3.2944, -0.5761



83.1908, -4.4389, 4.5199



31.6988, -1.6914, 1.7223



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.4774, 20.5420, -7.0907



45.0386, 34.1443, -11.7291



35.6905, 16.6787, 4.0594



22.5913, 1.3195, 0.1016



23.9515, 44.2852, -9.8534



2.0177, 3.8421, -1.6936



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.4774, 20.5420, -7.0907



45.0386, 34.1443, -11.7291



46.5310, -17.3957, 2.6083



22.5913, 1.3195, 0.1016



23.9515, 44.2852, -9.8534

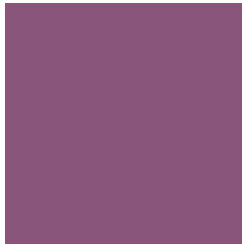


2.0177, 3.8421, -1.6936



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.4766, 20.5434, -7.0916 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

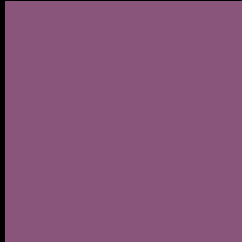
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.4766, 20.5434, -7.0916 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

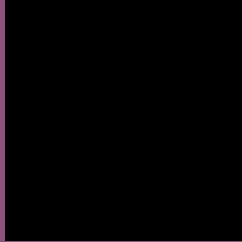
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 36.4766, 20.5434, -7.0916 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.4766, 20.5434, -7.0916.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.4766, 20.5434, -7.0916.

-7.0916.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

36.4766, 20.5434, -7.0916

### Protanopia

36.5794, 1.8801, -13.3944

### Deuteranopia

36.5914, 2.2883, -5.6917



## Tritanopia

36.5052, 13.4003, 4.3610

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

36.4766, 20.5434, -7.0916

## Protanomaly

36.1724, 8.1779, -11.6098

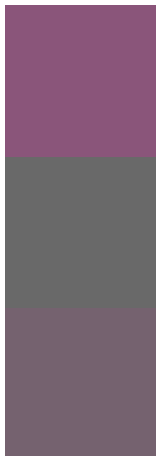
## Deuteranomaly

36.4053, 8.2923, -6.3612

## Tritanomaly

36.4064, 15.9356, 0.5060

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

36.4766, 20.5434, -7.0916

## Achromatopsia

37.5850, -2.0054, 2.0421

## Achromatomaly

36.9662, 5.6787, -1.2431

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 36.4766, 20.5434, -7.0916 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(138, 85, 122)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(138, 85, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 85, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(138, 85, 122) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 36.4766, 20.5434, -7.0916 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(138, 85, 122) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(138, 85, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 85, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(138, 85, 122); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 85, 122);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 85,  
122) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 36.4766, 20.5434, -7.0916 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(138, 85, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(138, 85,  
122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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