

Converting Colors

HunterLab(36.4292, 2.9092,
-1.2626)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(36.4292, 2.9092, -1.2626)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(36.5278, 2.7922,
-0.9265)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6E636D
RGB	110, 99, 109
RGB Percent	43%, 39%, 43%
CMY	0.5686, 0.6118, 0.5725
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.01, 0.57
HSL	305°, 5%, 41%
HSV	305°, 10%, 43%
XYZ	13.6526, 13.3428, 16.3238
YIQ	103.4290, 3.3460, 5.4420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

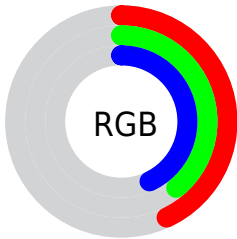
Format	Color
R_{YB}	110, 99, 109
Decimal	7234413
CIE Lab	43.28, 6.36, -4.05
CIE LCh	43, 7.537, 327.517
Yxy	13.3434, 0.3152, 0.3080
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285424493 (0xFF6E636D)
YUV	103.4290, 2.7465, 5.7628
Hunter-Lab	36.5278, 2.7922, -0.9265

Details

The HunterLab color $[36.5278, 2.7922, -0.9265]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[38.3732, -6.5774, 4.9005]$, and the grayscale version is $[36.9803, -1.9732, 2.0092]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[56.5969, 2.3583, 0.0758]$, and $[19.7943, 2.5962, -1.4083]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[33.7308, 7.7933, -4.0166]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[39.4884, -2.1078, 2.1460]$.

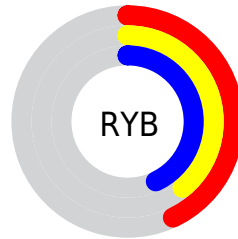
Distribution



Red (43%)

Green (39%)

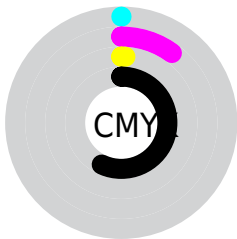
Blue (43%)



Red (43%)

Yellow (39%)

Blue (43%)

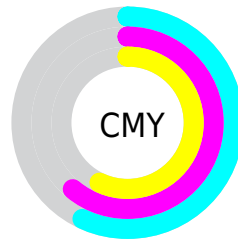


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (57%)



Cyan (57%)

Magenta (61%)

Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 36.5278, 2.7922, -0.9265 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 36.5278, 2.7922, -0.9265 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 36.5278, 2.7922,
-0.9265

■ 36.5278, 2.7922,
-0.9265

■ 145.9818, -0.3828,
3.4297

■ 27.6865, 2.8667,
-1.1711

■ 56.4972, 2.4326,
-0.2617

■ 19.7018, 2.8566,
-1.3472

■ 67.5175, 2.1656,
0.1455

■ 12.6790, 2.7406,
-1.4410

■ 79.1736, 1.8477,
0.5973

■ 6.0224, 4.2783,
-2.4581

■ 91.4326, 1.4830,
1.0905

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 104.2662, 1.0749,
1.6224

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 117.6496, 0.6264,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

131.5613, 0.1398,
2.7938

■ 36.5278, 2.7922,
-0.9265

■ 36.5278, 2.7922,
-0.9265

■ 33.7308, 7.7933,
-4.0166

■ 39.4884, -2.1078,
2.1460

■ 31.1202, 12.8689,
-7.0995

■ 42.5890, -6.8946,
5.1855

■ 28.7269, 17.9563,
-10.1268

■ 45.8130, -11.5713,
8.1877

■ 26.5849, 22.9469,
-13.0221

■ 49.1459, -16.1459,
11.1525

■ 24.7306, 27.6714,
-15.6742

■ 52.5759, -20.6293,
14.0824

■ 23.1994, 31.8994,
-17.9392

■ 56.0931, -25.0328,
16.9810

■ 22.0187, 35.3655,
-19.6599

■ 59.6892, -29.3677,
19.8525

■ 21.1990, 37.8335,
-20.7073

■ 63.3574, -33.6443,
22.7012

■ 20.5794, 39.7129,
-21.3569

■ 67.0917, -37.8718,
25.5309

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.5286, 0.6174, -2.9476



36.5278, 2.7922, -0.9265



36.5286, 3.6911, 1.7616

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.5286, 2.7913, -0.9258



36.5286, -1.7132, 6.8259



36.5286, -6.6887, -0.5050

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.5278, 2.7922, -0.9265



38.3732, -6.5774, 4.9005

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.5286, -7.2702, 2.2136



36.5278, 2.7922, -0.9265



36.5286, -4.4504, 6.3192

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.5286, 2.7913, -0.9258



36.5286, 1.0412, 6.1211



36.5286, -6.4631, 4.6806



36.5286, -4.8499, -2.6919

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.5278, 2.7922, -0.9265



36.5286, 3.4274, 3.5240



36.5286, -6.4631, 4.6806



36.5286, -7.0352, 0.3830

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.5286, 2.7913, -0.9258



51.1004, -0.8082, 1.5934



35.7137, 0.0929, -2.4823



24.5191, -0.1747, 0.6334



75.5302, -4.0301, 4.1037



25.2436, -1.3469, 1.3715

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.5286, 2.7913, -0.9258



47.5268, 5.2268, -2.1766



36.3735, 1.9600, 1.2790



18.5701, 1.1639, -0.3149



22.5508, 43.5102, -23.3443



50.2654, 96.8800, -51.2312

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.5286, 2.7913, -0.9258



47.5268, 5.2268, -2.1766



38.5141, -5.7899, 2.8830



18.5701, 1.1639, -0.3149



22.5508, 43.5102, -23.3443



50.2654, 96.8800, -51.2312

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.5278, 2.7922, -0.9265 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.5278, 2.7922, -0.9265 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

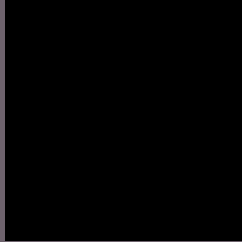
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 36.5278, 2.7922, -0.9265 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.5278, 2.7922, -0.9265.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.5278, 2.7922, -0.9265.

-0.9265.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36.5278, 2.7922, -0.9265

Protanopia

36.7086, -0.5392, -1.6799

Deuteranopia

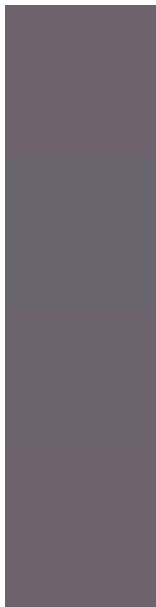
36.4404, 2.4991, -1.0419



Tritanopia

36.4695, 2.4799, -0.0982

Trichromacy



Original Color

36.5278, 2.7922, -0.9265

Protanomaly

36.6557, 0.5888, -1.2635

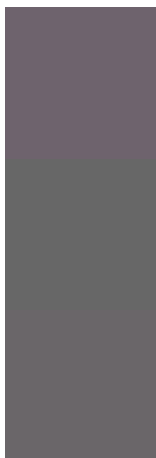
Deuteranomaly

36.4404, 2.4991, -1.0419

Tritanomaly

36.4985, 2.6353, -0.5103

Monochromacy



Original Color

36.5278, 2.7922, -0.9265

Achromatopsia

36.8284, -1.9651, 2.0010

Achromatomaly

36.8603, -0.3651, 1.2097

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 36.5278, 2.7922, -0.9265 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 99, 109)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 99, 109)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 99, 109) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 99, 109) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 36.5278, 2.7922, -0.9265 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

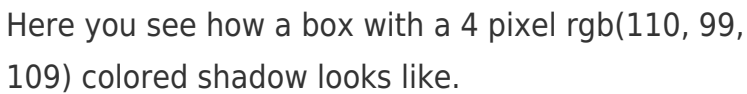
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 99, 109) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 99, 109) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(110, 99, 109)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 99, 109); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 99, 109); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 99, 109) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 36.5278, 2.7922, -0.9265 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 99, 109) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110, 99,  
109) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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