

Converting Colors

HunterLab(36.4430, -1.5973,
9.7632)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(36.4430, -1.5973, 9.7632)
contains.

HunterLab(36.4430, -1.5973, 9.7632)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(36.4430, -1.5973,
9.7632)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6F6551
RGB	111, 101, 81
RGB Percent	44%, 40%, 32%
CMY	0.5647, 0.6039, 0.6824
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.27, 0.56
HSL	40°, 16%, 38%
HSV	40°, 27%, 44%
XYZ	12.6944, 13.2809, 9.6789
YIQ	101.7100, 12.3800, -4.1000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

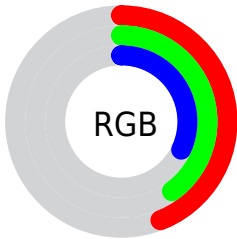
Format	Color
RYB	96, 111, 81
Decimal	7300433
CIELab	43.18, 0.48, 12.78
CIElCh	43, 12.791, 87.859
Yxy	13.2815, 0.3560, 0.3725
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285490513 (0xFF6F6551)
YUV	101.7100, -10.2100, 8.1473
Hunter-Lab	36.4430, -1.5973, 9.7632

Details

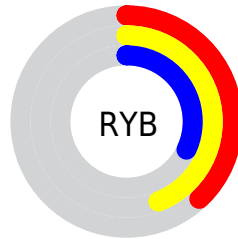
The HunterLab color $[36.4430, -1.5973, 9.7632]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[32.2163, -0.9520, -7.8425]$, and the grayscale version is $[36.3764, -1.9410, 1.9764]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[56.4400, -2.7463, 12.5444]$, and $[19.5511, -0.5479, 6.9762]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[35.2507, -1.1227, 11.9834]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[37.6783, -1.9194, 7.2143]$.

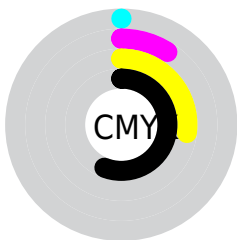
Distribution



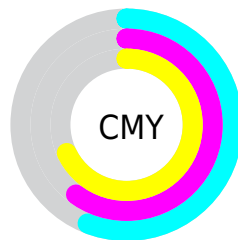
- Red (44%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (32%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (32%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (68%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 36.4430, -1.5973, 9.7632 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 36.4430, -1.5973, 9.7632 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 36.4430, -1.5973,
9.7632

■ 36.4430, -1.5973,
9.7632

■ 145.8472, -7.2379,
21.2897

■ 27.6092, -1.1572,
8.4088

■ 56.3991, -2.6099,
12.3689

■ 19.6328, -0.7651,
6.9873

■ 67.4134, -3.1736,
13.6453

■ 12.6194, -0.4291,
5.5654

■ 79.0639, -3.7727,
14.9148

■ 5.9375, 0.0335,
4.1562

■ 91.3175, -4.4050,
16.1822

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 104.1459, -5.0691,
17.4510

0.0000, NaN, NaN

117.5244, -5.7634,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

18.7240

0.0000, NaN, NaN

131.4313, -6.4867,
20.0030

■ 36.4430, -1.5973,
9.7632

■ 36.4430, -1.5973,
9.7632

■ 35.2507, -1.1227,
11.9834

■ 37.6783, -1.9194,
7.2143

■ 34.1006, -0.4870,
13.8571

■ 38.9522, -2.0917,
4.3532

■ 32.9953, 0.3122,
15.3703

■ 40.2638, -2.1220,
1.1986

■ 31.9362, 1.2762,
16.5126

■ 41.6113, -2.0175,
-2.2314

■ 30.9246, 2.4035,
17.2796

■ 42.9929, -1.7854,
-5.9191

■ 29.9611, 3.6883,
17.6758

■ 44.4071, -1.4330,
-9.8475

■ 29.0409, 5.0940,
17.7906

■ 45.8523, -0.9672,
-14.0008

■ 28.7721, 5.5150,
17.8258

■ 47.3269, -0.3949,
-18.3639

■ 48.8297, 0.2774,
-22.9227

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.4438, 3.1345, 8.7082



36.4430, -1.5973, 9.7632



36.4438, -6.1916, 8.9708

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.4438, -1.5985, 9.7637



36.4438, -9.8100, -2.3976



36.4438, 6.2678, -3.0439

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.4430, -1.5973, 9.7632



32.2163, -0.9520, -7.8425

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.4438, 2.5023, -6.7370



36.4430, -1.5973, 9.7632



36.4438, -6.7636, -6.3310

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.4438, -1.5985, 9.7637



36.4438, -10.7827, 2.3127



36.4438, -2.2932, -8.0112



36.4438, 7.8210, 1.6517

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.4430, -1.5973, 9.7632



36.4438, -8.5896, 7.4346



36.4438, -2.2932, -8.0112



36.4438, 5.2094, -4.4657

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.4438, -1.5985, 9.7637



51.9184, -2.7816, 6.3025



31.6541, 8.8141, 1.1205



25.3422, -1.3531, 3.3316



76.6170, -4.0881, 4.1627



26.1505, -1.3953, 1.4208

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.4438, -1.5985, 9.7637



47.8275, -1.7925, 14.8565



38.7649, -7.4548, 11.8497



19.3340, -1.0337, 2.4706



31.1553, 6.1352, 19.3051



68.3517, 15.9789, 42.3977

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32.2163, -0.9520, -7.8425



40.9997, -0.6915, -13.6917



30.0185, 4.8469, -11.1215



18.6154, -0.9334, -0.5028



16.9291, 14.0031, -51.3886



35.8281, 36.4068, -123.3738

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.4430, -1.5973, 9.7632 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.4430, -1.5973, 9.7632 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

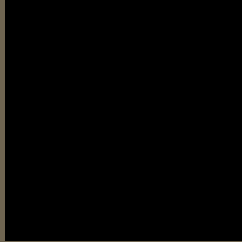
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 36.4430, -1.5973, 9.7632 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.4430, -1.5973, 9.7632.

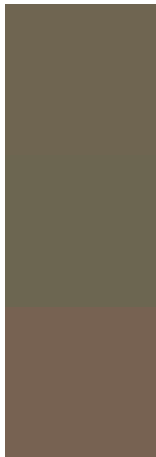


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.4430, -1.5973, 9.7632.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36.4430, -1.5973, 9.7632

Protanopia

36.4486, -2.9558, 9.7447

Deuteranopia

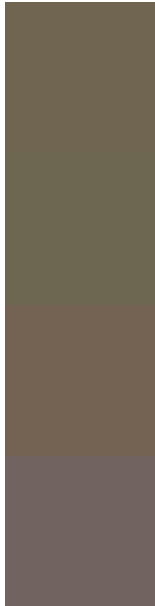
36.4232, 2.4114, 9.4918



Tritanopia

36.5140, 3.8407, 0.8660

Trichromacy



Original Color

36.4430, -1.5973, 9.7632

Protanomaly

36.5350, -2.6532, 9.8332

Deuteranomaly

36.3949, 0.9865, 9.4393

Tritanomaly

36.4403, 1.7863, 4.4801

Monochromacy



Original Color

36.4430, -1.5973, 9.7632

Achromatopsia

36.4511, -1.9449, 1.9805

Achromatomaly

36.4886, -2.2290, 5.2380

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 36.4430, -1.5973, 9.7632 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(111, 101, 81)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(111, 101, 81)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(111, 101, 81) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(111, 101, 81) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 36.4430, -1.5973, 9.7632 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(111, 101, 81) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(111, 101, 81) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(111, 101, 81)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(111, 101, 81); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 101, 81);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 101,  
81) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 36.4430, -1.5973, 9.7632 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(111, 101, 81) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(111,  
101, 81) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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