

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(36.4454, 20.3244,  
16.8623)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(36.4454, 20.3244,  
16.8623) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(36.4403, 20.6020,  
16.9342)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	9B5237
RGB	155, 82, 55
RGB Percent	61%, 32%, 22%
CMY	0.3922, 0.6784, 0.7843
CMYK	0.00, 0.47, 0.65, 0.39
HSL	16°, 48%, 41%
HSV	16°, 65%, 61%
XYZ	17.2244, 13.2790, 5.2697
YIQ	100.7490, 52.1750, 7.0790

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

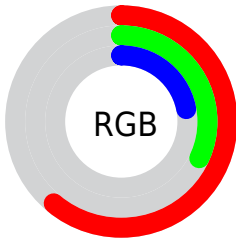
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	155, 92, 55
Decimal	10179127
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	43.18, 27.86, 29.15
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	43, 40.320, 46.302
Yxy	13.2797, 0.4815, 0.3712
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288369207 (0xFF9B5237)
YUV	100.7490, -22.5543, 47.5781
Hunter-Lab	36.4403, 20.6020, 16.9342

# Details

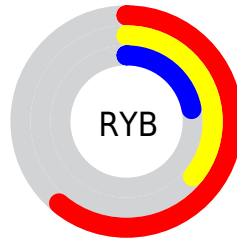
The HunterLab color **36.4403, 20.6020, 16.9342** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **43.1463, -12.5785, -16.2467**, and the grayscale version is **36.0491, -1.9235, 1.9586**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56.4805, 22.1268, 21.7201**, and **19.6949, 18.1647, 11.5008** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34.0375, 25.0006, 17.9916**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **39.1176, 16.3334, 15.4815**.

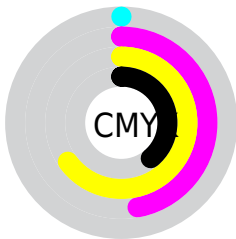
# Distribution



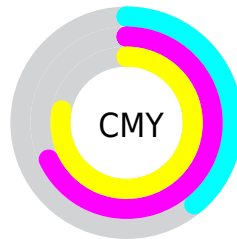
- Red (61%)
- Green (32%)
- Blue (22%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (22%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Black (39%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (78%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 36.4403, 20.6020, 16.9342 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 36.4403, 20.6020, 16.9342 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



36.4403, 20.6020,  
16.9342

36.4403, 20.6020,  
16.9342

145.8431, 25.7802,  
36.4599

27.6069, 19.5214,  
14.2886

56.3962, 22.3794,  
21.7666

19.6307, 18.2990,  
11.4574

67.4103, 23.1076,  
24.0246

12.6176, 16.9305,  
8.8323

79.0606, 23.7426,  
26.2088

5.9349, 20.4997,  
4.1544

91.3140, 24.2931,  
28.3348

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

104.1423, 24.7664,  
30.4146

0.0000, NaN, NaN

117.5206, 25.1686,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

32.4575

0.0000, NaN, NaN

131.4274, 25.5050,  
34.4706

■ 36.4403, 20.6020,  
16.9342

■ 36.4403, 20.6020,  
16.9342

■ 34.0375, 25.0006,  
17.9916

■ 39.1176, 16.3334,  
15.4815

■ 31.9393, 29.4221,  
18.5917

■ 42.0345, 12.2680,  
13.6978

■ 30.1763, 33.6931,  
18.7047

■ 45.1627, 8.4332,  
11.6441

■ 29.3501, 35.8519,  
18.7130

■ 48.4762, 4.8349,  
9.3713

■ 51.9528, 1.4648,  
6.9205

■ 55.5738, -1.6932,  
4.3239

■ 59.3231, -4.6585,  
1.6066

■ 63.1873, -7.4512,  
-1.2124

■ 67.1550, -10.0908,  
-4.1181

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.4413, 30.6764, 8.9756



36.4403, 20.6020, 16.9342



36.4413, 5.2592, 20.0077

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.4413, 20.5996, 16.9347



36.4413, -26.2792, 7.9890



36.4413, 6.6533, -36.2188

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.4403, 20.6020, 16.9342



43.1463, -12.5785, -16.2467

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.4413, -8.6322, -36.8448



36.4403, 20.6020, 16.9342



36.4413, -26.0317, -6.7450

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.4413, 20.5996, 16.9347



36.4413, -20.8122, 16.4693



36.4413, -20.0690, -24.4883



36.4413, 21.7638, -23.0217



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.4403, 20.6020, 16.9342



36.4413, -5.1088, 20.2414



36.4413, -20.0690, -24.4883



36.4413, 1.3278, -38.0490

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.4413, 20.5996, 16.9347



67.2413, 4.1130, 10.8805



33.5683, 41.2355, -14.8675



31.4006, 2.5360, 5.5914



88.7363, -4.7347, 4.8212



36.4511, -1.9449, 1.9805



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.4413, 20.5996, 16.9347



44.3799, 35.8236, 24.4744



48.6380, -2.8608, 25.5143



25.4571, -0.1107, 2.6285



26.4109, 31.8188, 16.8313



3.9802, 1.9901, 2.4874



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



43.1463, -12.5785, -16.2467



54.6049, -16.3441, -26.9402



29.4536, 10.5153, -44.0901



25.9697, -2.5333, 0.1389



33.8789, -9.0210, -22.8719



4.8006, -2.0032, -1.6760



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.4403, 20.6020, 16.9342 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.4403, 20.6020, 16.9342 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

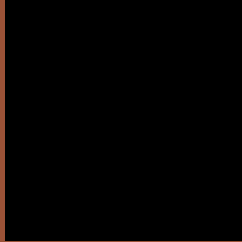
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 36.4403, 20.6020, 16.9342 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.4403, 20.6020, 16.9342.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.4403, 20.6020,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

36.4403, 20.6020, 16.9342

### Protanopia

36.7329, -4.0169, 15.2082

### Deuteranopia

36.6318, 2.1240, 17.3512



## Tritanopia

36.4101, 25.6509, 9.2267

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

36.4403, 20.6020, 16.9342

## Protanomaly

36.1792, 4.6920, 15.5949

## Deuteranomaly

36.3727, 8.9120, 17.0783

## Tritanomaly

36.2504, 23.7618, 12.4438

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

36.4403, 20.6020, 16.9342

## Achromatopsia

36.0744, -1.9248, 1.9600

## Achromatomaly

35.6517, 5.1413, 8.1097

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 36.4403, 20.6020, 16.9342 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(155, 82, 55)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(155, 82, 55)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(155, 82, 55) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(155, 82, 55) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 36.4403, 20.6020, 16.9342 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(155, 82, 55) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(155, 82, 55) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(155, 82, 55)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(155, 82, 55); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 82, 55);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 82,  
55) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 36.4403, 20.6020, 16.9342 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(155, 82, 55) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(155, 82,  
55) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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