

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(36.4468, 39.4965,  
-129.3843)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(36.4468, 39.4965,  
-129.3843) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(36.4468, 39.4965,  
-129.3843)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	0E52FE
RGB	14, 82, 254
RGB Percent	5%, 32%, 100%
CMY	0.9449, 0.6784, 0.0039
CMYK	0.94, 0.68, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	223°, 99%, 53%
HSV	223°, 94%, 100%
XYZ	21.0878, 13.2837, 95.2185
YIQ	81.2760, -95.7400, 39.0760

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

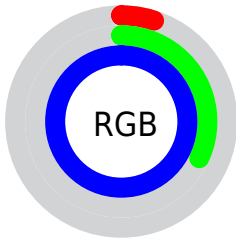
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	14, 67, 254
Decimal	938750
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	43.19, 47.58, -89.21
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	43, 101.102, 298.071
Yxy	13.2839, 0.1627, 0.1025
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279128830 (0xFF0E52FE)
<b>YUV</b>	81.2760, 85.1529, -59.0011
Hunter-Lab	36.4468, 39.4965, -129.3843




# Details

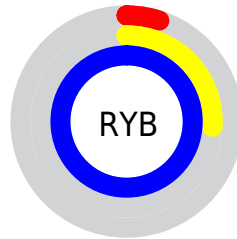
The HunterLab color **36.4468, 39.4965, -129.3843** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3366FF**. The color can be described as dark saturated blue. A complement of this color would be **74.9981, 8.0466, 46.0242**, and the grayscale version is **28.5173, -1.5216, 1.5494**.


A 20% lighter version of the original color is **52.2534, 23.4639, -74.7389**, and **23.1770, 41.5154, -118.5891** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **34.3220, 44.9997, -140.0410**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **40.9269, 30.0896, -110.0918**.

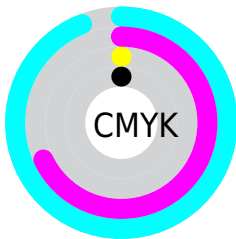
# Distribution







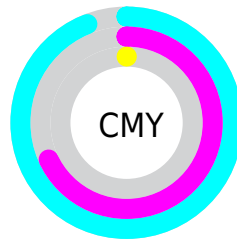
-  Red (5%)
-  Green (32%)
-  Blue (100%)






-  Red (5%)
-  Yellow (26%)
-  Blue (100%)



-  Cyan (94%)
-  Magenta (68%)
-  Yellow (0%)
-  Black (0%)



-  Cyan (94%)
-  Magenta (68%)
-  Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 36.4468, 39.4965, -129.3843 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 36.4468, 39.4965, -129.3843 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 36.4468, 39.4965,  
-129.3843

■ 36.4468, 39.4965,  
-129.3843

■ 145.8524, 51.2960,  
-127.9324

■ 27.6122, 37.6676,  
-134.6699

■ 56.4029, 42.8380,  
-125.0972

■ 19.6355, 35.7727,  
-144.6114

■ 67.4174, 44.3369,  
-124.5187

■ 12.6217, 33.9637,  
-164.8506

■ 79.0681, 45.7281,  
-124.4920

■ 5.9407, 40.1258,  
-244.2698

■ 91.3219, 47.0184,  
-124.8289

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 104.1505, 48.2144,  
-125.4091

0.0000, NaN, -NF

117.5292, 49.3223,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-126.1533

0.0000, NaN, -NF

131.4363, 50.3477,  
-127.0070

■ 36.4468, 39.4965,  
-129.3843

■ 36.4468, 39.4965,  
-129.3843

■ 34.3220, 44.9997,  
-140.0410

■ 40.9269, 30.0896,  
-110.0918

■ 46.1839, 21.9387,  
-91.5331

■ 52.0833, 15.1777,  
-74.3815

■ 58.5081, 9.6998,  
-58.7973

■ 65.3650, 5.3175,  
-44.6810

■ 72.5824, 1.8388,  
-31.8372

■ 80.1054, -0.9041,  
-20.0564

■ 87.8916, -3.0491,  
-9.1480

■ 95.9081, -4.7062,  
1.0497

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.4471, -4.3881, -159.9576



36.4468, 39.4965, -129.3843



36.4471, 83.7837, -57.7645

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.4471, 39.4995, -129.3836



36.4471, 45.6507, 25.5130



36.4471, -50.1616, 4.2600

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.4468, 39.4965, -129.3843



74.9981, 8.0466, 46.0242

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.4471, -45.7072, 22.9747



36.4468, 39.4965, -129.3843



36.4471, 0.5608, 25.5130

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.4471, 39.4995, -129.3836



36.4471, 88.2465, 21.9343



36.4471, -30.4904, 25.5130



36.4471, -46.7752, -48.6506



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.4468, 39.4965, -129.3843



36.4471, 101.4742, -15.6330



36.4471, -30.4904, 25.5130



36.4471, -49.5899, 13.6807

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.4471, 39.4995, -129.3836



77.7557, -0.0076, -24.2273



86.3271, -59.0822, 20.2482



34.4681, 0.5551, -13.5840

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.4471, 39.4995, -129.3836



34.4686, 45.2225, -140.7052



29.3792, 71.9070, -169.8669



42.6792, -1.8244, -1.8645



25.3477, 31.3983, -99.4623



8.9531, 6.9697, -26.2361



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.8997, 79.8859, 20.2069



46.6160, 80.8406, 22.2981



91.3642, -42.8940, 55.2763



42.5107, 2.1142, 2.1705



33.7292, 58.5561, 15.6412



10.6088, 18.5811, 3.6520



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.4468, 39.4965, -129.3843 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

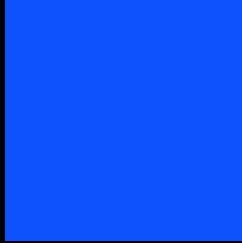
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.4468, 39.4965, -129.3843 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

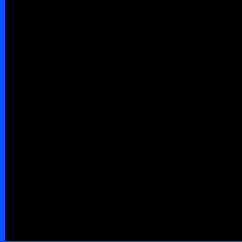
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 36.4468, 39.4965, -129.3843 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.4468, 39.4965, -129.3843.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.4468, 39.4965, -129.3843.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

36.4468, 39.4965, -129.3843

### Protanopia

35.9961, 12.8486, -72.7284

### Deuteranopia

36.0497, -0.2613, -44.4948



## Tritanopia

35.9115, -17.7911, -6.4804

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

36.4468, 39.4965, -129.3843

## Protanomaly

36.0753, 22.0182, -92.1217

## Deuteranomaly

35.7178, 13.1787, -72.5879

## Tritanomaly

34.8276, -1.0276, -40.7952

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

36.4468, 39.4965, -129.3843

## Achromatopsia

28.6850, -1.5306, 1.5585

## Achromatomaly

29.6114, 6.4344, -34.4720

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 36.4468, 39.4965, -129.3843 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(14, 82, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(14, 82, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(14, 82, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(14, 82, 254) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 36.4468, 39.4965, -129.3843 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(14, 82, 254) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(14, 82, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(14, 82, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(14, 82, 254); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(14, 82, 254);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(14, 82,  
254) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 36.4468, 39.4965, -129.3843 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(14, 82, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(14, 82,  
254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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