

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(36.5031, 29.0236,  
-19.0783)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(36.5031, 29.0236,  
-19.0783) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(36.6262, 28.8995,  
-18.9920)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	8F4F8F
RGB	143, 79, 143
RGB Percent	56%, 31%, 56%
CMY	0.4392, 0.6902, 0.4392
CMYK	0.00, 0.45, 0.00, 0.44
HSL	300°, 29%, 44%
HSV	300°, 45%, 56%
XYZ	19.0816, 13.4148, 27.5702
YIQ	105.4320, 17.6000, 33.4720

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

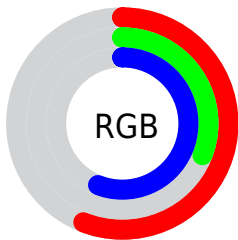
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	143, 79, 143
Decimal	9392015
CIE Lab	43.38, 36.81, -24.15
CIE LCh	43, 44.026, 326.740
Yxy	13.4154, 0.3177, 0.2233
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287582095 (0xFF8F4F8F)
YUV	105.4320, 18.5210, 32.9471
Hunter-Lab	36.6262, 28.8995, -18.9920

# Details

The HunterLab color  $36.6262, 28.8995, -18.9920$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $996699$ . A complement of this color would be  $46.7677, -26.6582, 18.9727$ , and the grayscale version is  $37.6769, -2.0103, 2.0471$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $56.5705, 31.4735, -19.9532$ , and  $19.8126, 25.7849, -17.6402$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $34.0140, 35.7716, -23.7122$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $39.6296, 21.7545, -14.0787$ .

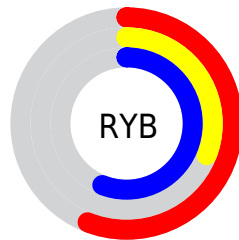
# Distribution



Red (56%)

Green (31%)

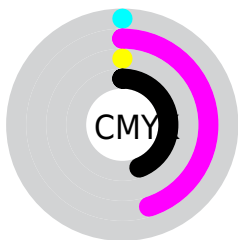
Blue (56%)



Red (56%)

Yellow (31%)

Blue (56%)

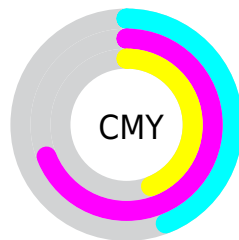


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (44%)

Magenta (69%)

Yellow (44%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 36.6262, 28.8995, -18.9920 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 36.6262, 28.8995, -18.9920 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



36.6262, 28.8995, -18.9920

36.6262, 28.8995, -18.9920

146.1379, 37.1997, -21.1440

27.7762, 27.4407, -18.4791

56.6110, 31.4328, -19.8737

19.7820, 25.8571, -17.9658

67.6382, 32.5269, -20.2264

12.7482, 24.1937, -17.5736

79.3009, 33.5184, -20.5185

6.1194, 27.9637, -20.8696

91.5662, 34.4156, -20.7516

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

104.4057, 35.2262, -20.9282

0.0000, NaN, NaN

117.7950, 35.9568,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-21.0508

0.0000, NaN, NaN

131.7121, 36.6129,  
-21.1220

■ 36.6262, 28.8995,  
-18.9920

■ 36.6262, 28.8995,  
-18.9920

■ 34.0140, 35.7716,  
-23.7122

■ 39.6296, 21.7545,  
-14.0787

■ 31.8414, 42.0655,  
-28.0315

■ 42.9705, 14.5561,  
-9.1233

■ 30.1511, 47.4037,  
-31.6921

■ 46.6030, 7.4346,  
-4.2148

■ 28.9642, 51.4237,  
-34.4473

■ 50.4864, 0.4589,  
0.5990

■ 28.2591, 53.9309,  
-36.1650

■ 54.5865, -6.3431,  
5.2987

■ 27.9694, 54.9888,  
-36.8896

■ 58.8749, -12.9679,  
9.8812

■ 63.3284, -19.4252,  
14.3528

■ 67.9278, -25.7307,  
18.7238

■ 72.6572, -31.9028,  
23.0064

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.6270, 13.6169, -37.0479



36.6262, 28.8995, -18.9920



36.6270, 35.8699, 0.2164

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.6270, 28.8982, -18.9909



36.6270, -0.1150, 21.2442



36.6270, -26.4192, -14.5578

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.6262, 28.8995, -18.9920



46.7677, -26.6582, 18.9727

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.6270, -28.7872, 3.6862



36.6262, 28.8995, -18.9920



36.6270, -15.2963, 20.1127

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.6270, 28.8982, -18.9909



36.6270, 17.3409, 19.4281



36.6270, -25.0978, 15.0877



36.6270, -17.9355, -33.7836



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.6262, 28.8995, -18.9920



36.6270, 34.0861, 9.7363



36.6270, -25.0978, 15.0877



36.6270, -27.8829, -7.9253

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.6270, 28.8982, -18.9909



63.1131, 8.5555, -4.6791



30.3942, 11.2877, -31.7664



29.7344, 5.0098, -2.8703



85.4018, -4.5568, 4.6400



33.5864, -1.7921, 1.8248



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.6270, 28.8982, -18.9909



45.3937, 48.2148, -31.9687



35.4682, 23.4532, -2.8748



23.4756, 1.6979, -0.7310



26.2999, 51.7064, -34.6875



2.5716, 5.0558, -3.3917



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.6270, 28.8982, -18.9909



45.3937, 48.2148, -31.9687



47.3871, -22.9716, 9.9803



23.4756, 1.6979, -0.7310



26.2999, 51.7064, -34.6875



2.5716, 5.0558, -3.3917



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.6262, 28.8995, -18.9920 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.6262, 28.8995, -18.9920 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

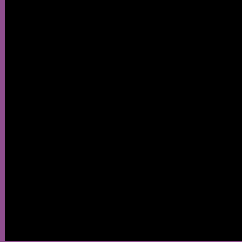
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 36.6262, 28.8995, -18.9920 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.6262, 28.8995, -18.9920.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.6262, 28.8995, -18.9920.

-18.9920.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

36.6262, 28.8995, -18.9920

### Protanopia

36.9187, 5.4025, -31.3064

### Deuteranopia

36.7404, 2.8867, -16.7279



## Tritanopia

36.7086, 13.9704, 4.9904

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

36.6262, 28.8995, -18.9920

## Protanomaly

36.2006, 12.8602, -27.5393

## Deuteranomaly

36.1962, 11.6321, -18.1332

## Tritanomaly

36.5196, 18.9675, -2.5285

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

36.6262, 28.8995, -18.9920

## Achromatopsia

37.5850, -2.0054, 2.0421

## Achromatomaly

36.9047, 8.5507, -5.1489

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 36.6262, 28.8995, -18.9920 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(143, 79, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(143, 79, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 79, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 79, 143) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 36.6262, 28.8995, -18.9920 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 79, 143) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 79, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(143, 79, 143)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(143, 79, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 79, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 79,  
143) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 36.6262, 28.8995, -18.9920 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 79, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143, 79,  
143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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