

Converting Colors

HunterLab(36.5993, -0.5685,
6.1397)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(36.5993, -0.5685, 6.1397)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(36.5993, -0.5685,
6.1397)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6E655C
RGB	110, 101, 92
RGB Percent	43%, 40%, 36%
CMY	0.5686, 0.6039, 0.6392
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.16, 0.57
HSL	30°, 9%, 40%
HSV	30°, 16%, 43%
XYZ	13.0159, 13.3951, 12.0247
YIQ	102.6650, 8.2530, -0.8910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

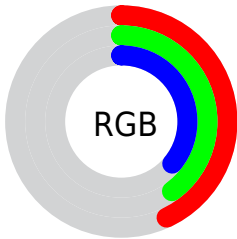
Format	Color
R_{YB}	110, 110, 92
Decimal	7234908
CIE Lab	43.35, 1.89, 6.38
CIE LCh	43, 6.651, 73.505
Yxy	13.3957, 0.3386, 0.3485
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285424988 (0xFF6E655C)
YUV	102.6650, -5.2578, 6.4328
Hunter-Lab	36.5993, -0.5685, 6.1397

Details

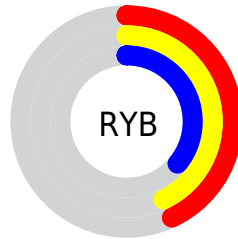
The HunterLab color $[36.5993, -0.5685, 6.1397]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[35.6486, -2.8906, -2.6193]$, and the grayscale version is $[36.7197, -1.9593, 1.9951]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[56.6488, -1.4198, 8.0975]$, and $[19.6462, 0.1351, 4.3077]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[34.9066, 0.5508, 8.2962]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[38.3485, -1.5507, 3.7633]$.

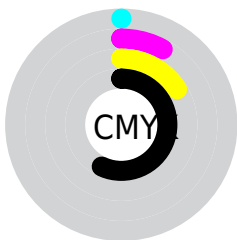
Distribution



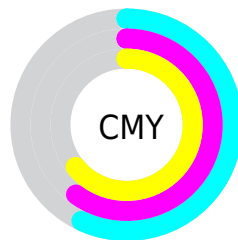
- Red (43%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (43%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (57%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 36.5993, -0.5685, 6.1397 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 36.5993, -0.5685, 6.1397 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 36.5993, -0.5685,
6.1397

■ 36.5993, -0.5685,
6.1397

■ 146.0952, -5.6154,
14.7878

■ 27.7517, -0.2172,
5.2445

■ 56.5799, -1.4232,
7.9533

■ 19.7600, 0.0768,
4.3452

■ 67.6052, -1.9154,
8.8789

■ 12.7292, 0.3017,
3.4245

■ 79.2661, -2.4467,
9.8200

■ 6.0930, 1.0251,
4.2651

■ 91.5297, -3.0147,
10.7779

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 104.3676, -3.6172,
11.7533

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 117.7552, -4.2525,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

12.7466

0.0000, NaN, NaN

131.6709, -4.9190,
13.7581

■ 36.5993, -0.5685,
6.1397

■ 36.5993, -0.5685,
6.1397

■ 34.9066, 0.5508,
8.2962

■ 38.3485, -1.5507,
3.7633

■ 33.2724, 1.8196,
10.2086

■ 40.1477, -2.4023,
1.1863

■ 31.7024, 3.2451,
11.8532

■ 41.9939, -3.1340,
-1.5721

■ 30.2020, 4.8334,
13.2053

■ 43.8839, -3.7552,
-4.4951

■ 28.7766, 6.5875,
14.2411

■ 45.8146, -4.2745,
-7.5676

■ 27.4321, 8.5051,
14.9401

■ 47.7833, -4.7003,
-10.7765

■ 26.1740, 10.5766,
15.2896

■ 49.7877, -5.0402,
-14.1102

■ 25.0028, 12.7603,
15.3576

■ 51.8254, -5.3010,
-17.5584

■ 24.5942, 13.5517,
15.3921

■ 53.8946, -5.4893,
-21.1120

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.6001, 1.6246, 5.0241



36.5993, -0.5685, 6.1397



36.6001, -3.0791, 6.1949

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.6001, -0.5696, 6.1402



36.6001, -6.5461, 0.8999



36.6001, 1.4393, -1.5094

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.5993, -0.5685, 6.1397



35.6486, -2.8906, -2.6193

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.6001, -0.8169, -2.7766



36.5993, -0.5685, 6.1397



36.6001, -5.4018, -1.3235

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.6001, -0.5696, 6.1402



36.6001, -6.4839, 3.2764



36.6001, -3.3198, -2.7064



36.6001, 2.8058, 0.6599

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.5993, -0.5685, 6.1397



36.6001, -4.5902, 5.6294



36.6001, -3.3198, -2.7064



36.6001, 0.7572, -2.0614

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.6001, -0.5696, 6.1402



51.1096, -2.2028, 4.5810



34.5095, 4.8162, 0.1958



24.5958, -1.0326, 2.2931



75.5302, -4.0301, 4.1037



25.2436, -1.3469, 1.3715

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.6001, -0.5696, 6.1402



47.5578, -0.1588, 9.3659



39.0381, -4.5845, 8.5966



19.1087, -0.6574, 2.2273



26.8473, 15.1005, 16.8076



58.4633, 37.0743, 36.6739

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.6486, -2.8906, -2.6193



45.9827, -3.9955, -5.1404



33.2500, 1.1629, -5.7963



18.8421, -1.3087, -0.2258



21.3886, 4.2328, -35.8713



45.8947, 13.0504, -85.5366

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.5993, -0.5685, 6.1397 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.5993, -0.5685, 6.1397 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

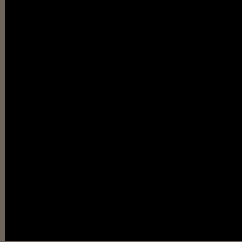
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 36.5993, -0.5685, 6.1397 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.5993, -0.5685, 6.1397.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.5993, -0.5685, 6.1397.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36.5993, -0.5685, 6.1397

Protanopia

36.6318, -1.7795, 5.7797

Deuteranopia

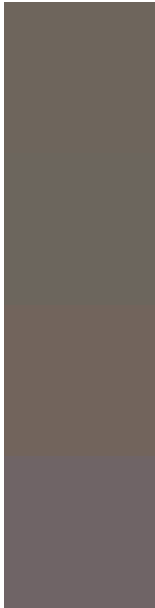
36.6188, 2.1916, 6.2089



Tritanopia

36.6469, 3.0742, 0.1310

Trichromacy



Original Color

36.5993, -0.5685, 6.1397

Protanomaly

36.7168, -1.4846, 5.8760

Deuteranomaly

36.6939, 1.1087, 6.2697

Tritanomaly

36.6785, 1.5652, 2.3088

Monochromacy



Original Color

36.5993, -0.5685, 6.1397

Achromatopsia

36.8284, -1.9651, 2.0010

Achromatomaly

36.6985, -1.2468, 3.5204

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 36.5993, -0.5685, 6.1397 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 101, 92)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 101, 92)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 101, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 101, 92) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 36.5993, -0.5685, 6.1397 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 101, 92) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 101, 92) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 101, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(110, 101, 92); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 101, 92);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 101,  
92) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 36.5993, -0.5685, 6.1397 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 101, 92) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110,  
101, 92) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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