

Converting Colors

HunterLab(36.7242, -1.4918,
1.2217)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(36.7242, -1.4918, 1.2217)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(36.6145, -1.2123,
0.8991)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	676669
RGB	103, 102, 105
RGB Percent	40%, 40%, 41%
CMY	0.5961, 0.6000, 0.5882
CMYK	0.02, 0.03, 0.00, 0.59
HSL	260°, 1%, 41%
HSV	260°, 3%, 41%
XYZ	12.8947, 13.4062, 15.2726
YIQ	102.6410, -0.3670, 1.1450

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

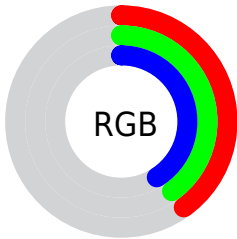
Format	Color
R_{YB}	103, 102, 105
Decimal	6776425
CIE Lab	43.37, 1.02, -1.55
CIE LCh	43, 1.857, 303.156
Yxy	13.4068, 0.3102, 0.3225
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284966505 (0xFF676669)
YUV	102.6410, 1.1630, 0.3148
Hunter-Lab	36.6145, -1.2123, 0.8991

Details

The HunterLab color $[36.6145, -1.2123, 0.8991]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[37.4244, -2.7281, 3.0972]$, and the grayscale version is $[36.6894, -1.9577, 1.9934]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[56.6152, -2.2256, 1.9086]$, and $[19.6942, -0.3786, 0.0777]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[33.2790, 1.6077, -3.2763]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[40.0435, -3.9662, 4.8168]$.

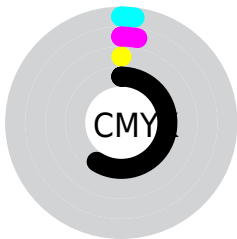
Distribution



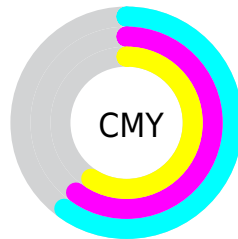
- Red (40%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (59%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 36.6145, -1.2123, 0.8991 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 36.6145, -1.2123, 0.8991 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 36.6145, -1.2123,
0.8991

■ 36.6145, -1.2123,
0.8991

■ 146.1193, -6.6294,
6.2352

■ 27.7656, -0.8053,
0.5113

■ 56.5974, -2.1653,
1.8214

■ 19.7724, -0.4502,
0.1791

■ 67.6238, -2.7021,
2.3463

■ 12.7399, -0.1561,
-0.0875

■ 79.2858, -3.2757,
2.9098

■ 6.1079, 0.3983,
-0.7225

■ 91.5503, -3.8838,
3.5096

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 104.3891, -4.5248,
4.1436

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 117.7776, -5.1969,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

4.8101

0.0000, NaN, NaN

131.6941, -5.8989,
5.5078

■ 36.6145, -1.2123,
0.8991

■ 36.6145, -1.2123,
0.8991

■ 33.2790, 1.6077,
-3.2763

■ 40.0435, -3.9662,
4.8168

■ 30.0476, 4.5143,
-7.7773

■ 43.5536, -6.6664,
8.5271

■ 26.9381, 7.5259,
-12.6847

■ 47.1372, -9.3263,
12.0720

■ 23.9730, 10.6605,
-18.0952

■ 50.7880, -11.9560,
15.4839

■ 21.1824, 13.9265,
-24.1121

■ 54.5003, -14.5636,
18.7885

■ 18.6074, 17.3034,
-30.8165

■ 58.2697, -17.1555,
22.0064

■ 16.3029, 20.7043,
-38.1966

■ 62.0924, -19.7372,
25.1539

■ 14.3391, 23.9139,
-46.0073

■ 65.9651, -22.3126,
28.2443

■ 12.7792, 26.5906,
-53.6669

■ 69.8848, -24.8854,
31.2883

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.6153, -1.8812, 0.6853



36.6145, -1.2123, 0.8991



36.6153, -0.7413, 1.4074

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.6153, -1.2131, 0.8997



36.6153, -1.3430, 3.1223



36.6153, -3.2961, 1.9222

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.6145, -1.2123, 0.8991



37.4244, -2.7281, 3.0972

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.6153, -3.1544, 2.5692



36.6145, -1.2123, 0.8991



36.6153, -2.0301, 3.2544

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.6153, -1.2131, 0.8997



36.6153, -0.8167, 2.6896



36.6153, -2.6923, 3.0537



36.6153, -3.0809, 1.2825

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.6145, -1.2123, 0.8991



36.6153, -0.6033, 1.8394



36.6153, -2.6923, 3.0537



36.6153, -3.2886, 2.1460

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.6153, -1.2131, 0.8997



49.8253, -2.3024, 2.1849



37.0889, -2.4112, 1.4469



24.1343, -1.1300, 1.0800



74.4461, -3.9723, 4.0448



24.3420, -1.2988, 1.3225

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.6153, -1.2131, 0.8997



48.8916, -1.5373, 1.0791



36.7332, -0.8059, 1.0490



18.4360, -0.5108, 0.3048



13.1290, 32.3199, -67.7642



28.8991, 72.2600, -157.8313

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.7506, -0.8015, 1.5014



49.0875, -0.9418, 1.9509



37.3093, -3.1315, 2.9577



18.5226, -0.2481, 0.6908



20.8720, 38.3965, -7.0756



46.9381, 86.0400, -13.5217

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.6145, -1.2123, 0.8991 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.6145, -1.2123, 0.8991 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

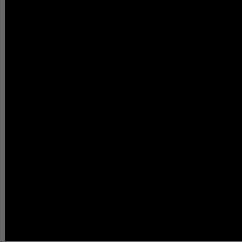
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 36.6145, -1.2123, 0.8991 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.6145, -1.2123, 0.8991.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.6145, -1.2123,

0.8991.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36.6145, -1.2123, 0.8991

Protanopia

36.6145, -1.2123, 0.8991

Deuteranopia

36.5292, 2.6228, 0.4231



Tritanopia

36.5439, 0.1476, -0.9526

Trichromacy

**Original Color**

36.6145, -1.2123, 0.8991

Protanomaly

36.6145, -1.2123, 0.8991

Deuteranomaly

36.5282, 1.2782, 0.3984

Tritanomaly

36.5146, -0.0113, -0.5366

Monochromacy

**Original Color**

36.6145, -1.2123, 0.8991

Achromatopsia

36.8284, -1.9651, 2.0010

Achromatomaly

36.8558, -1.8149, 1.6100

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 36.6145, -1.2123, 0.8991 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(103, 102, 105)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(103, 102, 105)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(103, 102, 105) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(103, 102, 105) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 36.6145, -1.2123, 0.8991 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(103, 102, 105) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(103, 102, 105) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(103, 102, 105)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(103, 102, 105); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 102, 105);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 102,  
105) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 36.6145, -1.2123, 0.8991 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(103, 102, 105) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(103,  
102, 105) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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