

Converting Colors

HunterLab(36.7252, 1.7761,
8.1565)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(36.7252, 1.7761, 8.1565)
contains.

HunterLab(36.5974, 1.8884, 7.9764)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(36.5974, 1.8884,
7.9764)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	756357
RGB	117, 99, 87
RGB Percent	46%, 39%, 34%
CMY	0.5412, 0.6118, 0.6588
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.26, 0.54
HSL	24°, 15%, 40%
HSV	24°, 26%, 46%
XYZ	13.5182, 13.3937, 10.8896
YIQ	103.0140, 14.5800, 0.0840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

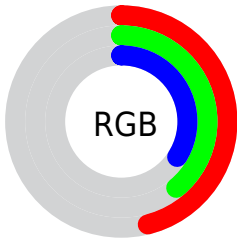
Format	Color
R_{YB}	117, 107, 87
Decimal	7693143
CIE Lab	43.35, 5.17, 9.49
CIE LCh	43, 10.811, 61.424
Yxy	13.3943, 0.3576, 0.3543
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285883223 (0xFF756357)
YUV	103.0140, -7.8949, 12.2657
Hunter-Lab	36.5974, 1.8884, 7.9764

Details

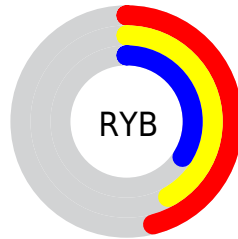
The HunterLab color $[36.5974, 1.8884, 7.9764]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[36.6243, -4.6669, -4.7591]$, and the grayscale version is $[36.8594, -1.9667, 2.0026]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[56.6161, 1.1304, 10.1217]$, and $[19.8553, 1.8870, 5.7267]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[34.5624, 3.7747, 9.8513]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[38.7165, 0.1592, 5.8972]$.

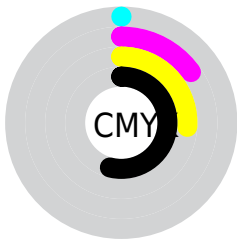
Distribution



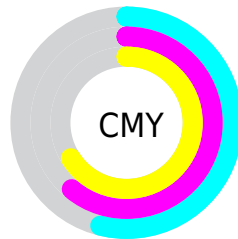
- Red (46%)
- Green (39%)
- Blue (34%)



- Red (46%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (34%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Black (54%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (66%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 36.5974, 1.8884, 7.9764 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 36.5974, 1.8884, 7.9764 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 36.5974, 1.8884,
7.9764

■ 36.5974, 1.8884,
7.9764

146.0923, -1.7819,
18.0040

■ 27.7500, 2.0355,
6.8628

■ 56.5777, 1.3980,
10.1679

■ 19.7585, 2.1050,
5.7158

■ 67.6029, 1.0715,
11.2614

■ 12.7279, 2.0778,
4.5045

■ 79.2637, 0.6971,
12.3598

■ 6.0912, 3.3740,
4.2638

■ 91.5271, 0.2786,
13.4662

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 104.3649, -0.1809,
14.5825

0.0000, NaN, NaN

117.7525, -0.6789,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

15.7103

0.0000, NaN, NaN

131.6680, -1.2132,
16.8505

■ 36.5974, 1.8884,
7.9764

■ 36.5974, 1.8884,
7.9764

■ 34.5624, 3.7747,
9.8513

■ 38.7165, 0.1592,
5.8972

■ 32.6175, 5.8312,
11.4918

■ 40.9095, -1.4204,
3.6374

■ 30.7734, 8.0622,
12.8668

■ 43.1706, -2.8637,
1.2190

■ 29.0408, 10.4667,
13.9429

■ 45.4938, -4.1828,
-1.3394

■ 27.4310, 13.0337,
14.6880

■ 47.8739, -5.3890,
-4.0220

■ 25.9558, 15.7380,
15.0766

■ 50.3066, -6.4931,
-6.8156

■ 24.6235, 18.5205,
15.1444

■ 52.7877, -7.5050,
-9.7089

■ 24.0827, 19.7086,
15.1847

■ 55.3139, -8.4333,
-12.6922

■ 57.8820, -9.2863,
-15.7575

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.5982, 5.0077, 5.6851



36.5974, 1.8884, 7.9764



36.5982, -2.1501, 8.7153

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.5982, 1.8872, 7.9769



36.5982, -9.4964, 1.8056



36.5982, 2.2404, -4.9912

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.5974, 1.8884, 7.9764



36.6243, -4.6669, -4.7591

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.5982, -1.7589, -6.3122



36.5974, 1.8884, 7.9764



36.5982, -8.4327, -2.1309

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.5982, 1.8872, 7.9769



36.5982, -8.6143, 5.3960



36.5982, -5.6445, -5.2129



36.5982, 5.2178, -1.7737

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.5974, 1.8884, 7.9764



36.5982, -4.7859, 8.2999



36.5982, -5.6445, -5.2129



36.5982, 0.9651, -5.6867

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.5982, 1.8872, 7.9769



53.9819, -1.3763, 5.6648



34.0857, 9.9691, -2.0691



25.7061, -0.5346, 2.9010



77.7063, -4.1462, 4.2219



27.0627, -1.4440, 1.4704

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.5982, 1.8872, 7.9769



47.2827, 4.0553, 12.2546



40.6260, -4.8652, 11.7889



19.7967, -0.4435, 2.1809



25.2209, 20.8334, 15.9057



54.2366, 49.7109, 34.2906

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.6243, -4.6669, -4.7591



47.3230, -6.7309, -8.7156



32.5931, 2.0969, -10.4944



19.8017, -1.6043, -0.0733



24.9737, -1.1864, -28.6539



53.5564, 0.0422, -67.0320

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.5974, 1.8884, 7.9764 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.5974, 1.8884, 7.9764 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

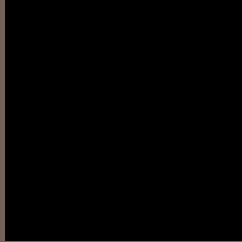
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 36.5974, 1.8884, 7.9764 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.5974, 1.8884, 7.9764.

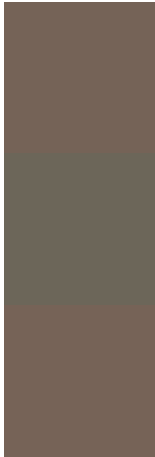


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.5974, 1.8884,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36.5974, 1.8884, 7.9764

Protanopia

36.6226, -1.9998, 7.2307

Deuteranopia

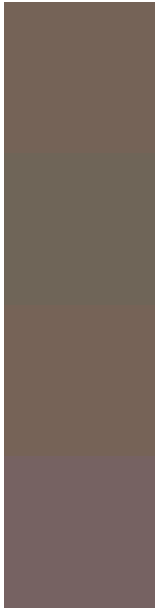
36.6924, 2.2085, 8.0784



Tritanopia

36.7026, 5.7119, 1.5593

Trichromacy



Original Color

36.5974, 1.8884, 7.9764

Protanomaly

36.5943, -0.7716, 7.5773

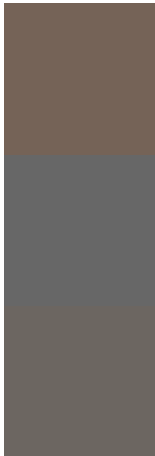
Deuteranomaly

36.6924, 2.2085, 8.0784

Tritanomaly

36.6998, 4.0799, 4.0177

Monochromacy



Original Color

36.5974, 1.8884, 7.9764

Achromatopsia

36.8284, -1.9651, 2.0010

Achromatomaly

36.8157, -0.9445, 4.4561

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 36.5974, 1.8884, 7.9764 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(117, 99, 87)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(117, 99, 87)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 99, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(117, 99, 87) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 36.5974, 1.8884, 7.9764 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(117, 99, 87) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(117, 99, 87) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 99, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(117, 99, 87); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 99, 87);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 99,  
87) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 36.5974, 1.8884, 7.9764 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(117, 99, 87) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(117, 99,  
87) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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