

Converting Colors

HunterLab(36.8053, -5.8416,
-33.3931)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(36.8053, -5.8416,
-33.3931) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(36.8533, -5.9857,
-33.1419)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	006DA3
RGB	0, 109, 163
RGB Percent	0%, 43%, 64%
CMY	0.9999, 0.5725, 0.3608
CMYK	1.00, 0.33, 0.00, 0.36
HSL	200°, 100%, 32%
HSV	200°, 100%, 64%
XYZ	12.0795, 13.5817, 36.6353
YIQ	82.5650, -82.2980, -6.3140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

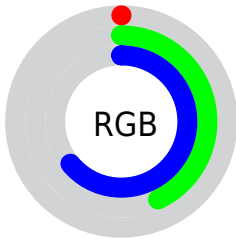
Format	Color
R _{YB}	0, 65, 163
Decimal	28067
CIE _{Lab}	43.63, -5.63, -36.30
CIE _{LCh}	44, 36.733, 261.190
Yxy	13.5821, 0.1939, 0.2180
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278218147 (0xFF006DA3)
YUV	82.5650, 39.6545, -72.4095
Hunter-Lab	36.8533, -5.9857, -33.1419

Details

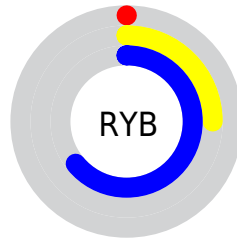
The HunterLab color **36.8533, -5.9857, -33.1419** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006699**. A complement of this color would be **32.2919, 34.2820, 20.4968**, and the grayscale version is **29.1382, -1.5547, 1.5831**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **56.7713, -7.6771, -34.4246**, and **21.4312, 0.7411, -28.3869** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **36.8508, -5.9817, -33.1475**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38.5785, -7.8571, -29.6192**.

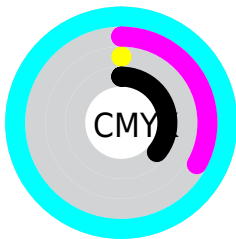
Distribution



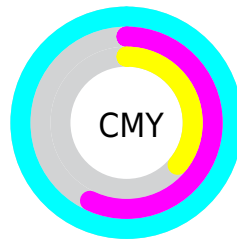
- Red (0%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (36%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 36.8533, -5.9857, -33.1419 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 36.8533, -5.9857, -33.1419 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 36.8533, -5.9857,
-33.1419

■ 36.8533, -5.9857,
-33.1419

■ 146.4975,
-14.2723, -37.8282

■ 27.9832, -5.1428,
-32.6012

■ 56.8732, -7.7052,
-34.4060

■ 19.9668, -4.3047,
-32.3063

■ 67.9165, -8.5885,
-35.0269

■ 12.9079, -3.4581,
-32.6756

■ 79.5943, -9.4894,
-35.6121

■ 6.3371, -4.2069,
-39.5037

■ 91.8740, -10.4084,
-36.1532

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 104.7273,
-11.3461, -36.6462

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 118.1297,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-12.3026, -37.0897

0.0000, NaN, NaN

132.0595,
-13.2780, -37.4835

■ 36.8533, -5.9857,
-33.1419

■ 36.8533, -5.9857,
-33.1419

■ 36.8508, -5.9817,
-33.1475

■ 38.5785, -7.8571,
-29.6192

■ 40.4317, -9.3046,
-26.0616

■ 42.4435, -10.2098,
-22.4293

■ 44.6124, -10.5750,
-18.7460

■ 46.9331, -10.4227,
-15.0363

■ 49.3979, -9.7873,
-11.3223

■ 51.9982, -8.7088,
-7.6212

■ 54.7252, -7.2288,
-3.9461

■ 57.5701, -5.3882,
-0.3058

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.8539, -17.3104, -23.9125



36.8533, -5.9857, -33.1419



36.8539, 8.2312, -30.5733

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.8539, -5.9851, -33.1411



36.8539, 26.5066, 10.0849



36.8539, -20.6184, 14.6774

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.8533, -5.9857, -33.1419



32.2919, 34.2820, 20.4968

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.8539, -11.1668, 18.7423



36.8533, -5.9857, -33.1419



36.8539, 16.3837, 16.8589

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.8539, -5.9851, -33.1411



36.8539, 28.4419, -2.1175



36.8539, 2.2281, 19.3566



36.8539, -24.8954, 5.7021

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.8533, -5.9857, -33.1419



36.8539, 17.4006, -22.8079



36.8539, 2.2281, 19.3566



36.8539, -18.0139, 16.4997

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.8539, -5.9851, -33.1411



69.3819, -11.7524, -10.4827



51.4194, -42.3924, 27.2454



32.2111, -5.8703, -5.9089



90.9709, -4.8540, 4.9426



38.3822, -2.0480, 2.0854

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.8539, -5.9851, -33.1411



48.9282, -7.4014, -45.1784



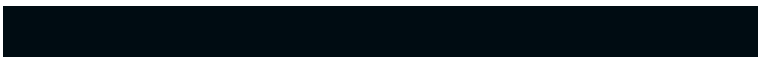
18.8903, 33.7792, -96.5252



27.5932, -2.5043, -0.0225



32.6183, -5.4771, -28.9466



5.5188, -1.9389, -2.7125

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



29.8184, 54.7624, -9.4357



39.8544, 73.1160, -11.9532



49.5937, -2.1746, 30.5203



26.7621, 1.6169, 0.1748



26.3025, 48.3384, -8.5436



3.9185, 7.3839, -2.6879

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.8533, -5.9857, -33.1419 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.8533, -5.9857, -33.1419 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

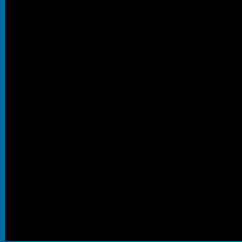
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 36.8533, -5.9857, -33.1419 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.8533, -5.9857, -33.1419.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.8533, -5.9857, -33.1419.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36.8533, -5.9857, -33.1419

Protanopia

36.8680, 4.7672, -27.7796

Deuteranopia

36.8914, 2.8647, -33.6637



Tritanopia

36.6943, -17.5522, -7.9744

Trichromacy



Original Color

36.8533, -5.9857, -33.1419

Protanomaly

36.2777, -1.1127, -31.2730

Deuteranomaly

36.4652, -1.4082, -34.6610

Tritanomaly

36.6378, -13.5369, -16.5719

Monochromacy



Original Color

36.8533, -5.9857, -33.1419

Achromatopsia

29.4110, -1.5693, 1.5980

Achromatomaly

30.9532, -6.7655, -10.4079

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 36.8533, -5.9857, -33.1419 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 109, 163)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 109, 163)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 109, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 109, 163) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 36.8533, -5.9857, -33.1419 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 109, 163) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 109, 163) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 109, 163)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 109, 163); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 109, 163); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 109, 163) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 36.8533, -5.9857, -33.1419 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 109, 163) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 109,  
163) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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