

Converting Colors

HunterLab(36.9844, -4.4560,
-9.7512)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(36.9844, -4.4560,
-9.7512) contains.

HunterLab(36.9600, -4.1659, -10.0588)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(36.9600, -4.1659,
-10.0588)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	526A80
RGB	82, 106, 128
RGB Percent	32%, 42%, 50%
CMY	0.6784, 0.5843, 0.4980
CMYK	0.36, 0.17, 0.00, 0.50
HSL	209°, 22%, 41%
HSV	209°, 36%, 50%
XYZ	12.5300, 13.6604, 22.3984
YIQ	101.3320, -21.3660, 1.7540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

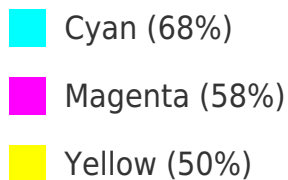
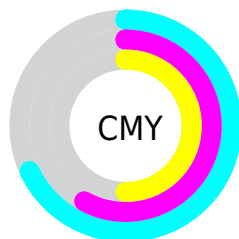
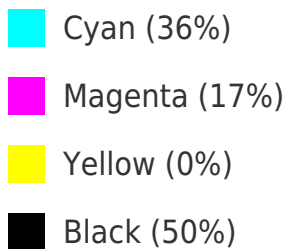
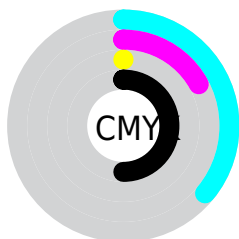
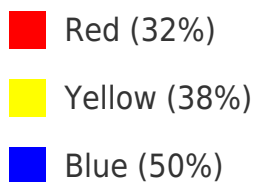
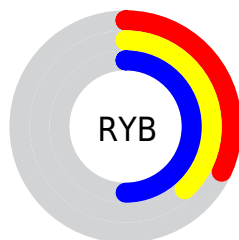
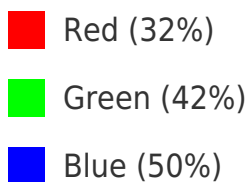
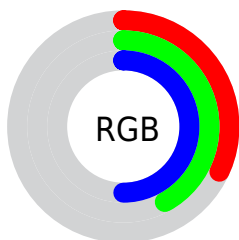
Format	Color
RYB	82, 98, 128
Decimal	5401216
CIELab	43.74, -3.04, -15.06
CIELCh	44, 15.362, 258.600
Yxy	13.6609, 0.2579, 0.2811
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283591296 (0xFF526A80)
YUV	101.3320, 13.1473, -16.9542
Hunter-Lab	36.9600, -4.1659, -10.0588

Details

The HunterLab color $[36.9600, -4.1659, -10.0588]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `666666`. A complement of this color would be $[38.8577, 2.6298, 11.8093]$, and the grayscale version is $[36.1579, -1.9293, 1.9645]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[56.9532, -5.4232, -10.5104]$, and $[20.0811, -2.8313, -9.5159]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[34.5291, -4.0228, -13.8610]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[39.4924, -4.0125, -6.3953]$.

Distribution



Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 36.9600, -4.1659, -10.0588 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 36.9600, -4.1659, -10.0588 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 36.9600, -4.1659,
-10.0588

■ 36.9600, -4.1659,
-10.0588

146.6667,
-11.3289, -9.5703

■ 28.0807, -3.4953,
-9.7959

■ 56.9967, -5.5844,
-10.3611

■ 20.0539, -2.8484,
-9.4575

■ 68.0474, -6.3319,
-10.4115

■ 12.9833, -2.2218,
-9.0582

■ 79.7324, -7.1045,
-10.4010

■ 6.4369, -2.3993,
-10.3323

■ 92.0188, -7.9019,
-10.3341

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 104.8785, -8.7236,
-10.2144

0.0000, NaN, NaN

118.2871, -9.5690,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-10.0453

0.0000, NaN, NaN

132.2229,
-10.4376, -9.8298

■ 36.9600, -4.1659,
-10.0588

■ 36.9600, -4.1659,
-10.0588

■ 34.5291, -4.0228,
-13.8610

■ 39.4924, -4.0125,
-6.3953

■ 32.2079, -3.5417,
-17.8101

■ 42.1147, -3.5983,
-2.8631

■ 30.0088, -2.6808,
-21.9051

■ 44.8194, -2.9563,
0.5498

■ 27.9439, -1.3997,
-26.1368

■ 47.5994, -2.1146,
3.8554

■ 26.0249, 0.3331,
-30.4839

■ 50.4483, -1.0976,
7.0652

■ 24.2528, 2.5004,
-34.9376

■ 53.3607, 0.0739,
10.1903

■ 23.5528, 3.4268,
-36.8364

■ 56.3317, 1.3822,
13.2407

■ 59.3573, 2.8122,
16.2257

■ 62.4336, 4.3509,
19.1534

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.9607, -9.1069, -6.9257



36.9600, -4.1659, -10.0588



36.9607, 1.6742, -9.6041

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.9607, -4.1662, -10.0581



36.9607, 9.2752, 5.2577



36.9607, -10.0214, 8.3985

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.9600, -4.1659, -10.0588



38.8577, 2.6298, 11.8093

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.9607, -5.4861, 10.7673



36.9600, -4.1659, -10.0588



36.9607, 5.7443, 9.1576

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.9607, -4.1662, -10.0581



36.9607, 9.6832, -0.1610



36.9607, 0.2703, 11.0217



36.9607, -12.3447, 4.0604

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.9600, -4.1659, -10.0588



36.9607, 5.2915, -7.3418



36.9607, 0.2703, 11.0217



36.9607, -8.7185, 9.4206

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.9607, -4.1662, -10.0581



57.5493, -4.4108, -1.6594



42.6862, -17.5339, 8.0013



27.6538, -2.1788, -1.0470



80.9895, -4.3214, 4.4003



29.8298, -1.5916, 1.6207

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.9607, -4.1662, -10.0581



46.4335, -5.4082, -17.3945



31.0180, 6.2036, -19.8149



21.3399, -1.5447, -0.2505



23.4592, 3.4012, -36.6642

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



34.1537, 16.1245, -2.3445



42.2225, 26.9846, -3.9955



44.9889, -7.5271, 17.0695



20.9256, 1.0338, 0.5226



22.2488, 39.8975, 0.4558

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.9600, -4.1659, -10.0588 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.9600, -4.1659, -10.0588 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

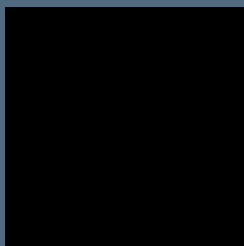
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

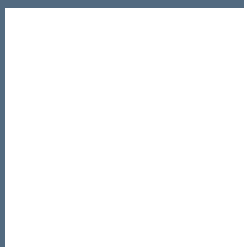
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 36.9600, -4.1659, -10.0588 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.9600, -4.1659, -10.0588.

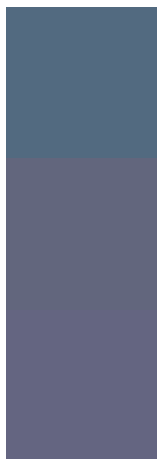


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.9600, -4.1659, -10.0588.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36.9600, -4.1659, -10.0588

Protanopia

36.8512, 0.8537, -8.4936

Deuteranopia

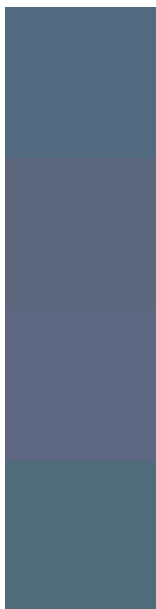
36.8804, 2.5976, -10.6176



Tritanopia

36.9753, -7.7519, -4.3380

Trichromacy



Original Color

36.9600, -4.1659, -10.0588

Protanomaly

36.7181, -0.9141, -9.2632

Deuteranomaly

36.8953, -0.0911, -10.6421

Tritanomaly

36.8800, -6.3767, -6.4673

Monochromacy



Original Color

36.9600, -4.1659, -10.0588

Achromatopsia

36.0744, -1.9248, 1.9600

Achromatomaly

36.3701, -3.1063, -2.1595

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 36.9600, -4.1659, -10.0588 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(82, 106, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(82, 106, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 106, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(82, 106, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 36.9600, -4.1659, -10.0588 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(82, 106, 128) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(82, 106, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 106, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(82, 106, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 106, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 106,  
128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 36.9600, -4.1659, -10.0588 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(82, 106, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(82, 106,  
128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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