

Converting Colors

HunterLab(36.9896, -1.9731,
2.0154)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(36.9896, -1.9731, 2.0154)
contains.

HunterLab(36.8284, -1.9651, 2.0010)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

**HunterLab(36.8284, -1.9651,
2.0010)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	676767
RGB	103, 103, 103
RGB Percent	40%, 40%, 40%
CMY	0.5961, 0.5961, 0.5961
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.60
HSL	119°, 0%, 40%
HSV	119°, 0%, 40%
XYZ	12.8919, 13.5633, 14.7704
YIQ	103.0000, -0.0000, 0.0000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	103, 103, 103
Decimal	6776679
CIE Lab	43.60, 0.00, -0.00
CIE LCh	44, 0.005, 288.857
Yxy	13.5639, 0.3127, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284966759 (0xFF676767)
YUV	103.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000
Hunter-Lab	36.8284, -1.9651, 2.0010

Details

The HunterLab color $36.8284, -1.9651, 2.0010$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 , and the color name is [granite gray](#). A complement of this color would be $36.8289, -1.9642, 2.0004$, and the grayscale version is $36.8291, -1.9651, 2.0010$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $56.8457, -3.0331, 3.0885$, and $19.8862, -1.0611, 1.0805$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $35.7871, -6.1871, 4.9015$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $37.9717, 2.5260, -1.0906$.

Distribution



Red (40%)

Green (40%)

Blue (40%)



Red (40%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (40%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (60%)



Cyan (60%)

Magenta (60%)

Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 36.8284, -1.9651, 2.0010 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 36.8284, -1.9651, 2.0010 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 36.8284, -1.9651,
2.0010

■ 36.8284, -1.9651,
2.0010

■ 146.4584, -7.8207,
7.9672

■ 27.9607, -1.4924,
1.5191

■ 56.8447, -3.0348,
3.0906

■ 19.9467, -1.0645,
1.0832

■ 67.8862, -3.6245,
3.6914

■ 12.8905, -0.6877,
0.6995

■ 79.5624, -4.2481,
4.3268

■ 6.3138, -0.3362,
0.3407

■ 91.8405, -4.9038,
4.9949

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 104.6923, -5.5901,
5.6943

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 118.0932, -6.3058,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

132.0217, -7.0497,
7.1815

■ 36.8284, -1.9651,
2.0010

■ 36.8284, -1.9651,
2.0010

■ 35.7871, -6.1871,
4.9015

■ 37.9717, 2.5260,
-1.0906

■ 34.8495, -10.0953,
7.5801

■ 39.2100, 7.2483,
-4.3467

■ 34.0194, -13.6489,
10.0088

■ 40.5393, 12.1631,
-7.7406

■ 33.2990, -16.8093,
12.1610

■ 41.9545, 17.2364,
-11.2484

■ 32.6891, -19.5437,
14.0149

■ 43.4506, 22.4385,
-14.8493

■ 32.1889, -21.8287,
15.5548

■ 45.0226, 27.7439,
-18.5252

■ 31.7956, -23.6528,
16.7739

■ 46.6657, 33.1309,
-22.2611

■ 31.5042, -25.0194,
17.6760

■ 48.3754, 38.5818,
-26.0442

■ 31.3073, -25.9493,
18.2771

■ 50.1474, 44.0821,
-29.8642

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



36.8292, -1.9678, 2.0015



36.8284, -1.9651, 2.0010



36.8292, -1.9645, 2.0025

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



36.8292, -1.9660, 2.0016



36.8292, -1.9648, 2.0072



36.8292, -1.9705, 2.0053

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



36.8284, -1.9651, 2.0010



36.8289, -1.9642, 2.0004

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



36.8292, -1.9697, 2.0069



36.8284, -1.9651, 2.0010



36.8292, -1.9664, 2.0079

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



36.8292, -1.9660, 2.0016



36.8292, -1.9638, 2.0058



36.8292, -1.9682, 2.0078



36.8292, -1.9704, 2.0036

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



36.8284, -1.9651, 2.0010



36.8292, -1.9638, 2.0035



36.8292, -1.9682, 2.0078



36.8292, -1.9703, 2.0059

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



36.8292, -1.9660, 2.0016



49.2815, -2.6295, 2.6776



36.8293, -1.9654, 2.0018



24.3420, -1.2988, 1.3225



74.4461, -3.9723, 4.0448

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



36.8292, -1.9660, 2.0016



49.2815, -2.6295, 2.6776



36.8292, -1.9658, 2.0012



18.1947, -0.9708, 0.9886



34.9540, -29.8754, 21.0155



79.8005, -68.3386, 47.9763

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.8289, -1.9642, 2.0004



49.2815, -2.6295, 2.6776



36.8288, -1.9644, 2.0008



18.1947, -0.9708, 0.9886



21.7309, 42.8842, -29.9066



49.5845, 97.8740, -68.4154

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.8284, -1.9651, 2.0010 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 36.8284, -1.9651, 2.0010 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

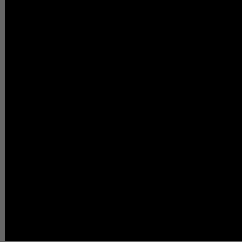
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 36.8284, -1.9651, 2.0010 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.8284, -1.9651, 2.0010.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 36.8284, -1.9651, 2.0010.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

36.8284, -1.9651, 2.0010

Protanopia

36.7223, -0.9508, 1.8936

Deuteranopia

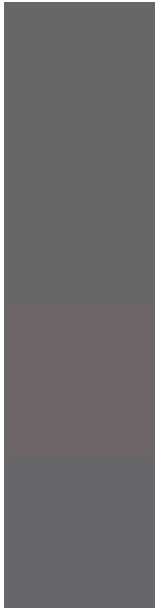
36.9114, 2.4592, 1.7508



Tritanopia

36.8396, -0.1488, -1.0439

Trichromacy



Original Color

36.8284, -1.9651, 2.0010

Protanomaly

36.6402, -1.2343, 1.7917

Deuteranomaly

36.8213, 0.8088, 1.6148

Tritanomaly

36.7523, -0.6234, 0.1958

Monochromacy



Original Color

36.8284, -1.9651, 2.0010

Achromatopsia

36.8284, -1.9651, 2.0010

Achromatomaly

36.8284, -1.9651, 2.0010

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 36.8284, -1.9651, 2.0010 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(103, 103, 103)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(103, 103, 103)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(103, 103, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(103, 103, 103) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 36.8284, -1.9651, 2.0010 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(103, 103, 103) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(103, 103, 103) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(103, 103, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(103, 103, 103); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 103, 103);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 103,  
103) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 36.8284, -1.9651, 2.0010 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(103, 103, 103) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(103,  
103, 103) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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