

Converting Colors

HunterLab(36.9927, -23.5884,
-97.2240)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(36.9927, -23.5884,
-97.2240) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(45.1447, 6.4677,
-70.3888)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	007DE6
RGB	0, 125, 230
RGB Percent	0%, 49%, 90%
CMY	0.9998, 0.5098, 0.0980
CMYK	1.00, 0.46, 0.00, 0.10
HSL	207°, 100%, 45%
HSV	207°, 100%, 90%
XYZ	21.6166, 20.3804, 77.6575
YIQ	99.5950, -108.2050, 6.1550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

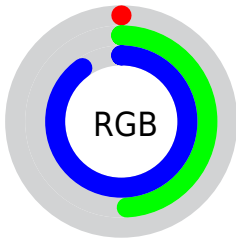
Format	Color
RYB	0, 81, 230
Decimal	32230
CIELab	52.27, 10.96, -60.99
CIELCh	52, 61.970, 280.186
Yxy	20.3810, 0.1807, 0.1703
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278222310 (0xFF007DE6)
YUV	99.5950, 64.2897, -87.3448
Hunter-Lab	45.1447, 6.4677, -70.3888

Details

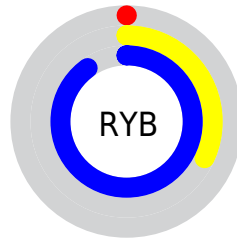
The HunterLab color **45.1447, 6.4677, -70.3888** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0066CC**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **51.9027, 38.7963, 32.6594**, and the grayscale version is **35.3489, -1.8861, 1.9206**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **64.5976, -3.3000, -47.0875**, and **28.9201, 12.9252, -64.0494** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **45.1371, 6.4821, -70.4105**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **48.3372, 1.7188, -62.0116**.

Distribution



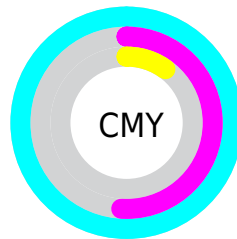
- Red (0%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (10%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 45.1447, 6.4677, -70.3888 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 45.1447, 6.4677, -70.3888 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

45.1447, 6.4677,
-70.3888

45.1447, 6.4677,
-70.3888

159.3645, 4.7287,
-76.8840

35.5982, 6.3547,
-70.4803

66.3740, 6.4687,
-71.3156

26.8389, 6.1479,
-71.3837

77.9674, 6.3709,
-72.0357

18.9461, 5.8302,
-73.9171

90.1668, 6.2162,
-72.8272

12.0280, 5.3743,
-80.2132

102.9435, 6.0093,
-73.6510

5.0078, 9.2681,
-123.9686

116.2724, 5.7541,
-74.4823

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

130.1316, 5.4538,

-75.3047

0.0000, NaN, -NF

144.5015, 5.1112,
-76.1076

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 45.1447, 6.4677,
-70.3888

■ 45.1447, 6.4677,
-70.3888

■ 45.1371, 6.4821,
-70.4105

■ 48.3372, 1.7188,
-62.0116

■ 51.8220, -2.1915,
-53.7579

■ 55.6137, -5.1568,
-45.6337

■ 59.6938, -7.2098,
-37.7003

■ 64.0392, -8.4199,
-29.9983

■ 68.6263, -8.8716,
-22.5468

■ 73.4324, -8.6517,
-15.3483

■ 78.4369, -7.8421,
-8.3938

■ 83.6214, -6.5169,
-1.6674

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



45.1453, -17.6720, -65.8469



45.1447, 6.4677, -70.3888



45.1453, 33.2507, -48.7539

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



45.1453, 6.4690, -70.3877



45.1453, 40.8261, 23.2130



45.1453, -39.5140, 15.4426

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



45.1447, 6.4677, -70.3888



51.9027, 38.7963, 32.6594

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



45.1453, -29.5861, 25.3766



45.1447, 6.4677, -70.3888



45.1453, 15.1916, 27.8559

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



45.1453, 6.4690, -70.3877



45.1453, 55.7741, 9.8636



45.1453, -10.6541, 28.3425



45.1453, -40.8505, -6.4647

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



45.1447, 6.4677, -70.3888



45.1453, 47.7160, -26.9452



45.1453, -10.6541, 28.3425



45.1453, -37.1937, 19.8767

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



45.1453, 6.4690, -70.3877



82.4413, -9.7374, -17.4103



75.8844, -60.4120, 35.5660



37.0690, -4.5907, -9.6274

0.0000, NaN, NaN



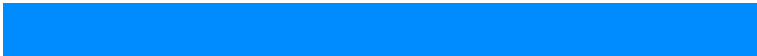
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



45.1453, 6.4690, -70.3877



50.5539, 7.6359, -79.6718



24.4253, 62.5637, -165.5775



38.9594, -2.9884, -0.6148



34.3248, 4.2071, -51.9850



10.2757, -0.5074, -11.7483

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.7845, 76.7225, 0.8195



48.0740, 86.1787, 1.2161



81.9925, -17.5765, 50.2144



38.0767, 2.2916, 0.7496



32.2290, 57.8704, 0.0722



8.8672, 16.1153, -1.4792

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 45.1447, 6.4677, -70.3888 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

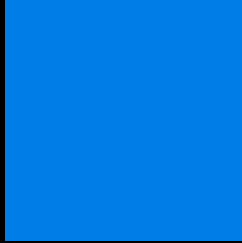
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 45.1447, 6.4677, -70.3888 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

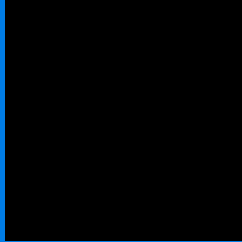
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

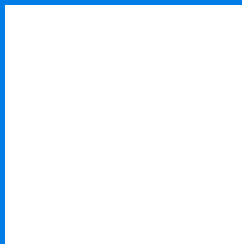
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 45.1447, 6.4677, -70.3888 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 45.1447, 6.4677, -70.3888.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 45.1447, 6.4677, -70.3888.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

45.1447, 6.4677, -70.3888

Protanopia

45.2645, 11.8837, -65.2068

Deuteranopia

44.9994, 3.6802, -64.1897



Tritanopia

45.0373, -21.9210, -8.9714

Trichromacy



Original Color

45.1447, 6.4677, -70.3888

Protanomaly

44.7727, 9.1636, -68.4877

Deuteranomaly

45.1804, 4.6457, -66.5003

Tritanomaly

44.6647, -12.9280, -27.9192

Monochromacy



Original Color

45.1447, 6.4677, -70.3888

Achromatopsia

35.6984, -1.9048, 1.9396

Achromatomaly

37.5950, -4.7825, -20.4509

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 45.1447, 6.4677, -70.3888 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 125, 230)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 125, 230)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 125, 230) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 125, 230) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 45.1447, 6.4677, -70.3888 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 125, 230) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 125, 230) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 125, 230)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 125, 230); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 125, 230);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 125,  
230) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 45.1447, 6.4677, -70.3888 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 125, 230) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 125,  
230) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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