

Converting Colors

HunterLab(37.1887, 2.2660,
0.6300)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(37.1887, 2.2660, 0.6300)
contains.

HunterLab(37.1667, 2.1460, 0.7498)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(37.1667, 2.1460,
0.7498)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	70656B
RGB	112, 101, 107
RGB Percent	44%, 40%, 42%
CMY	0.5608, 0.6039, 0.5804
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.04, 0.56
HSL	327°, 5%, 42%
HSV	327°, 10%, 44%
XYZ	13.9896, 13.8136, 15.8389
YIQ	104.9730, 4.6300, 4.1980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

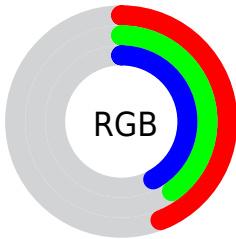
Format	Color
R_{YB}	112, 101, 107
Decimal	7365995
CIE Lab	43.97, 5.52, -1.80
CIE LCh	44, 5.809, 341.985
Yxy	13.8142, 0.3206, 0.3165
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285556075 (0xFF70656B)
YUV	104.9730, 0.9993, 6.1627
Hunter-Lab	37.1667, 2.1460, 0.7498

Details

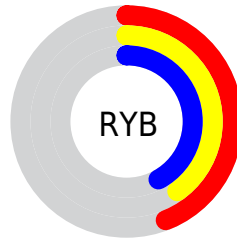
The HunterLab color $[37.1667, 2.1460, 0.7498]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[39.2378, -6.0554, 3.4669]$, and the grayscale version is $[37.5706, -2.0047, 2.0413]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[57.2867, 1.6686, 1.8500]$, and $[20.1360, 2.4295, -0.1374]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[34.1780, 6.5970, -0.5894]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[40.3111, -2.2259, 2.2144]$.

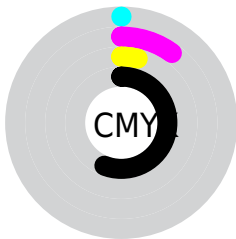
Distribution



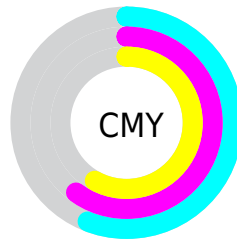
- Red (44%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 37.1667, 2.1460, 0.7498 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 37.1667, 2.1460, 0.7498 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 37.1667, 2.1460,
0.7498

■ 37.1667, 2.1460,
0.7498

■ 146.9939, -1.4024,
6.0094

■ 28.2694, 2.2762,
0.3730

■ 57.2355, 1.6872,
1.6521

■ 20.2227, 2.3276,
0.0528

■ 68.3008, 1.3752,
2.1679

■ 13.1293, 2.2808,
-0.2006

■ 79.9995, 1.0146,
2.7227

■ 6.6256, 3.2792,
-0.7633

■ 92.2989, 0.6094,
3.3141

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 105.1712, 0.1627,
3.9402

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 118.5917, -0.3229,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

4.5990

0.0000, NaN, NaN

132.5390, -0.8453,
5.2892

■ 37.1667, 2.1460,
0.7498

■ 37.1667, 2.1460,
0.7498

■ 34.1780, 6.5970,
-0.5894

■ 40.3111, -2.2259,
2.2144

■ 31.3676, 11.1103,
-1.7688

■ 43.5885, -6.5115,
3.7756

■ 28.7664, 15.6391,
-2.7398

■ 46.9831, -10.7156,
5.4144

■ 26.4101, 20.0962,
-3.4409

■ 50.4815, -14.8460,
7.1163

■ 24.3392, 24.3368,
-3.7996

■ 54.0725, -18.9120,
8.8705

■ 22.5957, 28.1485,
-3.7407

■ 57.7470, -22.9230,
10.6691

■ 21.2166, 31.2669,
-3.2064

■ 61.4974, -26.8879,
12.5059

■ 20.2236, 33.4338,
-2.1844

■ 65.3172, -30.8148,
14.3764

■ 19.4627, 35.0133,
-0.9182

■ 69.2011, -34.7108,
16.2768

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



37.1675, 0.9018, -1.1105



37.1667, 2.1460, 0.7498



37.1675, 2.2659, 2.8532

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



37.1675, 2.1450, 0.7504



37.1675, -2.8639, 5.7659



37.1675, -5.0930, -0.7853

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



37.1667, 2.1460, 0.7498



39.2378, -6.0554, 3.4669

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



37.1675, -6.0533, 1.1735



37.1667, 2.1460, 0.7498



37.1675, -4.7866, 4.9056

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



37.1675, 2.1450, 0.7504



37.1675, -0.6611, 5.6674



37.1675, -5.9425, 3.2523



37.1675, -3.2909, -2.0322

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



37.1667, 2.1460, 0.7498



37.1675, 1.6902, 4.1023



37.1675, -5.9425, 3.2523



37.1675, -5.5230, -0.1836

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



37.1675, 2.1450, 0.7504



52.0505, -1.0746, 2.2869



36.7954, 1.1800, -2.0072



25.3676, -0.3272, 1.0532



76.6170, -4.0881, 4.1627



26.1505, -1.3953, 1.4208

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



37.1675, 2.1450, 0.7504



48.2537, 4.3057, 0.5346



37.0178, 1.3396, 2.8859



18.5178, 0.8831, 0.4285



20.9003, 37.6386, -0.8060



46.4588, 83.3210, 0.8826

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.1675, 2.1450, 0.7504



48.2537, 4.3057, 0.5346



39.3866, -5.2268, 1.3433



18.5178, 0.8831, 0.4285



20.9003, 37.6386, -0.8060



46.4588, 83.3210, 0.8826

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 37.1667, 2.1460, 0.7498 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 37.1667, 2.1460, 0.7498 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

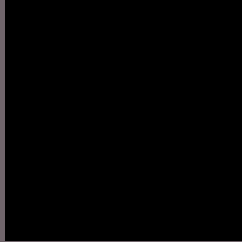
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 37.1667, 2.1460, 0.7498 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 37.1667, 2.1460, 0.7498.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 37.1667, 2.1460,

0.7498.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

37.1667, 2.1460, 0.7498

Protanopia

37.1301, -0.6414, 0.2136

Deuteranopia

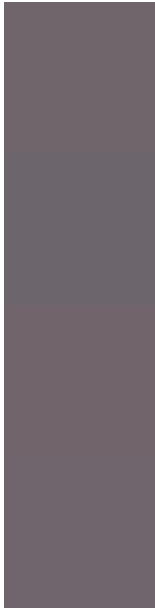
37.2553, 2.4441, 0.8624



Tritanopia

37.2240, 2.4530, -0.0643

Trichromacy



Original Color

37.1667, 2.1460, 0.7498

Protanomaly

37.1128, 0.6684, 0.2152

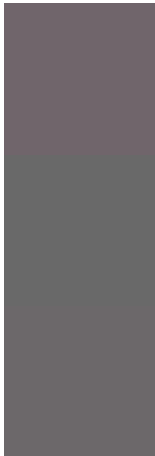
Deuteranomaly

37.2553, 2.4441, 0.8624

Tritanomaly

37.1952, 2.2987, 0.3448

Monochromacy



Original Color

37.1667, 2.1460, 0.7498

Achromatopsia

37.5850, -2.0054, 2.0421

Achromatomaly

37.5891, -0.5516, 1.6447

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 37.1667, 2.1460, 0.7498 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 101, 107)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 101, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 101, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 101, 107) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 37.1667, 2.1460, 0.7498 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 101, 107) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 101, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(112, 101, 107)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 101, 107); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 101, 107);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 101,  
107) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 37.1667, 2.1460, 0.7498 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 101, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112,  
101, 107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor