

Converting Colors

HunterLab(37.2410, 2.5462,
-0.1133)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(37.2410, 2.5462, -0.1133)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(37.2240, 2.4530,
-0.0643)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	70656D
RGB	112, 101, 109
RGB Percent	44%, 40%, 43%
CMY	0.5608, 0.6039, 0.5725
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.03, 0.56
HSL	316°, 5%, 42%
HSV	316°, 10%, 44%
XYZ	14.0961, 13.8563, 16.3996
YIQ	105.2010, 3.9880, 4.8200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

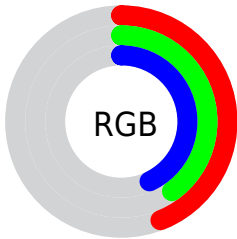
Format	Color
R_{YB}	112, 101, 109
Decimal	7365997
CIE Lab	44.03, 5.93, -2.92
CIE LCh	44, 6.606, 333.794
Yxy	13.8569, 0.3178, 0.3124
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285556077 (0xFF70656D)
YUV	105.2010, 1.8729, 5.9627
Hunter-Lab	37.2240, 2.4530, -0.0643

Details

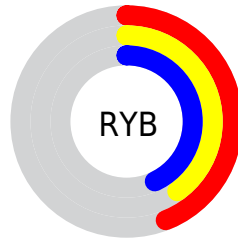
The HunterLab color $[37.2240, 2.4530, -0.0643]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[39.1854, -6.3482, 4.2174]$, and the grayscale version is $[37.6540, -2.0091, 2.0458]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[57.3472, 1.9953, 0.9876]$, and $[20.1894, 2.7127, -0.8956]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[34.2978, 7.2222, -2.2855]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[40.3101, -2.2315, 2.2289]$.

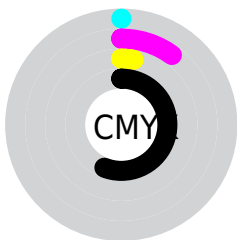
Distribution



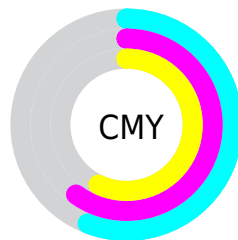
- Red (44%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (56%)



- Cyan (56%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 37.2240, 2.4530, -0.0643 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 37.2240, 2.4530, -0.0643 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 37.2240, 2.4530,
-0.0643

■ 37.2240, 2.4530,
-0.0643

■ 147.0845, -0.9315,
4.7573

■ 28.3217, 2.5593,
-0.3769

■ 57.3017, 2.0373,
0.7228

■ 20.2694, 2.5846,
-0.6272

■ 68.3710, 1.7449,
1.1860

■ 13.1698, 2.5089,
-0.8029

■ 80.0735, 1.4031,
1.6908

■ 6.6769, 3.5114,
-1.4476

■ 92.3765, 1.0157,
2.2346

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 105.2522, 0.5860,
2.8150

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 118.6761, 0.1168,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

3.4300

0.0000, NaN, NaN

132.6266, -0.3897,
4.0779

■ 37.2240, 2.4530,
-0.0643

■ 37.2240, 2.4530,
-0.0643

■ 34.2978, 7.2222,
-2.2855

■ 40.3101, -2.2315,
2.2289

■ 31.5542, 12.0539,
-4.4024

■ 43.5331, -6.8210,
4.5694

■ 29.0242, 16.8927,
-6.3632

■ 46.8766, -11.3189,
6.9431

■ 26.7428, 21.6398,
-8.0964

■ 50.3268, -15.7325,
9.3409

■ 24.7487, 26.1370,
-9.5071

■ 53.8722, -20.0716,
11.7568

■ 23.0808, 30.1608,
-10.4830

■ 57.5032, -24.3460,
14.1873

■ 21.7718, 33.4432,
-10.9139

■ 61.2120, -28.5655,
16.6303

■ 20.8384, 35.7331,
-10.7265

■ 64.9919, -32.7390,
19.0846

■ 20.1267, 37.4010,
-10.1684

■ 68.8371, -36.8744,
21.5495

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



37.2248, 0.7407, -2.0043



37.2240, 2.4530, -0.0643



37.2248, 2.9625, 2.3294

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



37.2248, 2.4520, -0.0636



37.2248, -2.3077, 6.3315



37.2248, -5.9235, -0.6251

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



37.2240, 2.4530, -0.0643



39.1854, -6.3482, 4.2174

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



37.2248, -6.6930, 1.7205



37.2240, 2.4530, -0.0643



37.2248, -4.6407, 5.6511

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



37.2248, 2.4520, -0.0636



37.2248, 0.1721, 5.9229



37.2248, -6.2296, 4.0016



37.2248, -4.1004, -2.3433

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



37.2240, 2.4530, -0.0643



37.2248, 2.5421, 3.8353



37.2248, -6.2296, 4.0016



37.2248, -6.3118, 0.1215

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



37.2248, 2.4520, -0.0636



52.0738, -0.9481, 1.9557



36.6292, 0.6148, -2.2316



25.3816, -0.2509, 0.8532



76.6170, -4.0881, 4.1627



26.1505, -1.3953, 1.4208

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



37.2248, 2.4520, -0.0636



48.3497, 4.8175, -0.8293



37.0722, 1.6324, 2.1096



18.5437, 1.0222, 0.0601



21.6172, 40.2152, -10.7986



48.0917, 89.2001, -21.9584

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.2248, 2.4520, -0.0636



48.3497, 4.8175, -0.8293



39.3305, -5.5387, 2.1427



18.5437, 1.0222, 0.0601



21.6172, 40.2152, -10.7986



48.0917, 89.2001, -21.9584

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 37.2240, 2.4530, -0.0643 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 37.2240, 2.4530, -0.0643 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

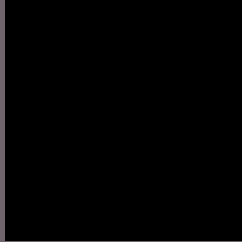
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 37.2240, 2.4530, -0.0643 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 37.2240, 2.4530, -0.0643.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 37.2240, 2.4530,

-0.0643.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

37.2240, 2.4530, -0.0643

Protanopia

37.1071, -0.6047, -0.7160

Deuteranopia

37.2240, 2.4530, -0.0643



Tritanopia

37.2240, 2.4530, -0.0643

Trichromacy



Original Color

37.2240, 2.4530, -0.0643

Protanomaly

37.0868, 0.6960, -0.7186

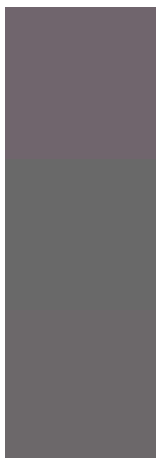
Deuteranomaly

37.2240, 2.4530, -0.0643

Tritanomaly

37.2240, 2.4530, -0.0643

Monochromacy



Original Color

37.2240, 2.4530, -0.0643

Achromatopsia

37.5850, -2.0054, 2.0421

Achromatomaly

37.5891, -0.5516, 1.6447

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 37.2240, 2.4530, -0.0643 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 101, 109)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 101, 109)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 101, 109) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 101, 109) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 37.2240, 2.4530, -0.0643 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

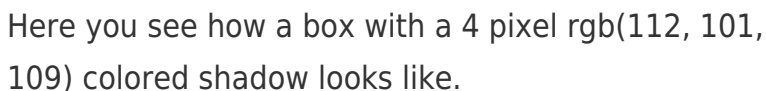
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 101, 109) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 101, 109) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(112, 101, 109)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 101, 109); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 101, 109);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 101,  
109) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 37.2240, 2.4530, -0.0643 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 101, 109) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112,  
101, 109) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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