

Converting Colors

HunterLab(37.2636, 0.2566,
7.5757)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(37.2636, 0.2566, 7.5757)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(37.2636, 0.2566,
7.5757)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	73665A
RGB	115, 102, 90
RGB Percent	45%, 40%, 35%
CMY	0.5490, 0.6000, 0.6471
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.22, 0.55
HSL	29°, 12%, 40%
HSV	29°, 22%, 45%
XYZ	13.6671, 13.8858, 11.6327
YIQ	104.5190, 11.6000, -0.9760

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

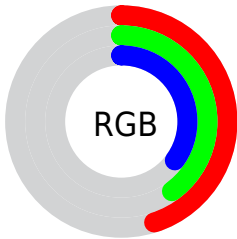
Format	Color
R_{YB}	115, 113, 90
Decimal	7562842
CIE Lab	44.07, 3.03, 8.67
CIE LCh	44, 9.181, 70.728
Yxy	13.8864, 0.3488, 0.3544
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285752922 (0xFF73665A)
YUV	104.5190, -7.1579, 9.1918
Hunter-Lab	37.2636, 0.2566, 7.5757

Details

The HunterLab color $[37.2636, 0.2566, 7.5757]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $[36.2100, -3.4183, -4.3055]$, and the grayscale version is $[37.4266, -1.9970, 2.0335]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[57.3510, -0.5766, 9.6796]$, and $[20.2670, 0.9562, 5.5342]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[35.4574, 1.6248, 9.6667]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[39.1351, -0.9614, 5.2499]$.

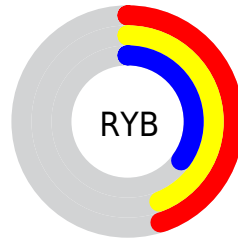
Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (40%)

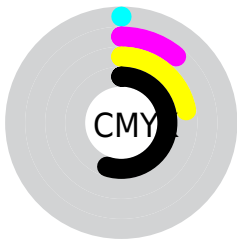
Blue (35%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (44%)

Blue (35%)

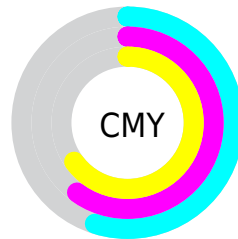


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (22%)

Black (55%)



Cyan (55%)

Magenta (60%)

Yellow (65%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 37.2636, 0.2566, 7.5757 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 37.2636, 0.2566, 7.5757 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 37.2636, 0.2566,
7.5757

■ 37.2636, 0.2566,
7.5757

■ 147.1472, -4.3344,
17.2388

■ 28.3579, 0.5405,
6.5221

■ 57.3474, -0.4777,
9.6654

■ 20.3018, 0.7605,
5.4445

■ 68.4195, -0.9151,
10.7142

■ 13.1979, 0.9026,
4.3167

■ 80.1246, -1.3944,
11.7710

■ 6.7121, 1.6087,
4.6985

■ 92.4302, -1.9129,
12.8384

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 105.3082, -2.4680,
13.9178

0.0000, NaN, NaN

118.7344, -3.0578,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

15.0106

0.0000, NaN, NaN

132.6871, -3.6804,
16.1173

■ 37.2636, 0.2566,
7.5757

■ 37.2636, 0.2566,
7.5757

■ 35.4574, 1.6248,
9.6667

■ 39.1351, -0.9614,
5.2499

■ 33.7195, 3.1564,
11.4958

■ 41.0645, -2.0362,
2.7111

■ 32.0569, 4.8579,
13.0364

■ 43.0479, -2.9794,
-0.0190

■ 30.4761, 6.7339,
14.2612

■ 45.0814, -3.8017,
-2.9219

■ 28.9839, 8.7839,
15.1446

■ 47.1613, -4.5128,
-5.9808

■ 27.5873, 11.0000,
15.6669

■ 49.2845, -5.1220,
-9.1813

■ 26.2930, 13.3634,
15.8204

■ 51.4479, -5.6381,
-12.5108

■ 25.2930, 15.3468,
15.8541

■ 53.6489, -6.0687,
-15.9580

■ 55.8854, -6.4211,
-19.5133

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



37.2644, 3.2444, 5.9659



37.2636, 0.2566, 7.5757



37.2644, -3.2340, 7.7826

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



37.2644, 0.2554, 7.5762



37.2644, -8.3705, 0.8177



37.2644, 2.5000, -3.1528

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



37.2636, 0.2566, 7.5757



36.2100, -3.4183, -4.3055

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



37.2644, -0.7301, -4.8207



37.2636, 0.2566, 7.5757



37.2644, -6.9511, -2.3919

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



37.2644, 0.2554, 7.5762



37.2644, -8.1286, 4.0788



37.2644, -4.1841, -4.5301



37.2644, 4.5730, -0.1455

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



37.2636, 0.2566, 7.5757



37.2644, -5.3648, 7.1194



37.2644, -4.1841, -4.5301



37.2644, 1.5087, -3.9007

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



37.2644, 0.2554, 7.5762



53.5359, -1.9643, 5.5114



34.5591, 7.6564, -0.7365



26.0980, -0.9310, 2.7582



77.7063, -4.1462, 4.2219



27.0627, -1.4440, 1.4704

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



37.2644, 0.2554, 7.5762



48.6592, 1.2216, 11.5631



40.5652, -5.1959, 10.7671



19.9098, -0.6344, 2.3042



26.9640, 16.5940, 16.9056



58.0799, 40.0482, 36.4897

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36.2100, -3.4183, -4.3055



46.9370, -4.7667, -7.8496



32.9626, 2.0885, -8.8265



19.6863, -1.4153, -0.2128



22.4521, 3.2478, -35.0743



47.7921, 10.5294, -82.4658

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 37.2636, 0.2566, 7.5757 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 37.2636, 0.2566, 7.5757 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

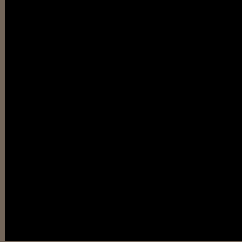
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 37.2636, 0.2566, 7.5757 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 37.2636, 0.2566, 7.5757.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 37.2636, 0.2566,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

37.2636, 0.2566, 7.5757

Protanopia

37.2923, -2.3414, 7.2026

Deuteranopia

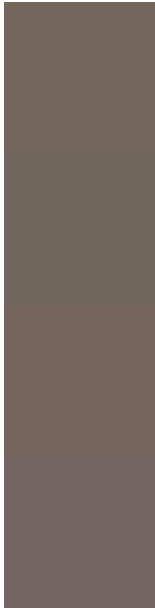
37.1140, 2.4336, 7.4596



Tritanopia

37.3601, 4.1234, 1.0185

Trichromacy



Original Color

37.2636, 0.2566, 7.5757

Protanomaly

37.1959, -1.2954, 7.1206

Deuteranomaly

37.2788, 1.6555, 7.6158

Tritanomaly

37.3630, 2.4789, 3.5290

Monochromacy



Original Color

37.2636, 0.2566, 7.5757

Achromatopsia

37.5850, -2.0054, 2.0421

Achromatomaly

37.5126, -1.1362, 4.0393

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 37.2636, 0.2566, 7.5757 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 102, 90)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 102, 90)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 102, 90) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 102, 90) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 37.2636, 0.2566, 7.5757 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 102, 90) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 102, 90) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(115, 102, 90)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(115, 102, 90); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 102, 90);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 102,  
90) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 37.2636, 0.2566, 7.5757 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 102, 90) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115,  
102, 90) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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