

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(37.4753, 74.5879,  
-63.4756)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(37.4753, 74.5879,  
-63.4756) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(37.4841, 74.5495,  
-63.0015)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	B406C9
RGB	180, 6, 201
RGB Percent	71%, 2%, 79%
CMY	0.2941, 0.9764, 0.2118
CMYK	0.10, 0.97, 0.00, 0.21
HSL	294°, 94%, 41%
HSV	294°, 97%, 79%
XYZ	29.4301, 14.0506, 56.4192
YIQ	80.2560, 41.1090, 97.5330

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

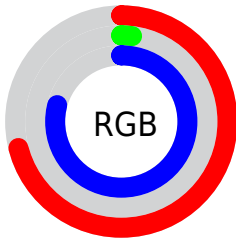
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	180, 6, 201
Decimal	11798217
CIELab	44.31, 78.32, -56.66
CIElCh	44, 96.672, 324.116
Yxy	14.0512, 0.2946, 0.1407
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289988297 (0xFFB406C9)
YUV	80.2560, 59.5268, 87.4755
Hunter-Lab	37.4841, 74.5495, -63.0015

# Details

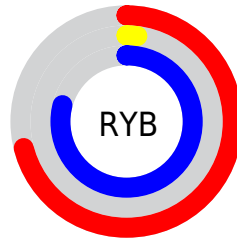
The HunterLab color **37.4841, 74.5495, -63.0015** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC00CC**. The color can be described as dark washed purple. A complement of this color would be **64.8227, -54.5882, 38.8297**, and the grayscale version is **28.2006, -1.5047, 1.5322**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **57.3498, 78.7844, -61.0904**, and **24.9257, 51.0118, -48.4337** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **37.2061, 75.0506, -63.8174**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **38.6347, 72.1287, -59.7321**.

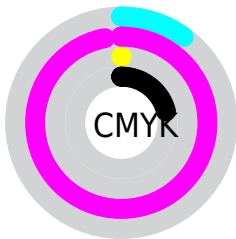
# Distribution



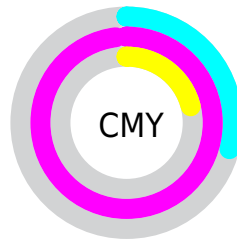
- Red (71%)
- Green (2%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (97%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (21%)















- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (98%)
- Yellow (21%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 37.4841, 74.5495, -63.0015 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 37.4841, 74.5495, -63.0015 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 37.4841, 74.5495, -63.0015	 37.4841, 74.5495, -63.0015
147.4954, 94.2947, -69.0827	 28.5592, 72.2300, -63.3265
 57.6019, 79.4061, -63.7513	 20.4820, 70.2770, -64.7695
 68.6894, 81.7849, -64.4308	 13.3540, 69.3592, -68.7270
 80.4091, 84.0892, -65.1901	 6.9045, 77.5959, -85.2116
 92.7285, 86.3081, -65.9842	0.0000, INF, -NF
	0.0000, NaN, -NF
 105.6198, 88.4377, -66.7851	0.0000, NaN, NaN
 119.0586, 90.4775,	0.0000, NaN, NaN

-67.5753

133.0235, 92.4290,  
-68.3436

■ 37.4841, 74.5495,  
-63.0015

■ 37.4841, 74.5495,  
-63.0015

■ 37.2061, 75.0506,  
-63.8174

■ 38.6347, 72.1287,  
-59.7321

■ 40.5208, 67.2987,  
-54.7073

■ 43.1880, 60.3164,  
-48.1927

■ 46.5993, 51.7765,  
-40.6867

■ 50.6812, 42.2989,  
-32.6748

■ 55.3474, 32.3790,  
-24.5231

■ 60.5141, 22.3490,  
-16.4610

■ 66.1069, 12.4026,  
-8.6084

■ 72.0634, 2.6362,  
-1.0126

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



37.4849, 31.6179, -126.6323



37.4841, 74.5495, -63.0015



37.4849, 97.9095, -5.5590

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



37.4849, 74.5481, -62.9995



37.4849, 5.5521, 26.2394



37.4849, -47.2683, -37.3420

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



37.4841, 74.5495, -63.0015



64.8227, -54.5882, 38.8297

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



37.4849, -49.6921, 8.3209



37.4841, 74.5495, -63.0015



37.4849, -26.8113, 26.2394

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



37.4849, 74.5481, -62.9995



37.4849, 49.3120, 26.2394



37.4849, -43.9079, 23.9595



37.4849, -35.1844, -104.1859



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



37.4841, 74.5495, -63.0015



37.4849, 94.6122, 15.0517



37.4849, -43.9079, 23.9595



37.4849, -48.9795, -18.4367

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



37.4849, 74.5481, -62.9995



77.5040, 32.3898, -24.0495



22.6344, 47.5452, -129.9679



34.4981, 17.6128, -13.2365

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



37.4849, 74.5481, -62.9995



48.6194, 98.1118, -83.6948



37.4982, 67.3563, -7.0618



32.7969, 2.2901, -1.2949



29.5434, 59.5687, -50.4804



6.5598, 13.1478, -10.5971



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



35.5350, 60.1330, 21.2175



46.1966, 79.2891, 28.4872



65.1174, -52.4475, 32.1616



32.6423, 1.2755, 2.3326



28.0178, 48.1323, 16.9342



6.1491, 10.6676, 2.9113



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 37.4841, 74.5495, -63.0015 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

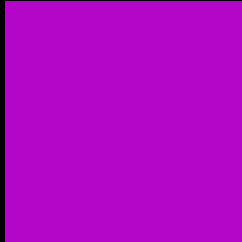
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 37.4841, 74.5495, -63.0015 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

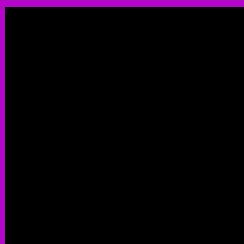
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 37.4841, 74.5495, -63.0015 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 37.4841, 74.5495, -63.0015.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 37.4841, 74.5495, -63.0015.

-63.0015.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

37.4841, 74.5495, -63.0015

### Protanopia

38.3539, 13.7425, -77.6052

### Deuteranopia

38.2890, 3.1774, -50.9014



## Tritanopia

37.8669, 28.5859, 10.7012

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

37.4841, 74.5495, -63.0015



## Protanomaly

31.5614, 35.2860, -95.7063



## Deuteranomaly

32.0024, 30.6456, -73.2149



## Tritanomaly

35.5615, 47.4596, -10.7325

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

37.4841, 74.5495, -63.0015



## Achromatopsia

28.3231, -1.5113, 1.5388



## Achromatomaly

27.7749, 29.2444, -23.0787

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 37.4841, 74.5495, -63.0015 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(180, 6, 201)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(180, 6, 201)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 6, 201) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(180, 6, 201) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 37.4841, 74.5495, -63.0015 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(180, 6, 201) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(180, 6, 201) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(180, 6, 201) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(180, 6, 201); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 6, 201);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(180, 6,  
201) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 37.4841, 74.5495, -63.0015 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(180, 6, 201) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(180, 6,  
201) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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